

High-Efficiency, 16-85V Input, 400kHz Buck CC LED Driver

Features

- Common-anode design for simplified wiring achieve low system cost
- Wide input range: 16-85V
- 400kHz switching frequency
- 200mΩ low R_{DS(ON)} MOSFET for Maximum 2A
 LED current output
- Support PWM/Analog dimming
- Multiple protection features:
 - ♦ Reliable LED open protection
 - ♦ Reliable LED short protection
 - ♦ Reliable Rcs short protection
 - ♦ Reliable OCP protection
 - ♦ Reliable over thermal protection
- Compact package: EP-SOIC8

Descriptions

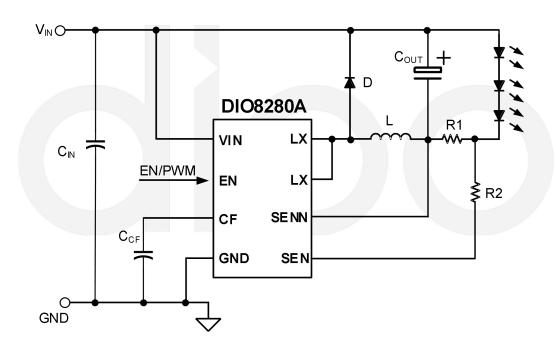
The DIO8280A consists of an integrated grounding Buck Regulator and 85V power MOSFET, specifically designed for a high performance non-isolated converter with minimal external components targeting at LED lighting applications.

The DIO8280A drives the Buck converter with ultra-low $R_{DS(ON)}$ power switch to achieve higher efficiency and keeps the Buck converter connecting PWM signal with EN pin or connecting Analog signal with CF pin to achieve dimming control.

Applications

- T-tube LED lighting
- Dimming lighting
- Stage Lamp
- Landscape lighting

Function Block

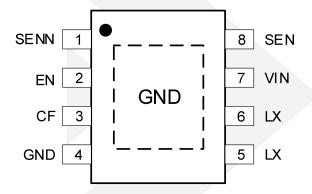




Ordering Information

Order Part Number	Top Marking		T _A	Package		
	DIO8280					
DIO8280AXS8	YYWW	Green	-40 to 85°C	EP-SOIC8	Tape & Reel, 2500	
	DXZ					

Pin Assignments



EP-SOIC8
Figure 1 Pin Assignment (Top View)

Pin Definitions

Pin Name	Description
EN	Enable pin and PWM dimming input pin.
CF	Connect a capacitor from this pin to ground to filter out the AC ripple on reference voltage. Or add 0~1.2V on this pin directly to realize linear dimming.
GND	Ground pin.
LX	Power MOSFET Drain Pin. The Drain pin is connected to the inductor node.
VIN	Input pin. Decouple this pin to GND pin with a ceramic cap.
SEN	Positive Current Sense pin.
SENN	Negative Current Sense pin.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Rating" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Parameter			Rating	Unit	
LX, VIN, EN, SEN, SENN			-0.3 to 90	V	
All other pins			-0.3 to 5.5	V	
Power Dissipation, PD @ T _A =25°C			3.3	W	
Dookege Thermal Desigtance	ОЈА		30	°C/W	
Package Thermal Resistance	Θ _{JC}		10		
Junction Temperature Range			-40 to 150	°C	
Lead Temperature		260	°C		
Storage Temperature Range		-65 to 150	°C		

Recommend Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended Operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. DIOO does not Recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Parameter	Rating	Unit
VIN, LX, EN, SEN, SENN	16 to 85	V
All other pins	0 to 5	V
Junction Temperature Range	-40 to 125	°C



Electrical Characteristics

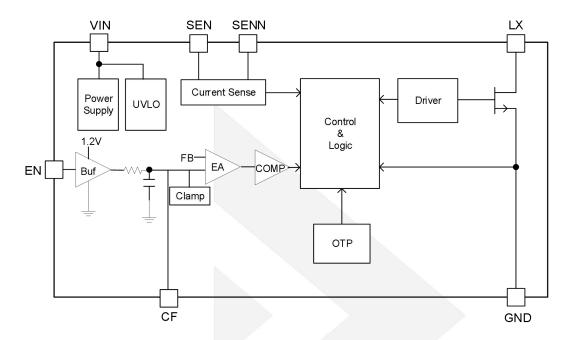
 V_{IN} = 24V, V_{OUT} = 12V, I_{OUT} = 100mA, T_{A} = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Range		16		85	V
I _{DN}	Shutdown Current	EN=0		10		μA
R _{DSON}	Power MOSFET ON Resistance			200		mΩ
I _{LIMIT}	Power MOSFET Current Limit			2.8		Α
Fsw	Switching Frequency			400		kHz
V _{SEN-SENN}	Current Sense Limit		196	200	204	mV
V _{ENH}	EN turn-on Threshold		1.28			V
V _{ENL}	EN turn-off Threshold				0.56	V
V _{IN,ON}	VIN turn-on threshold			7.4		V
V _{VIN,OFF}	VIN turn-off threshold			6.8		V
Dimming se	ection		-			
V _{CF}	Analog dimming range on CF	I _{LED} =10%		120		mV
		I _{LED} =100%		1.2		V
T _{SD}	Thermal Shutdown Temperature			150		°C
Hyst	Thermal Hysteresis			30		°C
	,	•		•		

Specifications subject to change without notice.



Block Diagram



Operation

The DIO8280A consists of an integrated grounding Buck Regulator and 85V power MOSFET, specifically designed for a high performance non-isolated converter with minimal external components targeting at LED lighting applications.

The DIO8280A drives the Buck converter with ultra low R_{DS(ON)} power switch to achieve higher efficiency and keeps the Buck converter connecting PWM signal with EN pin or connecting Analog signal with CF pin to achieve dimming control.

Applications Information

Start up

After DC supply is powered on, the capacitor C_{VIN} across VIN and GND pin is charged up by VIN voltage. Once V_{VIN} rises up to $V_{VIN,ON}$, the internal blocks start to work and PWM output is enabled.

Shut down

After DC supply is powered off, the energy stored in the VIN capacitor C_{VIN} will be discharged. When the VIN capacitor C_{VIN} can't supply enough energy to VIN pin, V_{VIN} will drop down. Once V_{VIN} is below $V_{VIN,OFF}$, the IC will stop working.

Because of the high integration in the DIO8280A, the application circuit based on this regulator IC is rather simple. Only input capacitor C_{VIN} , output capacitor C_{OUT} , output inductor L and current sense resistor R_{CS} need to be selected for the targeted applications specifications.

Current sense resistor Rcs

Choose R_{CS} to program the proper output Current:



$$I_{LED}(A) = \frac{0.2(V)}{R_{CS}(\Omega)}$$

Input capacitor C_{VIN}:

The ripple current through input capacitor is calculated as:

$$I_{CIN_RMS} = I_{OUT} \cdot \sqrt{D(1-D)}$$

A typical X7R or better grade ceramic capacitor with suitable capacitance should be chosen to handle this ripple current well. To minimize the potential noise problem, place this ceramic capacitor really close to the VIN and GND pins. Care should be taken to minimize the loop area formed by C_{VIN}, and VIN/GND pins.

Output capacitor Cout

The output capacitor is selected to handle the output current ripple noise requirements. For the best performance it is recommended to use X7R or better grade ceramic capacitor greater than 1µF capacitance.

Output inductor L

There are several considerations in choosing this inductor.

1) Choose the inductance to provide the desired ripple current. It is suggested to choose the ripple current to be about 40% of the maximum output current. The inductance is calculated as:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT}(1 - V_{OUT} / V_{IN, MAX})}{F_{SW} \times I_{OUT, MAX} \times 40\%}$$

Where F_{SW} is the switching frequency and I_{OUT,MAX} is the LED current.

The DIO8280A regulator IC is quite tolerant of different ripple current amplitude. Consequently, the final choice of inductance can be slightly off the calculation value without significantly impacting the performance.

2) The saturation current rating of the inductor must be selected to be grater than the peak inductor current under full load conditions.

$$I_{SAT,MIN} > I_{OUT, MAX} + \frac{V_{OUT}(1 - V_{OUT}/V_{IN, MAX})}{2 \cdot F_{SW} \cdot L}$$

Dimming Operation

The PWM dimming mode of the DIO8280A is not the traditional chopping, but regulate a DC voltage to the CF pin after processing the PWM signal through the EN pin. The CF voltage range is 0-1.2V, corresponding to 0-100% output current. So the output current is still DC during dimming process.

The PWM dimming frequency is 500Hz-20KHz (recommended 1KHz-5KHz).

If not dimming, EN pin could directly connect Vin power. If dimming, EN pin could connect 10 K Ω resistor to GND to prevent burr interference to EN when the system is started.



Soft Start

Add a ceramic capacitor C_{CF} on CF to achieve soft start, the soft start time can be adjusted by C_{CF}.

SCP

If V_{SEN-}V_{SENN}>=0.3V, PWM is disabled.

EN OFF

IC shut down after EN OFF with 8ms.

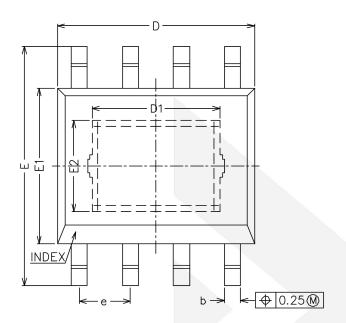
Layout Design

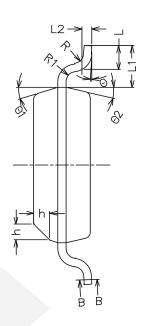
The layout design of DIO8280A regulator is relatively simple. For the best efficiency and minimum noise problems, we should place the following components close to the IC: C_{VIN}, L, C_{OUT}, CF and R_{CS}.

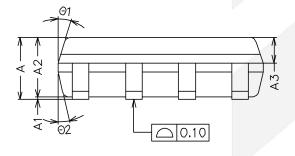
- 1) It is desirable to maximize the PCB copper area connecting to GND pin to achieve the best thermal and noise performance. If the board space allowed, a ground plane is highly desirable.
- 2) CIN must be close to Pins VIN and GND. The loop area formed by C_{IN} and GND must be minimized.
- 3) The PCB copper area associated with LX pin must be minimized to avoid the potential noise problem.
- 4) The IC package bottom pad must be connected to the GND, and should ensure that the bottom pad has a solder connection.

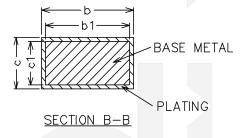


Physical Dimensions: EP-SOIC8









COMMON DIMENSIONS (UNITS OF MEASURE=MILLIMETER)					
Symbol	MAX				
A	MIN 1.35	NOM 1.45	1.65		
A1	0	1.43	0.15		
	_	1 40			
A2	1.35	1.40	1.55		
А3	0.50	0.60	0.70		
b	0.38	-	0.47		
b1	0.37	0.40	0.43		
С	0.17	-	0.25		
c1	0.17	0.20	0.23		
D	4.80	4.90	5.00		
D1	3.02	3.17	3.32		
E	5.80	6.00	6.20		
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00		
E2	2.13	2.28	2.43		
е	1.17	1.27	1.37		
L	0.45	0.60	0.80		
L1		1.04REF			
L2		0.25BSC			
R	0.07	-	-		
R1	0.07	-	-/		
h	0.30	0.40	0.50		
Θ	0°		8°		
Θ1	15°	17°	19°		
Θ2	11°	13°	15°		



CONTACT US

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