











TPD1S514

SLVSCF6A - APRIL 2014-REVISED JULY 2014

# TPD1S514 USB Charger Over Voltage, Surge and ESD Protection for V<sub>BUS</sub> PIN

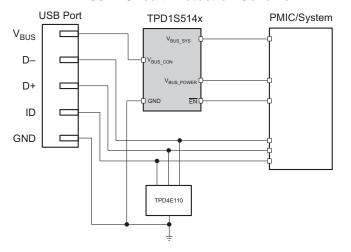
#### **Features**

- Over Voltage Protection at V<sub>BUS CON</sub> up to 30-V DC
- Precision OVP ( < ± 1% Tolerance)
  - Factory programmable V<sub>OVP</sub> of 5.6 V to 15 V
- Low R<sub>ON</sub> nFET Switch Supports Host and **Charging Mode**
- Dedicated V<sub>BUS\_POWER</sub> pin offers flexible power up options under dead battery condition
- Transient Protection for V<sub>BUS</sub> Line:
  - IEC 61000-4-2 Contact Discharge ±15 kV
  - IEC 61000-4-2 Air Gap Discharge ±15 kV
  - IEC 61000-4-5 Open Circuit Voltage 100 V
    - Precision Clamp circuit limits the V<sub>BUS SYS</sub> Voltage < V<sub>OVP</sub>
- Factory Programmable Startup and Soft Start delays
- **USB Inrush Current Compliant**
- Thermal Shutdown (TSD) Feature

## **Applications**

- Cell Phones
- **Tablets**
- eBook
- Portable Media Players
- 5-V, 9-V, and 12-V Power Rails

#### **TPD1S514 Circuit Protection Scheme**



### 3 Description

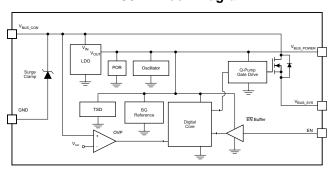
The TPD1S514 is a single-chip protection solution for the USB V<sub>BUS</sub> line or other power buses. The bidirectional nFET switch ensures safe current flow in both charging and host mode while protecting the internal system circuits from any over voltage condition at the  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  pin. On the  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  pin, this device can handle over voltage protection up to 30-V DC. After the EN pin toggles low, the TPD1S514 waits 20 ms before turning ON the nFET through a soft start delay. TPD1S514 can be factory programmed to multiple V<sub>OVP</sub>, start up and soft start delay combinations. See the Device Comparison table.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

DEVICE NAME PACKAGE		BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPD1S514	WCSP (12)	1.28 mm x 1.98 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

#### **TPD1S514 Block Diagram**





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## 4 Revision History

CI	hanges from Original (April 2014) to Revision A	Page
•	Removed Preview status of TPD1S514-2.	1
•	Updated Device Comparison table.	3
•	Updated Electrical Characteristics OVP Circuit table	<mark>7</mark>



## 5 Device Comparison Table

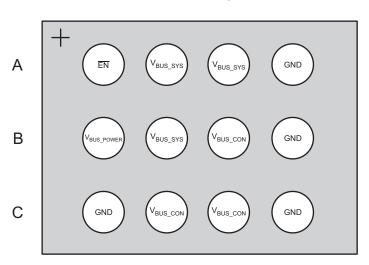
TPD1S514 Family		V <sub>OVP</sub> (V)		V <sub>OVP_HYS</sub> (mV)	V <sub>BUS_PO</sub>	wer (V) <sup>(1)</sup>	T_Startup delay (ms) options	T_Soft Start (ms) options
-	Min	Тур	Max	Тур	Min	Тур	Тур	Тур
TPD1S514-1	5.9	5.95	5.99	100	4.7	4.95		
TPD1S514-2	9.9	9.98	10.05	100	4.7	4.95	00	3.5
TPD1S514-3 (Preview)	13.2	13.32	13.4	100	4.7	4.95	20	3.5
TPD1S514-4	5.9	5.95	5.99	20	6.2	6.48		
TPD1S514-x	5.6 V – 15 V <sup>(1)</sup>			100	4.7	4.95	5, 20, 30, or 150 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	0.1, 3.5, 4.9, or 6.7 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> With  $V_{BUS\_CON} > 6.5V$ . See Sections  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$ , TPD1S514-1, TPD1S514-2, TPD1S514-3 and  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$ , TPD1S514 for full description.

## 6 Pin Configuration and Functions

# TPD1S514 WCSP (YZ) PIN MAPPING (TOP SIDE/SEE-THROUGH VIEW)

1 2 3 4



#### **Pin Functions**

PIN NAME NO.		I/O	DESCRIPTION	
		1/0	DESCRIPTION	
EN	A1	I	Enable Active-Low Input. Drive $\overline{EN}$ low to enable the switch. Drive $\overline{EN}$ high to disable the switch.	
V <sub>BUS_POWER</sub>	B1	0	5 V Power source controlled by V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> .	
V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub>	A2, A3, B2	Ю	Connect to internal VBUS plane.	
V <sub>BUS_CON</sub>	B3, C2, C3	Ю	Connect to USB connector VBUS pin; IEC61000-4-2 ESD protection IEC61000-4-5 Surge protection.	
GND	A4, B4, C1, C4	G	Connect to PCB ground plane.	

<sup>(2)</sup> These parameters are factory programmable. See the Manufacturer Programmable Internal Startup, SoftStart Delays, and OVP section and contact your local sales representative.



### 7 Specifications

## 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings (1)(2)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>BUS_CON</sub>	Supply voltage from USB connector		-0.3	30	V
V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub>	Internal Supply DC voltage Rail on the PCB		-0.3	20	V
I <sub>BUS</sub>	Continuous input current on V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> pin <sup>(3)</sup>			3.5	Α
l <sub>out</sub>	Continuous output current on V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> pin <sup>(3)</sup>			3.5	Α
I <sub>PEAK</sub>	Peak Input and Output Current on V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> , V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> pi	n (10 ms)		8	Α
I <sub>DIODE</sub>	Continuous forward current through the FET body diode			1	Α
I <sub>POWER</sub>	Continuous Current through V <sub>BUS_POWER</sub>			1	mA
VEN	Voltage on Input pin (EN)			7	V
V <sub>BUS_POWER</sub>	Continuous Voltage at V <sub>BUS_POWER</sub>	TPD1S514-1		See <sup>(4)</sup>	V
		TPD1S514-2		See <sup>(4)</sup>	
		TPD1S514-3 (Preview)		See <sup>(4)</sup>	
		TPD1S514-4		See <sup>(4)</sup>	
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Free Air Temperature		-40	85	°C
	IEC 61000-4-5 Peak Pulse Current (t <sub>p</sub> = 8/20µs)	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> pin		30	А
	IEC 61000-4-5 Peak Pulse Power (t <sub>p</sub> = 8/20µs)	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> pin		900	W
	IEC 61000-4-5 Open circuit voltage (t <sub>p</sub> = 1.2/50 μs)	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> pin		100	V
C <sub>LOAD</sub>	Output load capacitance	V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> pin	0.1	100	μF
C <sub>CON</sub>	Input capacitance	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> pin	0.1	50	μF
C <sub>POW</sub>	V <sub>BUS_POWER</sub> Capacitance	V <sub>BUS_POWER</sub> pin	0.1	4.7	μF

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not implied.

- (2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.
- (3) Thermal limits and power dissipation limits must be observed.
- (4) 6.9 V or V<sub>BUS\_CON</sub> + 0.3 V, whichever is smaller.

#### 7.2 Handling Ratings

				MIN	MAX	UNIT
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature ran	ge				°C
	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANS pins (1)	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins <sup>(1)</sup>		+2000	V
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>		Charged device model (CDM), per J C101, all pins (2)	EDEC specification JESD22-	-500	500	V
		IEC 61000-4-2 Contact Discharge	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> pin	-15	+15	kV
		IEC 61000-4-2 Air-gap Discharge	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> pin	-15	+15	kV

<sup>(1)</sup> JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Pins listed as 2000 V may actually have higher performance.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Pins listed as 500 V may actually have higher performance.



## 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>BUS_CON</sub>	Supply voltage from USB connector	TPD1S514-1	3.5	5	5.9	V
	TPD1S514-2	3.5	9	9.9		
		TPD1S514-3 (Preview)	3.5	12	13.2	
		TPD1S514-4	3.5	5	5.9	
V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub>	Internal Supply DC voltage Rail on the PCB	TPD1S514-1	3.9	5	5.9	V
		TPD1S514-2	3.9	9	9.9	
		TPD1S514-3 (Preview)	3.9	12	13.2	
		TPD1S514-4	3.9	5	5.9	
C <sub>LOAD</sub>	Output load capacitance	V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> pin		2.2		μF
C <sub>CON</sub>	Input capacitance	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> pin		1		μF
C <sub>POWER</sub>	Capacitance on V <sub>BUS_POWER</sub>	V <sub>BUS_POWER</sub> pin		1		μF
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-40		85	°C

## 7.4 Thermal Information

		TPD1S514	
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	YZ	UNIT
		12 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	89	
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	0.6	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	16.3	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	2.7	*C/VV
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	16.2	
R <sub>0JC(bot)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

## 7.5 Supply Current Consumption

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	DEVICE NAME	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I <sub>VBUS_SLEEP</sub>	JS_SLEEP		V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 5 V	TPD1S514-1	150	245	
		Managered at V nin	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 9 V	TPD1S514-2	176	281	
		Measured at $V_{BUS\_CON}$ pin, $\overline{EN} = 5 \text{ V}$	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 12 V	TPD1S514-3 (Preview)	195	308	μA
	V <sub>BUS CON</sub> Operating		V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 5 V	TPD1S514-4	150	245	
	Current Consumption		V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 5 V	TPD1S514-1	228	354	
		Management at V	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 9 V	TPD1S514-2	250	413	
I <sub>VBUS</sub>		Measured at V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> pin, EN = 0 V and no load	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 12 V	TPD1S514-3 (Preview)	337	456	μΑ
			V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 5 V	TPD1S514-4	228	354	
		Measured at V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> pin, V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = Hi-Z, EN = 0 V	V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> = 5 V	TPD1S514-1	210	354	
	V Operating Current		$V_{BUS\_SYS} = 9 V$	TPD1S514-2	250	424	
I <sub>VBUS_SYS</sub>	V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> Operating Current Consumption		V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> = 12 V	TPD1S514-3 (Preview)	333	461	μΑ
			$V_{BUS\_SYS} = 5 \text{ V}$	TPD1S514-4	210	354	
			$V_{BUS\_SYS} = 5 \text{ V}$	TPD1S514-1	90	218	
IHOST_LEAK	Llast Maria Lastrana	Manager de ad V	V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> = 9 V	TPD1S514-2	290	491	
	Host Mode Leakage current	Measured at $V_{BUS\_SYS}$ pin, $V_{BUS\_CON}$ = Hi-Z, EN = 5 V	V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> = 12 V	TPD1S514-3 (Preview)	506	696	μΑ
			V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> = 5 V	TPD1S514-4	90	218	



## 7.6 Electrical Characteristics EN Pin

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	EN	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 5 V	1.2		6	V
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	EN	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 5 V	0		8.0	V
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input Leakage Current	EN	V <sub>EN</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 5 V			1	μA
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input Leakage Current	EN	$V_{\overline{EN}} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{BUS\_CON} = 5 \text{ V}$			10	μΑ

### 7.7 Thermal Shutdown Feature

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		TYP	MAX	UNIT
T <sub>SHDN</sub>	Thermal Shutdown	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 5 V, <del>EN</del> = 0 V, Junction temperature decreases from thermal shutdown level until the nFET switch turns off.		145		°C
	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 5 V, <del>EN</del> = 0 V, Junction temperature decreases from thermal shutdown level until the nFET switch turns on.		25		°C

### 7.8 Electrical Characteristics nFET Switch

 $T = 25^{\circ}C$ 

	PARAMETER	TEST COND	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
D. O. Yel ON Berinters		$V_{BUS\_CON} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ A}$	TPD1S514-1		39	50	
	Switch ON Resistance	$V_{BUS\_CON} = 9 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ A}$	TPD1S514-2		39	50	mΩ
R <sub>ON</sub>	Switch On Resistance	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 12 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1 A	TPD1S514-3 (Preview)		39	50	11122
		$V_{BUS\_CON} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ A}$	TPD1S514-4		39	50	



## 7.9 Electrical Characteristics OVP Circuit

T = 25°C

	PARAMETER		TEST C	ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
				TPD1S514-1	5.90	5.95	5.99		
V.	Input voltage protection		V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> increasing	TPD1S514-2	9.9	9.98	10.05	V	
V <sub>OVP</sub>	threshold	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub>	from 0 V to 20 V	TPD1S514-3 (Preview)	13.5	13.75	14	V	
				TPD1S514-4	5.90	5.95	5.99		
			V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> decreasing from 20 V to 0 V	TPD1S514-1		100			
	Hysteresis on OVP			TPD1S514-2		100		\/	
$V_{HYS\_OVP}$		V <sub>BUS_CON</sub>		TPD1S514-3 (Preview)		100		mV	
				TPD1S514-4		20			
V <sub>UVLO</sub>	Input under voltage lockout	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub>	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> voltage rising	from 0 V to 5 V	2.7	3.1	3.5	V	
V <sub>HYS_UVLO</sub>	Hysteresis on UVLO	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub>	Difference between risir thresholds	ng and falling UVLO		80		mV	
V <sub>UVLO_FALLING</sub>	Input under voltage lockout	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub>	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> voltage falling	from 5 V to 0 V	2.6	3.0	3.4	V	
V <sub>UVLO_SYS</sub>	V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> under voltage lockout	V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub>	V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> voltage rising	from 0 V to 5 V	2.8	3.7	4.3	V	
V <sub>HYS_UVLO_SYS</sub>	V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> UVLO Hysteresis	V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub>	Difference between risin thresholds on V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub>	ng and falling UVLO		500		mV	
V <sub>UVLO_SYS_FALLING</sub>	V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> under voltage lockout	V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub>	V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> voltage falling	from 5 V to 0 V	2.6	3.0	3.4	V	

## 7.10 Electrical Characteristics V<sub>BUS\_POWER</sub> Circuit

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST	TEST CONDITIONS				UNIT
			TPD1S514-1		5.0	5.5	
V <sub>CLAMP</sub>	0	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 20 V	TPD1S514-2		5.0	5.5	
	Output Voltage on V <sub>BUS_POWER</sub> during OVP		TPD1S514-3 (Preview)		5.0	5.5	5.5 V
			TPD1S514-4		6.48	6.68	
			TPD1S514-1	4.7	4.95		
.,	Output Voltage on V <sub>BUS POWER</sub> during normal	V <sub>BUS CON</sub> = 5 V,	TPD1S514-2	4.7	4.95		V
V <sub>BUS_POWER</sub>	operation	I <sub>BUS_POWER</sub> = 1 mA;	TPD1S514-3 (Preview)	4.7	4.95		V
			TPD1S514-4	4.7	4.98		
I <sub>BUS_POWER_MAX</sub>	Output Current on V <sub>BUS_POWER</sub>	V <sub>BUS_CON</sub> = 5 V - 15 V	1			3	mA



## 7.11 Timing Requirements

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDI	TIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			TPD1S514-1				
	USB Charging Turn-ON	Measured from EN asserted LOW	TPD1S514-2				
<sup>t</sup> DELAY	Delay	to nFET begins to Turn ON, excludes soft-start time	TPD1S514-3 (Preview)		20		ms
			TPD1S514-4				İ
			TPD1S514-1	3.5			
	USB Charging rise time (Soft Start Delay)	Measure from V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub> rises	TPD1S514-2			ms	
t <sub>SS</sub>		above 25% (with 1 M $\Omega$ load/ NO C <sub>LOAD</sub> )	TPD1S514-3 (Preview)	3.5			
		EOAD	TPD1S514-4				
		Managered from EN accorded Lligh	TPD1S514-1				
	USB Charging Turn-OFF	Measured from EN asserted High to V <sub>BUS SYS</sub> falling to 10% with	TPD1S514-2				
tOFF_DELAY	time	$R_{LOAD} = 10\Omega$ and No $C_{LOAD}$ on	TPD1S514-3 (Preview)		5.5		μs
		V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub>	TPD1S514-4				
OVER VOLTA	AGE PROTECTION					'	
t <sub>OVP_response</sub>	OVP Response time	Measured from OVP Condition to F	ET Turn OFF <sup>(1)</sup>			100	ns

#### (1) Specified by design, not production tested

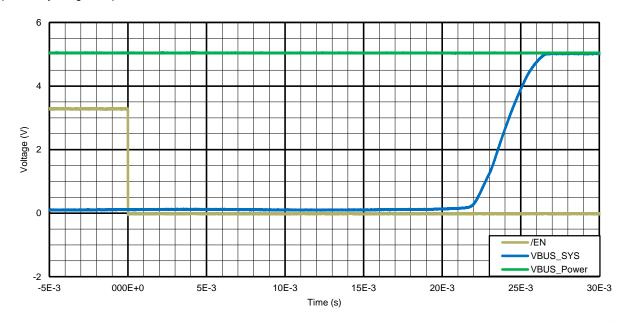
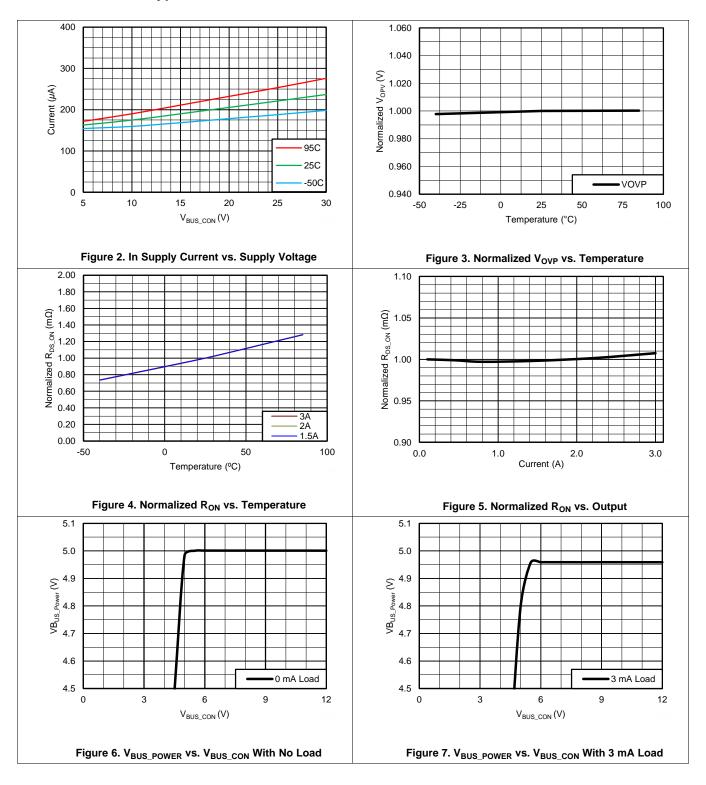


Figure 1. TPD1S514-1 Response to set EN low



### 7.12 TPD1S514-1 Typical Characteristics

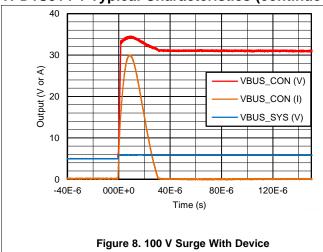


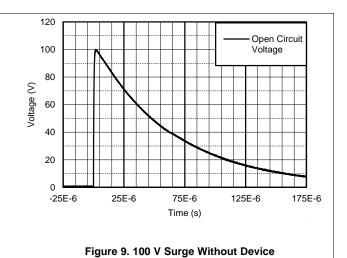
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## **TPD1S514-1 Typical Characteristics (continued)**





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### 8 Detailed Description

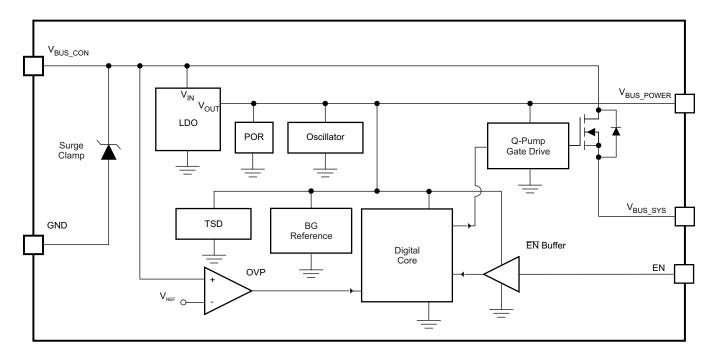
#### 8.1 Overview

The TPD1S514 provides a single-chip ESD, surge, and over voltage protection solution for portable USB Charging and Host interfaces. It offers over voltage protection at the  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  pin up to 30-V DC. The TPD1S514 offers an ESD and Precision Clamp for the  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  pin, thus eliminating the need for external TVS clamp circuits in the application.

The TPD1S514 has an internal oscillator and charge pump which controls turning ON the internal nFET switch. The internal oscillator controls the timers which enable the charge pump. If  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  is less than  $V_{OVP}$ , the internal charge pump is enabled. After a 20 ms internal delay, the charge-pump starts-up, and turns ON the internal nFET switch through a soft start. If at any time  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  rises above  $V_{OVP}$ , the nFET switch is turned OFF within 100 ns.

The TPD1S514 also has a  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  pin which follows  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  up to 4.9 V at 3 mA (except for TPD1S514, which follows  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  up to 6.48 V, after which it is regulated to that voltage) to power the system from  $V_{BUS\_CON}$ . In the case where the system battery state cannot power the system, voltage from an external charger can be provided to power the system.  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  is supplied by an always on LDO regulator supplied by  $V_{BUS\_CON}$ .  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  output voltage remains regulated to 4.9 V (except for TPD1S514, which follows  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  up to 6.48 V, after which it is regulated to that voltage) at up to 30-V DC on  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  and during IEC61000-4-5 surge events of up to 100 V open circuit voltage on  $V_{BUS\_CON}$ .

#### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



#### 8.3 Feature Description

### 8.3.1 Over Voltage Protection on V<sub>BUS CON</sub> up to 30 V DC

When the  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  voltage rises above  $V_{OVP}$ , the internal nFET switch is turned OFF, removing power from the system side.  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  can tolerate up to 30-V DC. The response to over voltage is very rapid, with the nFET switch turning off in less than 100 ns. When the  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  voltage returns back to below  $V_{OVP} - V_{HYS\_OVP}$ , the nFET switch is turned ON again after an internal delay of  $t_{OVP\_RECOV}$  ( $t_{DELAY}$ ). This time delay ensures that the  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  supply has stabilized before turning the switch back on. After  $t_{OVP\_RECOV}$ , the TPD1S514 turns on the nFET through a soft start. Once the OVP condition is cleared the nFET is turned completely ON.



#### **Feature Description (continued)**

#### 8.3.2 Precision OVP (< ±1% Tolerance)

1% OVP trip threshold accuracy allows use of the entire input charging range while protecting sensitive systemside components from overvoltage conditions.

#### 8.3.3 Manufacturer Programmable Internal Startup, SoftStart Delays, and OVP

TPD1S514 with  $V_{BUS\_POWER} = 4.95$  V can be manufactured pre-programmed with the startup time,  $t_{DELAY}$ , ranging from 5 ms to 150 ms. Also, the SoftStart,  $t_{SS}$ , can be manufactured pre-programmed with a range of 0.1 ms to 6.7 ms. Also, OVP can be manufactured to protect at levels of 5.6 V - 15 V in 30 mV steps. Any of these three parameters can be configured independent of the others. In all cases  $V_{BUS\_POWER} = 4.95$  V.

a. Factory programmable parameters:

i.  $t_{DELAY}$ : 5 ms, 20 ms, 30ms, or 150 ms ii.  $t_{SS}$ : 0.1 ms, 3.5 ms, 4.9 ms, or 6.7 ms iii. OVP: 5.6 V - 15 V in 30 mV steps

#### 8.3.4 Low R<sub>ON</sub> nFET Switch Supports Host and Charging Mode

The nFET switch has a total on resistance ( $R_{ON}$ ) of 39 m $\Omega$ . This equates to a voltage drop of less than 140 mV when charging at the maximum 3.5 A current level. Such low RON helps provide maximum potential to the system as provided by an external charger or by the system when in Host Mode.

#### 8.3.5 V<sub>BUS POWER</sub>, TPD1S514-1, TPD1S514-2, TPD1S514-3

The  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  pin provides up to 3 mA and 5 V for powering the system using  $V_{BUS\_CON}$ .  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  follows  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  after 3.5 V and up to the regulated 5 V. In the case where the system battery state cannot power the system, voltage from an external charger can power the system.  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  is supplied by an always on LDO regulator supplied by  $V_{BUS\_CON}$ . The  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  output voltage remains regulated to 5 V at up to 30-V DC on  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  and during IEC61000-4-5 surge events of up to 100 V.

### 8.3.6 V<sub>BUS POWER</sub>, TPD1S514

The  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  pin provides up to 3 mA and 6.48 V for powering the system using  $V_{BUS\_CON}$ .  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  follows  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  after 3.5 V and up to the regulated 6.48 V. In the case where the system battery state cannot power the system, voltage from an external charger can be provided to power the system.  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  is supplied by an always on LDO regulator supplied by  $V_{BUS\_CON}$ . The  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  output voltage remains regulated to 6.48 V at up to 30-V DC on  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  and during IEC61000-4-5 surge events of up to 100 V.

#### 8.3.7 Powering the System When Battery is Discharged

There are two methods for powering the system under a dead battery condition. Case 1: The EN pin can be tied to ground so that the nFET is always ON (when  $V_{UVLO} < V_{BUS\_CON} < V_{OVP}$ ) and an external charger can power VBUS. Case 2: If EN is controlled by a Power Management Unit (PMIC) or other logic,  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  can be used to power the PMIC.

#### 8.3.8 ±15 kV IEC61000-4-2 Level 4 ESD Protection

The  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  pin can withstand ESD events up to  $\pm 15$  kV Contact and Air-Gap. An ESD clamp diverts the current to ground.

#### 8.3.9 100 V IEC61000-4-5 µs Surge Protection

The  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  pin can withstand surge events up to 100 V open circuit voltage ( $V_{PP}$ ), or 900 W. A Precision Clamp diverts the current to ground and active circuitry switches OFF the nFET earlier than 100 ns before an overvoltage can get through to  $V_{BYS\_SYS}$ . The ultra-fast response time of TPD1S514 holds the voltage on  $V_{BUS\_SYS}$  to less than  $V_{OVP}$  during surge events of up to 100  $V_{PP}$ .



#### **Feature Description (continued)**

#### 8.3.10 Startup and OVP Recovery Delay

Upon startup or recovering from an over voltage, TPD1S514 has a built in startup delay. An internal oscillator controls a charge pump to control the delay. Once a manufactured pre-programmed time,  $t_{DELAY}$ , has elapsed, the charge pump is enabled which turns ON the nFET. A manufactured pre-programmed soft start,  $t_{SS}$ , is used when turning ON the nFET. These start delays,  $t_{DELAY}$  +  $t_{SS}$ , work together to meet USB Inrush Current compliance.

#### 8.3.11 Thermal Shutdown

TPD1S514 has an over-temperature protection circuit to protect against system faults or improper use. The basic function of the thermal shutdown (TSD) circuit is to sense when the junction temperature has exceeded the absolute maximum rating and shuts down the device until the junction temperature has cooled to a safe level.

#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

#### 8.4.1 Operation With $V_{BUS\ CON} < 3.5\ V$ (Minimum $V_{BUS\ CON}$ )

TPD1S514 operates normally (nFET ON) with input voltages above 3.5 V. The maximum UVLO voltage is 3.5 V and the device will operate at input voltages above 3.5 V. The typical UVLO voltage is 3.1 V and the device may operate at input voltages above that point. The device may also operate at input voltages as low as 2.7 V, the minimum UVLO. At input voltages between 0.6 V and 1.2 V, the state of output pins may not be controlled internally.

#### 8.4.2 Operation With $V_{BUS\ CON} > V_{OVP}$

TPD1S514 operates normally (nFET ON) with input voltages below  $V_{OVP\_min}$ . The typical OVP voltage is  $V_{OVP\_TYP}$  and the device may operate at input voltages below that point. The device may also operate at input voltages as high as  $V_{OVP\_MAX}$ .

Device Name		V <sub>OVP</sub>								
	MIN	TYP	MAX							
TPD1S514-1	5.9	5.95	5.99							
TPD1S514-2	9.9	9.98	10.05							
TPD1S514-3 (Preview)	13.2	13.32	13.4							
TPD1S514-4	5.9	5.95	5.99							

#### 8.4.3 OTG Mode

The TPD1S514 UVLO and OVP voltages are referenced to  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  voltage. In OTG mode,  $V_{BUS\_SYS}$  is driving the  $V_{BUS\_CON}$ . Under this situation, initially  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  is powered through the body diode of the nFET by  $V_{BUS\_SYS}$ . Once the UVLO threshold on  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  is met, the nFET turns ON. If there is a short to ground on  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  the OTG supply is expected to limit the current.

### 9 Application and Implementation

#### 9.1 Application Information

The devices offer  $V_{BUS}$  port protection implementing UVLO and OVP, with an LDO supplied  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  pin to regulate an output supply pin of 3 mA at 5 V (except for TPD1S514, which follows  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  up to 6.48 V, after which it is regulated to that voltage). The  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  pin can be used to power the system from an external source on  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  in case the system's battery state cannot power the system.

#### 9.2 Typical Application

#### 9.2.1 TPD1S514-1 USB 2.0/3.0 Case 1: Always Enabled

The  $\overline{EN}$  pin can be tied to ground so that the nFET is ON when  $V_{UVLO} < V_{BUS\_CON} < V_{OVP}$  and an external charger can power  $V_{BUS}$ .  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  can be left floating.

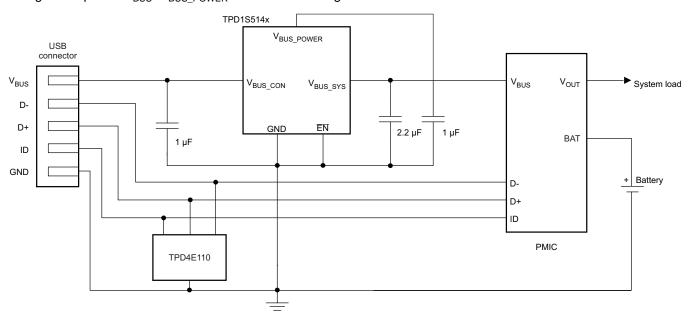


Figure 10. Always on, TPD1S514-1

#### 9.2.1.1 Design Requirements

For this example, use the following table as input parameters:

Design Parameters	Example Value
Signal range on V <sub>BUS_CON</sub>	3.5 V – 5.9 V
Signal range on V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub>	3.9 V – 5.9 V
Signal on EN	Tie to system ground plane

### 9.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process the designer needs to know the V<sub>BUS</sub> voltage range.

#### 9.2.1.2.1 V<sub>BUS</sub> Voltage Range

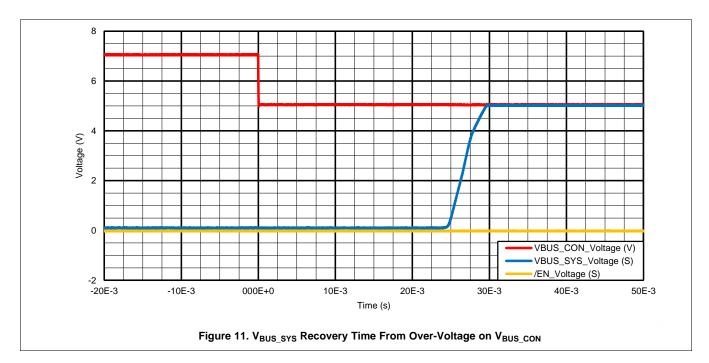
The UVLO trip-point is a maximum 3.5 V and the OVP trip-point is a minimum 5.9 V. This provides some headroom for the USB 2.0 specified minimum 4.4 V (Low-power) or 4.75 V (Full-power) and 5.25 V maximum; or the USB 3.0 specified minimum 4.45 V and 5.25 V maximum.



#### 9.2.1.2.2 Discharged Battery

Connecting  $\overline{\text{EN}}$  to ground sets the part active at all times. OVP and UVLO are always active, even when the system battery is fully discharged. In the case of a discharged system battery,  $V_{\text{BUS\_SYS}}$  can be used to power the system when a source with voltage between  $V_{\text{UVLO}}$  and  $V_{\text{OVP}}$  is attached to  $V_{\text{BUS\_CON}}$ .

### 9.2.1.3 Application Curves



#### 9.2.2 TPD1S514-1 USB 2.0/3.0 Case 2: PMIC Controlled EN

TPD1S514 offers more flexibility to system designers to power up the system during a dead battery condition. Refer to Figure 12, the  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  pin supplies 4.95 V and 3 mA to power the PMIC in a dead battery condition. Regardless of EN state,  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  is available to the PMIC. Utilizing this power, the PMIC can enable TPD1S514 when the valid  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  voltage is present.

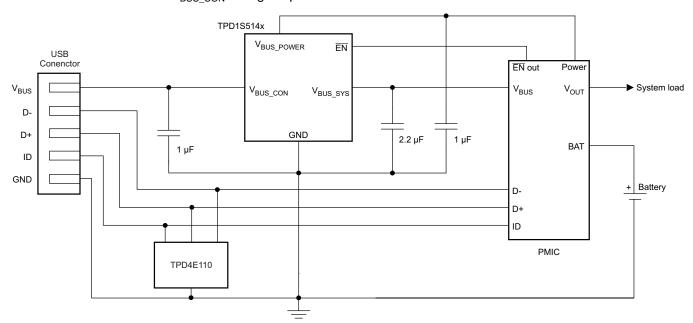


Figure 12. PMIC Controlled EN, TPD1S514-1

#### 9.2.2.1 Design Requirements

For this example, use the following table as input parameters:

Design Parameters	Example Value
Signal range on V <sub>BUS_CON</sub>	3.5 V – 5.9 V
Signal range on V <sub>BUS_SYS</sub>	3.9 V – 5.9 V
Drive EN low (enabled)	0 V – 0.8 V
Drive EN high (disabled)	1.2 V – 6.0 V

#### 9.2.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, some parameters must be decided upon. The designer needs to know the following:

- V<sub>BUS</sub> voltage range
- · PMIC power requirement

#### 9.2.2.2.1 V<sub>BUS</sub> Voltage Range

The UVLO trip-point is a maximum 3.5 V and the OVP trip-point is a minimum 5.9 V. This provides some headroom for the USB 2.0 specified minimum 4.4 V (Low-power) or 4.75 V (Full-power) and 5.25 V maximum; or the USB 3.0 specified minimum 4.45 V and 5.25 V maximum.

#### 9.2.2.2.2 PMIC Power Requirement

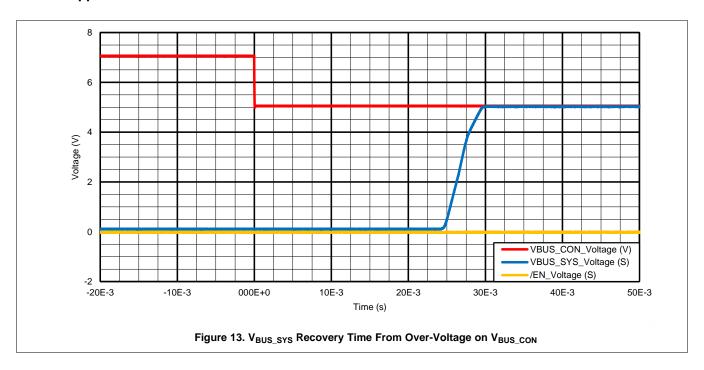
The  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  pin can source up to 3 mA of current and maintain a minimum 4.8 V, 4.95 V typical. TPD1S514-1 design provides an LDO regulator supplied voltage source which can be used to provide power to a PMIC when its internal battery supplied power is unavailable. When selecting a matching PMIC, ensure its power requirement can be met by the  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  pin if designing for this scenario.



#### 9.2.2.2.3 Discharged Battery

Powering the PMIC from  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  allows logic control of the  $\overline{EN}$  pin to set TPD1S514-1 active and begin charging the battery and powering up the rest of the system.

#### 9.2.2.3 Application Curves



## 10 Power Supply Recommendations

TPD1S514 Is designed to receive power from a USB 3.0 (or lower)  $V_{BUS}$  source. It can operate normally (nFET ON) between a minimum 3.5 V and a maximum  $V_{OVP\_MIN}$  V. Thus, the power supply (with a ripple of  $V_{RIPPLE}$ ) requirement for TPD1S514 to be able to switch the nFET ON is between 3.5 V +  $V_{RIPPLE}$  and  $V_{OVP\_MIN} - V_{RIPPLE}$ , where  $V_{OVP\_MIN}$  is:

Device Name	V <sub>OVP_MIN</sub>
TPD1S514-1	5.90 V
TPD1S514-2	9.9 V
TPD1S514-3 (Preview)	13.2 V
TPD1S514-4	5.90 V



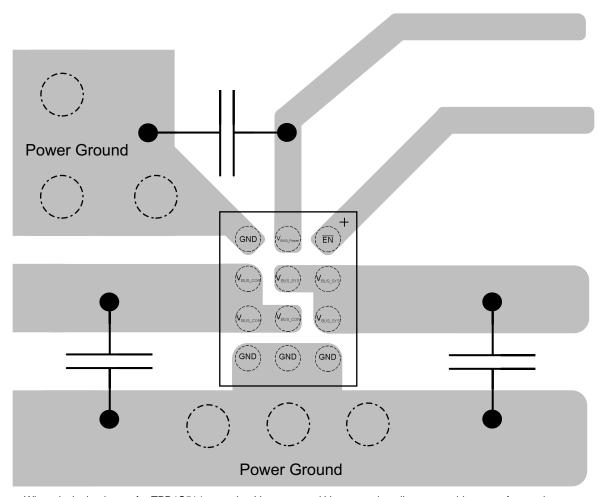
### 11 Layout

#### 11.1 Layout Guidelines

- The optimum placement is as close to the connector as possible.
  - EMI during an ESD event can couple from the trace being struck to other nearby unprotected traces, resulting in early system failures.
  - The PCB designer needs to minimize the possibility of EMI coupling by keeping any unprotected traces away from the protected traces which are between the TVS and the connector.
- Route the protected traces as straight as possible.
- Eliminate any sharp corners on the protected traces between the TVS and the connector by using rounded corners with the largest radii possible.
  - Electric fields tend to build up on corners, increasing EMI coupling.

#### 11.2 Layout Example





When designing layout for TPD1S514, note that  $V_{BUS\_CON}$  and  $V_{BUS\_SYS}$  pins allow extra wide traces for good power delivery. In the example shown, these pins are routed with 50 mil (1.27 mm) wide traces. Place the  $V_{BUS\_CON}$ ,  $V_{BUS\_SYS}$ , and  $V_{BUS\_POWER}$  capacitors as close to the pins as possible. Use external and internal ground planes and stitch them together with VIAs as close to the GND pins of TPD1S514 as possible. This allows for a low impedance path to ground so that the device can properly dissipate any surge or ESD events.



## 12 Device and Documentation Support

#### 12.1 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 12.2 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

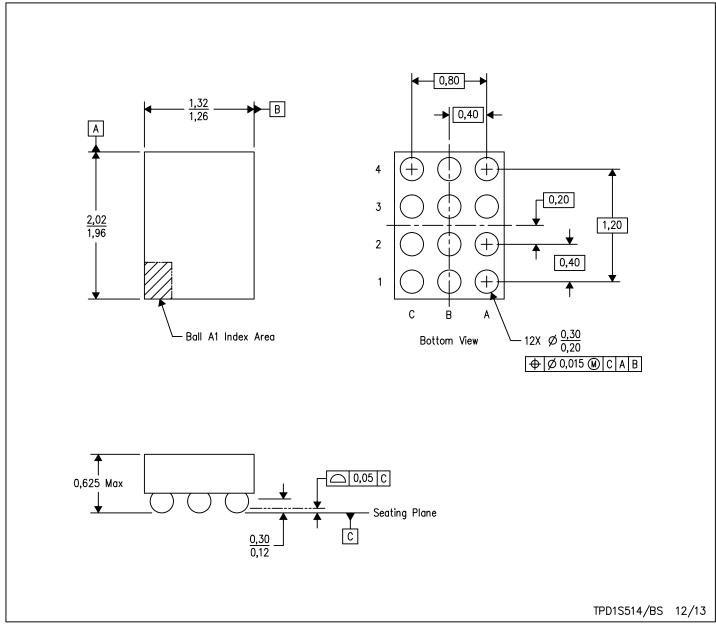
#### 12.3 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical packaging and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. NanoFree™ package configuration.

NanoFree is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

16-Jul-2014

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPD1S514-1YZR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZ	12	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	RH5141	Samples
TPD1S514-2YZR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZ	12	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI   SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	RH5142	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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## **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

16-Jul-2014

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**PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION** 

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPD1S514-1YZR	DSBGA	YZ	12	3000	180.0	8.4	1.39	2.09	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPD1S514-2YZR	DSBGA	YZ	12	3000	180.0	8.4	1.39	2.09	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q2

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#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPD1S514-1YZR	DSBGA	YZ	12	3000	182.0	182.0	17.0
TPD1S514-2YZR	DSBGA	YZ	12	3000	182.0	182.0	17.0

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