

General Description

The SY21102 high efficiency asynchronous Buck converter can deliver 2A output current over a wide input voltage range from 5V to 40V. The SY21102 employs a constant off-time and peak current mode control strategy to achieve fast transient responses. It integrates a power MOSFET with low R_{DS(ON)} to minimize conduction loss.

The 800kHz switching frequency permits low output voltage ripple and reduces external inductor and capacitor sizes. The SY21102 also provides cycle-by-cycle current limit protection, over temperature protection, and output short circuit protection.

The SY21102 is available in a compact SOT23-6 package.

Features

- Low $R_{DS(ON)}$ for Internal N-Channel Power FET: 180m Ω
- 5V to 40V Input Voltage Range
- Up to 2A Output Current
- 800kHz Switching Frequency
- Constant Off-Time and Peak Current Mode Control
- Internal Soft-Start Limits Inrush Current
- ±2% 0.6V Reference
- Auto-Recovery Mode Output Short Circuit Protection
- Cycle-by-Cycle Power FET Current Limit
 Protection
- Over Temperature Protection
- RoHS-Compliant and Halogen-Free
- Compact SOT23-6 Package

Applications

- Set-Top Box
- Access Point Router
- DSL Modem
- LCD TV

Typical Application

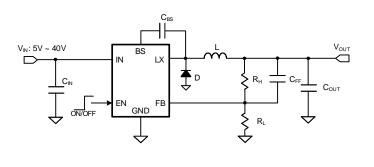
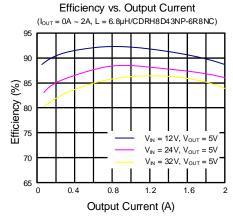
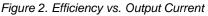


Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit







SY21102

6 LX

5 IN

4 EN



Temperature Code
Package Code
—— Optional Spec Code

Ordering Part Number	Package type	Top Mark
	SOT23-6	
SY21102ABC	RoHS-Compliant and Halogen-Free	HD <i>xyz</i>

x = year code, y = week code, z = lot number code

Pin Description

Pin No	Pin Name	Pin Description
1	BS	Bootstrap pin. Supply for high-side gate driver. Connect a $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor between the BS and LX pin.
2	GND	Ground pin.
3	FB	Output feedback pin. Connect this pin to the center point of the output resistor-divider as shown in Figure 1. $V_{OUT} = 0.6 \times (1 + R_H/R_L)$.
4	EN	Enable pin. Pull low to disable the device, pull high to enable. Do not leave this pin floating.
5	IN	Power input. Decouple this pin from the GND pin with at least a $2.2\mu F$ ceramic capacitor.
6	LX	Inductor pin. Connect this pin to the switching node of inductor and rectifier diode.

Pinout (top view)

BS

GND 2

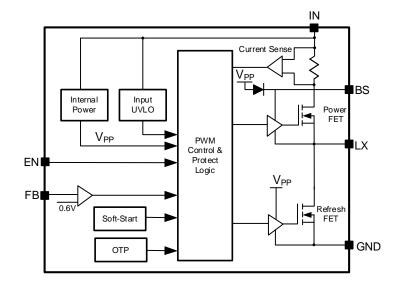
FB 3

(SOT23-6)

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Block Diagram





Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter (Note 1)	Min	Max	Unit
IN	-0.3	42	
LX	-0.6	V _{IN} + 0.3	v
EN	-0.3	V _{IN} + 0.6	v
FB, BS-LX	-0.3	3.6	
Junction Temperature, Operating	-40	150	
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)		260	°C
Storage Temperature	-65	150	

Thermal Information

Parameter (Note 2)	Тур	Unit
θ _{JA} Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance	170	°C 11/
θ_{JC} Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance	130	°C/W
P_D Power Dissipation $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	0.6	W

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter (Note 3)	Min	Max	Unit
Input Voltage	5	40	
Rectifier Diode Forward Voltage		0.5	V
BS-LX Voltage		3.3	
Output Current		2	Α
Junction Temperature	-40	125	°C
Ambient Temperature	-40	85	

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Electrical Characteristics

(V_{IN} = 12V, V_{OUT} = 5V, L = 6.8µH, C_{FF}=22pF, C_{OUT} = 22µF, T_J = 25°C, I_{OUT} = 1A unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Voltage	VIN		5		40	
	UVLO Rising Threshold	Vin,uvlo			4.5		V
Input	UVLO Hysteresis	VIN, HYS			0.2		
	Quiescent Current	lq	$V_{FB} = 105\% \times V_{REF}$		160		
	Shutdown Current	ISHDN	$V_{EN} = 0V$			10	μA
	Feedback Reference Voltage	V _{REF}		0.588	0.6	0.612	V
Output	FB input Current	I _{FB}	$V_{FB} = V_{IN}$	-50		50	nA
	Soft-Start Time	t _{SS}	(Note 4)		0.5		ms
MOSFET	Power FET RDS(ON)	RDS(ON)			180		mΩ
MOSFEI	Power FET Current Limit Threshold	I _{LMT}		2.4			А
Enable (EN)	Input Voltage High	V _{EN,H}		1.5			V
	Input Voltage Low	V _{EN,L}				0.4	v
	Switching Frequency	fsw	Iout = 1A, CCM		800		kHz
Fraguanay	Minimum On-Time	ton,min				100	ns
Frequency	Maximum On-Time	ton,max			2		μs
	Minimum Off-Time	toff,min				100	ns
OTP	Temperature	Тотр	(Note 4)		150		℃
	Temperature Hysteresis	T _{HYS}	(Note 4)		15		C

Note 1: Stresses beyond the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Note 2: θ_{JA} of SY21102ABC is measured in the natural convection at $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C on a 2-oz two-layer Silergy evaluation board. Pin6 is the case position for SY21102ABC θ_{JC} measurement.

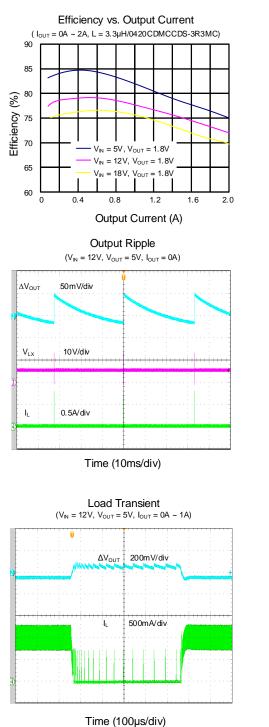
Note 3: The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

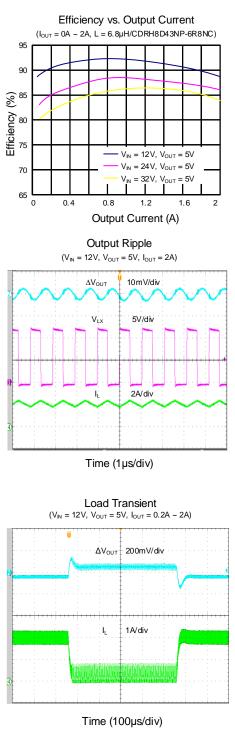
Note 4: Guaranteed by design.



Typical Performance Characteristics

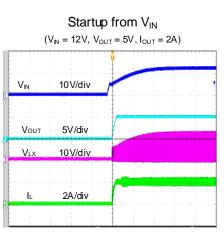
 $(V_{\text{IN}} = 12V, V_{\text{OUT}} = 5V, L = 6.8 \mu\text{H}, C_{\text{OUT}} = 22 \mu\text{F}, C_{\text{FF}} = 22 p\text{F}, T_{\text{J}} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, I_{\text{OUT}} = 2A, unless otherwise noted)$





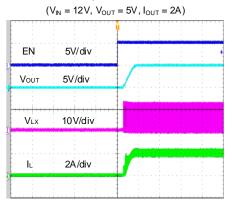




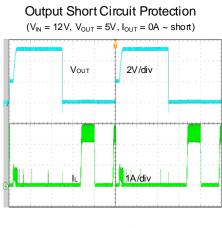


Time (2ms/div)

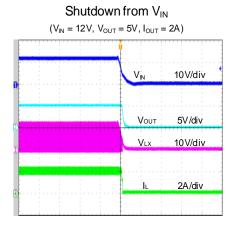




Time (800µs/div)

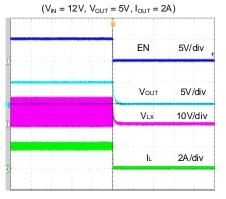


Time (2ms/div)

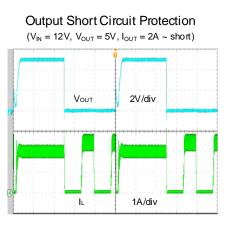


Time (2ms/div)

Shutdown from Enable

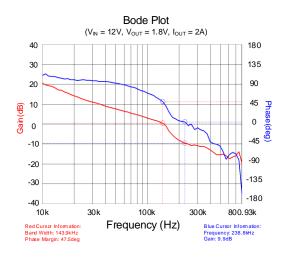


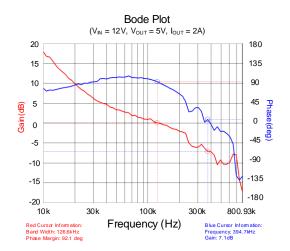
Time (800µs/div)



Time (2ms/div)









Detailed Description

The SY21102 high-efficiency asynchronous Buck converter can deliver 2A current over a wide input voltage range from 5V to 40V. It integrates a power MOSFET with low $R_{DS(ON)}$ to minimize conduction loss.

The 800kHz switching frequency permits low output voltage ripple and reduces external inductor and capacitor sizes. The SY21102 also provides cycle-by-cycle current limit protection, over temperature and output short circuit protection.

The SY21102 employs a constant-off-time and peakcurrent-mode control strategy. When the power FET's current-sense signal reaches internal V_{COMP} , the power FET turns off for a fixed period of time (constant t_{OFF}). t_{OFF} is internally calculated according to the input voltage, output voltage, and desired switching frequency (f_{SW}):

$$t_{OFF} = \frac{1 - V_{OUT} / V_{IN}}{f_{SW}}$$

The power FET turns on after a period of t_{OFF}.

Enable Control

The EN input is a high-voltage capable input with logiccompatible threshold. When EN is driven above 1.5V, normal device operation is enabled. When driven to less than 0.4V, the device will shut down, reducing input current to less than 10μ A.

Fault-Protection Modes

Output Current Limit

With load current increasing, as soon as the FET current exceeds the power FET current limit threshold, the FET will turn off. If the load current continues to increase, the output voltage will drop.

Output Under Voltage Protection

With output current increasing, as soon as the power switch current exceeds the peak current limit threshold, the power switch will turn off. If the load current continues to increase, the output voltage will drop. When the output voltage falls below 33% of the regulated level, the output under voltage protection will be activated and the device will operate in hiccup mode. The hiccup on-time is 1.5ms, and the hiccup off-time is 1.5ms. If the hard short condition is removed, the device will return to normal operation.

Over Temperature Protection (OTP)

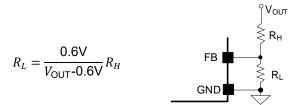
The device includes over temperature protection (OTP) circuitry to prevent overheating due to excessive power dissipation. This will shut down the device when the junction temperature exceeds 150°C. Once the junction temperature cools by approximately 15°C, the device will resume normal operation after a complete soft-start cycle. For continuous operation, provide adequate cooling so that the junction temperature does not exceed the OTP threshold.

Application Information

The following paragraphs describe the selection process for the feedback resistors (R_H and R_L), input capacitor C_{IN} , output inductor L, output capacitor C_{OUT} , bootstrap capacitor and rectifier diode D.

Feedback Resistor-Divider R_H and R_L

Choose R_H and R_L to program the proper output voltage. Choose large resistance values between $10k\Omega$ and $1M\Omega$ for both R_H and R_L to minimize power consumption under light loads. If V_{OUT} is 5V, a value of $100k\Omega$ is chosen for R_H, then using the following equation, R_L can be calculated as $13.7k\Omega$:



Input Capacitor C_{IN}

For the best performance, select a typical X5R or better grade ceramic capacitor with greater than 2.2µF capacitance. The capacitor should be placed as close as possible to IN pin and the negative end of the rectifier. When selecting an input capacitor, be sure to select a voltage rating at least 20% greater than the maximum voltage of the input supply and a temperature rating higher than the system requirements. X5R series ceramic capacitors are most often selected due to their small size, low cost, surge-current capability, and high RMS current

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ratings over a wide temperature and voltage range. However, systems that are powered by a wall adapter or other long and therefore inductive cabling may be susceptible to significant inductive ringing at the input to the device. In these cases, consider adding some bulk capacitance like electrolytic, tantalum, or polymer type capacitors. Using a combination of bulk capacitors (to reduce overshoot or ringing) in parallel with ceramic capacitors (to meet the RMS current requirements) is helpful in these cases.

Consider the RMS current rating of the input capacitor, paralleling additional capacitors if required to meet the calculated RMS ripple current.

$$I_{CIN_RMS} = I_{OUT} \times \sqrt{D \times (1-D)}$$

The worst-case condition occurs at D = 0.5, then

$$I_{CIN_RMS,MAX} = \frac{I_{OUT}}{2}$$

For simplicity, use an input capacitor with an RMS current rating greater than 50% of the maximum load current.

The input capacitor value determines the input voltage ripple of the converter. If there is a voltage ripple requirement in the system, choose an appropriate input capacitor that meets the specification.

Given the very low ESR and ESL of ceramic capacitors, the input voltage ripple can be estimated using the formula:

$$V_{CIN_{-}RIPPLE,CAP} = \frac{I_{OUT}}{f_{SW} \times C_{IN}} \times D \times (1 - D)$$

The worst-case condition occurs at D = 0.5, then

$$V_{CIN_RIPPLE,CAP,MAX} = \frac{I_{OUT}}{4 \times f_{SW} \times C_{IN}}$$

The capacitance value is less important than the RMS current rating. A single 2.2 μ F X5R capacitor is sufficient in most applications.

Output Inductor L

Consider the following when choosing this inductor:

 Choose the inductance to provide a ripple current that is approximately 40% of the maximum output current. The recommended inductance is calculated as:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT} (1 - V_{OUT} / V_{IN,MAX})}{f_{sw} \times I_{OUT,MAX} \times 0.4}$$

where, f_{SW} is the switching frequency and $I_{\text{OUT,MAX}}$ is the maximum load current.

The SY21102 has high tolerance for ripple current amplitude variation. As a result, the final choice of inductance can vary slightly from the calculated value with no significant performance impact.

2) The inductor's saturation current rating must be greater than the peak inductor current under full load:

$$I_{SAT,MIN} > I_{OUT,MAX} + \frac{V_{OUT}(1 - V_{OUT} / V_{IN,MAX})}{2 \times f_{sw} \times L}$$

3) The DCR of the inductor and the core loss at the switching frequency must be low enough to achieve the desired efficiency requirement. Choose an inductor with DCR less than $50m\Omega$ to achieve good overall efficiency.

Output Capacitor COUT

Select the output capacitor C_{OUT} to handle the output ripple requirements. Both steady state ripple and transient requirements must be taken into consideration when selecting the component. For the best performance, use an X5R or better grade ceramic capacitor with capacitance greater than 22µF.

For applications where the design must meet stringent ripple requirements, the following considerations must be followed:

The output voltage ripple at the switching frequency is caused by the inductor current ripple (ΔI_L) on the output capacitor's ESR (ESR ripple), as well as the stored charge (capacitive ripple).

When calculating total ripple, consider both.

$$V_{RIPPLE,ESR} = \Delta I_L \times ESR$$

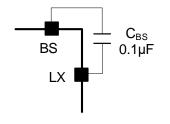


$$V_{RIPPLE,CAP} = \frac{\Delta I_L}{8 \times C_{OUT} \times f_{SW}}$$

The capacitive ripple might be higher because the effective capacitance for ceramic capacitors decreases with the voltage across the terminals. The voltage derating is usually included as a chart in the capacitor datasheet, and the ripple can be recalculated after taking the target output voltage into account.

External Bootstrap Capacitor

This external bootstrap capacitor provides the gate driver voltage for internal power MOSFET. A 0.1μ F low-ESR ceramic capacitor connected between the BS pin and the LX pin is recommended.

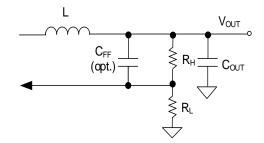


Rectifier Diode

To accommodate the device high switching speed, choose a Schottky diode with low forward voltage and fast switching speed. The diode's voltage rating must be higher than the Buck converter maximum input voltage, and the diode's average and peak current rating should be greater than the Buck converter output average current and peak current. Choose one Schottky diode whose forward voltage is less than the internal refresh FET body diode voltage drop.

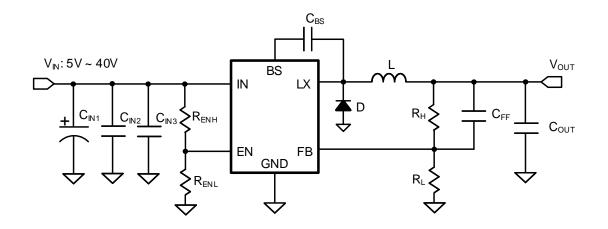
Load Transient Consideration

The device integrates the compensation components to achieve good stability and fast transient responses. In some applications, adding a small ceramic capacitor in parallel with R_H may further speed up the load transient response. It is recommended for applications with large load transient step requirements.





Application Schematic (Vout=5V)



BOM List

Designator	Description	Part Number	Manufacturer
CIN1	47µF/50V (electrolytic capacitor)		
CIN2	2.2µF/50V/X7R, 1206	C3216X7R1H225K	TDK
CIN3, CBS	0.1µF/50V/X7R, 0603	C1608X7R1H104K	TDK
Соит	22µF/16V/X5R,1206	C3216X5R1C226K	TDK
Cff	22pF/50V/C0G, 0603	C1608C0G1H220J	TDK
D	3A/60V	SS36	
L	6.8µH/inductor, 3.9A	CDRH8D43NP-6R8NC	Sumida
Rн	100kΩ, 0603	RC0603FR-07100KL	
R∟	13.7kΩ, 0603	RC0603FR-0713K7L	
Renh	10kΩ, 1%, 0603		
Renl	1MΩ, 1%, 0603		

Recommend Table for Typical Applications

V _{OUT} (V)	R _H (kΩ)	R _L (kΩ)	C _{FF} (pF)	L/Part Number	Cout
1.2	100	100	NC	2.2µH/VLP4045LT-2R2N	22µF/16V/X5R,1206
1.8	100	49.9	NC	3.3µH/0420CDMCCDS-3R3MC	22µF/16V/X5R,1206
3.3	100	22.1	NC	4.7µH/VLP4045LT-4R7M	22µF/16V/X5R,1206
5	100	13.7	22	6.8µH/CDRH8D43NP-6R8NC	22µF/16V/X5R,1206





Layout Design

Follow these PCB layout guidelines for optimal performance and thermal dissipation:

- Input Capacitors: Place the input capacitors close to the IN and GND pins, minimizing the loop formed by these connections. The input capacitor should be connected to the IN and GND using wide copper areas.
- **Output Capacitors:** Connect the C_{OUT} negative terminal to the GND pin using wide copper traces instead of vias, in order to achieve better accuracy and stability of output voltage.
- **Feedback Network:** Place the feedback components (R_H , R_L , and C_{FF}) as close to the FB pin as possible. Avoid routing the feedback line near LX, or other high-frequency signals as it is noise-sensitive. Use a Kelvin connection to connect with C_{OUT} rather than the inductor output terminal.

- **LX Connection:** Keep the LX area small to prevent excessive EMI, while providing a wide copper area to minimize parasitic resistance and inductance.
- **EN Signal:** It is not recommended to connect EN signal directly to VIN. A resistor in a range of $1k\Omega$ to $1M\Omega$ should be used if the lines are pulled high to VIN.
- **GND Vias:** Place an adequate number of vias on the GND layer around the device for better thermal performance. The exposed GND pad should be connected to a copper area larger than its size. Place multiple GND vias on it for heat dissipation.
- **PCB Board:** To achieve the best thermal and noise performance, maximize the PCB copper area connecting to the GND pin. A ground plane is highly recommended if board space allows. Connect the ground pad to a large copper area to enhance thermal performance.

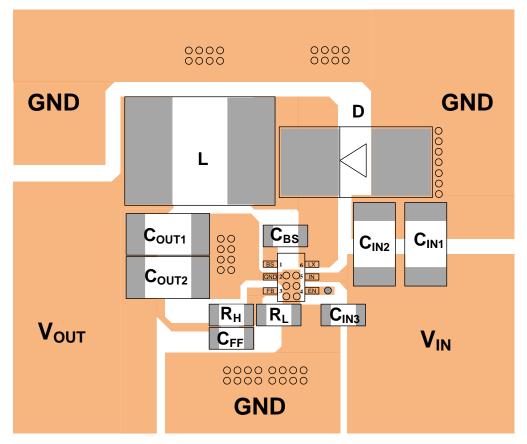
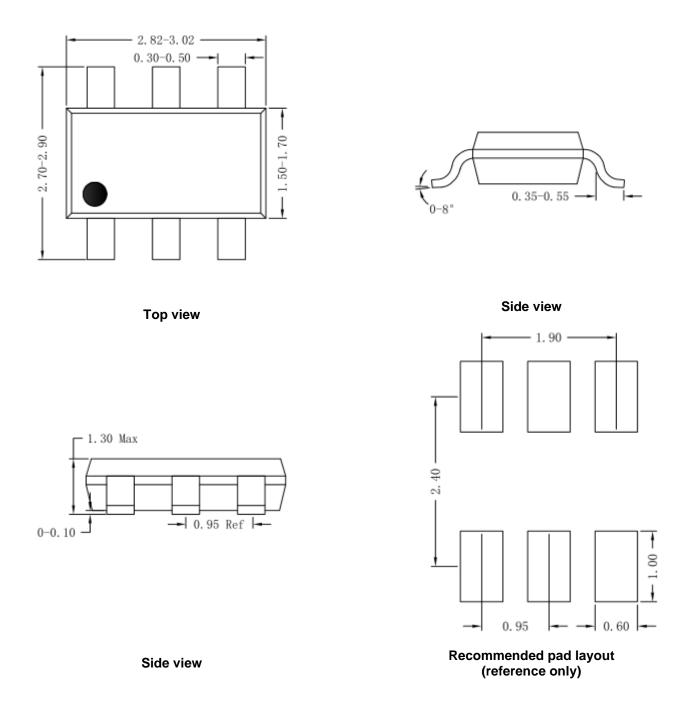


Figure 4. Suggested PCB Layout



SOT23-6 Package Outline and PCB Layout

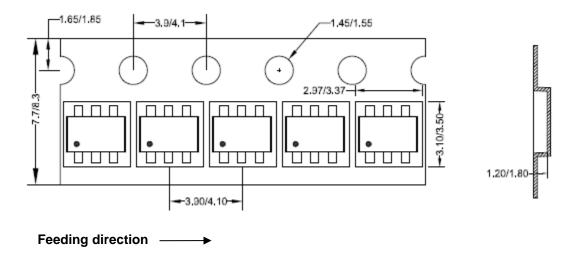


Note: All dimensions are in millimeters and exclude mold flash and metal burr.

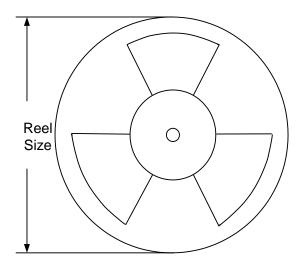


Taping and Reel Specification

SOT23-6 taping orientation



Carrier tape and reel specification for packages



Package	Tape width	Pocket	Reel size	Trailer	Leader length	Qty per
types	(mm)	pitch(mm)	(Inch)	length(mm)	(mm)	reel
SOT23-6	8	4	7"	280	160	3000

Others: NA



Revision History

The revision history provided is for informational purposes only and is believed to be accurate, however, not warrantied. Please make sure that you have the latest revision.

Date	Revision	Change
Dec.12, 2023	Revision 1.0	Language improvements for clarity
Aug.1, 2014	Revision 0.9	Initial Release



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