

Sound Processor with Built-in 3-band Equalizer

BD37541FS

General Description

BD37541FS is a sound processor with built-in 3-band equalizer for car audio. The functions are stereo input selector (which can switch single and ground isolation input), input-gain control, main volume, loudness, 5ch fader volume and mixing input. Moreover, "Advanced switch circuit", which is an original ROHM technology, can reduce various switching noise (ex. No-signal, low frequency like 20Hz & large signal inputs). Also, "Advanced switch" makes control of microcomputer easier, and can construct a high quality car audio system.

Features

- Reduced switching noise of input gain control, mute, main volume, fader volume, bass, middle, treble, loudness, mixing by using advanced switch circuit.
- Built-in differential input selector that can make various combination of single-ended / differential input.
- Built-in ground isolation amplifier inputs, which is ideal for external stereo input.
- Built-in input gain controller reduces switching noise for volume of a portable audio input.
- Decreased number of external components due to built-in 3-band equalizer filter and loudness filter. It is possible to control Q, G_V, f_O of 3-band equalizer through I²C BUS control.
- It is possible to adjust the gain of the bass, middle, treble up to ±20dB with 1 dB step gain adjustment.
- It is equipped with output terminals for Subwoofer. Moreover, the stereo signal output of the front and rear can also be chosen by the I²C BUS control.
- Built-in mixing input.
- Energy-saving design resulting in low-current consumption is achieved by utilizing the Bi-CMOS process. It has the advantage in quality over scaling down the power heat control of the internal regulators.
- Input terminals and output terminals are organized and separately laid out to keep the signal flow in one direction which results in simpler and smaller PCB layout.
- It is possible to control the I²C BUS by 3.3V / 5V.

Applications

It is optimal for car audio systems. It can also be used for audio equipment of mini Compo, micro Compo, TV, etc.

Key Specifications

Power Supply Voltage Range: 7.0V to 9.5VCircuit Current (No signal): 38mA(Typ)

■ Total Harmonic Distortion 1:

(FRONT,REAR) 0.001%(Typ)

Total Harmonic Distortion 2:

(SUBWOOFER) 0.002%(Typ)

Maximum Input Voltage: 2.3Vrms(Typ)
Cross-talk Between Selectors: -100dB(Typ)
Volume Control Range: +15 dB to -79dB

Output Noise Voltage 1:

(FRONT,REAR) 3.8µVrms(Typ)

Output Noise Voltage 2:

(SUBWOOFER) 4.8μVrms(Typ)
Residual Output Noise Voltage: 1.8μVrms(Typ)

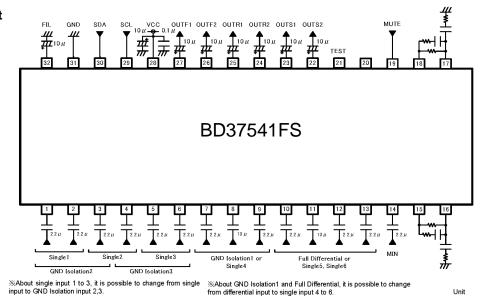
Residual Output Noise Voltage: 1.8µVrms(Typ)
 Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +85°C

Package

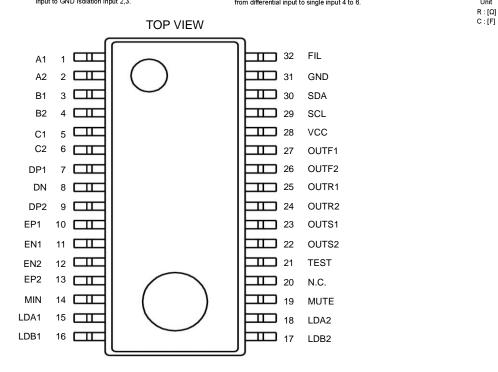
W(Typ) x D(Typ) x H(Max)



Typical Application Circuit



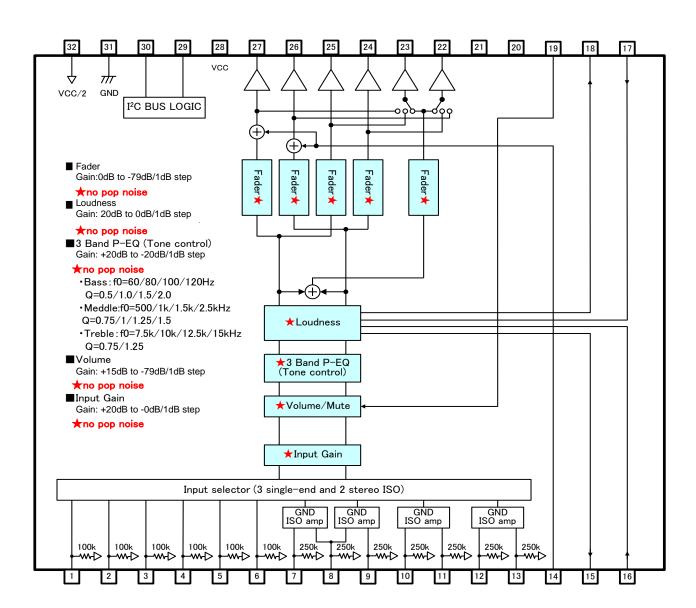
Pin Configuration



Pin Descriptions

| Pin No. | Pin Name | Description | Pin No. | Pin Name | Description |
|---------|-------------|----------------------------------|---------|-------------|---|
| 1 | A1 | A input terminal of 1ch | 17 | LDB2 | Loudness setting terminal of 2ch |
| 2 | A2 | A input terminal of 2ch | 18 | LDA2 | Loudness setting terminal of 2ch |
| 3 | B1 | B input terminal of 1ch | 19 | MUTE | External compulsory mute terminal |
| 4 | B2 | B input terminal of 2ch | 20 | N.C. | No Connection |
| 5 | C1 | C input terminal of 1ch | 21 | TEST | Test Pin |
| 6 | C2 | C input terminal of 2ch | 22 | OUTS2 | Subwoofer output terminal of 2ch |
| 7 | DP1 | D positive input terminal of 1ch | 23 | OUTS1 | Subwoofer output terminal of 1ch |
| 8 | DN | D negative input terminal | 24 | OUTR2 | Rear output terminal of 2ch |
| 9 | DP2 | D positive input terminal of 2ch | 25 | OUTR1 | Rear output terminal of 1ch |
| 10 | EP1 | E positive input terminal of 1ch | 26 | OUTF2 | Front output terminal of 2ch |
| 11 | EN1 | E negative input terminal of 1ch | 27 | OUTF1 | Front output terminal of 1ch |
| 12 | EN2 | E negative input terminal of 2ch | 28 | VCC | Power supply terminal |
| 13 | EP2 | E positive input terminal of 2ch | 29 | SCL | I ² C Communication clock terminal |
| 14 | MIN | Mixing input terminal | 30 | SDA | I ² C Communication data terminal |
| 15 | LDA1 | Loudness setting terminal of 1ch | 31 | GND | GND terminal |
| 16 | LDB1 | Loudness setting terminal of 1ch | 32 | FIL | VCC/2 terminal |

Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|----------------------|--------|--------------------|------|
| Power Supply Voltage | Vcc | 10.0 | ٧ |
| Input Voltage | Vin | Vcc+0.3 to GND-0.3 | V |
| Power Dissipation | Pd | 0.95 (Note 1) | W |
| Storage Temperature | Tstg | -55 to +150 | °C |

⁽Note 1) When mounted on the standard board (70 x 70 x 1.6 mm³), derate by 7.6mW/°C for Ta above 25°C.

Thermal resistance θja = 131.6(°C/W)

Material: A FR4 grass epoxy board(3% or less of copper foil area

Caution: Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins and the internal circuitry. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Power Supply Voltage | Vcc | 7.0 | - | 9.5 | V |
| Temperature | Topr | -40 | - | +85 | °C |

Electrical Characteristics

(Unless specified, Ta=25°C, Vcc=8.5V, f=1kHz, V_{IN}=1Vrms, Rg=600Ω, R_L=10kΩ, A1 input, Input gain 0dB, Mute OFF, Volume 0dB, Tone control 0dB, Loudness 0dB, Mixing OFF, Fader 0dB)

| | me dab, Tone control dab, Loudnes | · | <u>19</u> 01 1 , 1 | Limit | <u> </u> | | 0 1111 |
|----------|--|--------------------|--------------------|-------|----------|-------|--|
| BLOCK | Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Conditions |
| | Circuit Current (No Signal) | ΙQ | ı | 38 | 48 | mA | No signal |
| | Voltage Gain | G∨ | -1.5 | 0 | +1.5 | dB | Gv=20log(Vout/Vin) |
| | Channel Balance | СВ | -1.5 | 0 | +1.5 | dB | $CB = G_{V1} - G_{V2}$ |
| | Total Harmonic Distortion 1 (FRONT,REAR) | THD+N1 | - | 0.001 | 0.05 | % | V _{OUT} =1Vrms BW=400Hz-30KHz |
| | Total Harmonic Distortion 2 (SUBWOOFER) | THD+N2 | - | 0.002 | 0.05 | % | V _{OUT} =1Vrms BW=400Hz-30KHz |
| ENERAL | Output Noise Voltage 1 (FRONT,REAR) * | V _{NO1} | - | 3.8 | 15 | μVrms | $Rg = 0\Omega$ BW = IHF-A |
| GENE | Output Noise Voltage 2 (SUBWOOFER) * | V_{NO2} | ī | 4.8 | 15 | μVrms | $Rg = 0\Omega$ BW = IHF-A |
| | Residual Output Noise Voltage * | V_{NOR} | - | 1.8 | 10 | μVrms | Fader = -∞dB Rg = 0Ω BW = IHF-A |
| | Crosstalk Between Channels * | СТС | - | -100 | -90 | dB | $Rg = 0\Omega$ $CTC=20log(V_{OUT}/V_{IN})$ BW = IHF-A |
| | Ripple Rejection | RR | - | -70 | -40 | dB | f=1kHz V _{RR} =100mVrms RR=20log(V _{CC} IN/V _{ОUТ}) |
| | Input Impedance(A, B,C) | $R_{\text{IN_S}}$ | 70 | 100 | 130 | kΩ | |
| ~ | Input Impedance(D, E) | $R_{\text{IN_D}}$ | 175 | 250 | 325 | kΩ | |
| SELECTOR | Maximum Input Voltage | V _{IM} | 2.1 | 2.3 | - | Vrms | V _{IM} at THD+N(V _{OUT})=1% BW=400Hz-30KHz |
| UT SELE | Crosstalk Between Selectors * | CTS | - | -100 | -90 | dB | Rg = 0Ω CTS=20log(V _{OUT} /V _{IN}) BW = IHF-A |
| LUPUT | Common Mode Rejection Ratio * | CMRR | 50 | 65 | - | dB | XP1 and XN input XP2 and XN input CMRR=20log(V _{IN} /V _{OUT}) BW = IHF-A,[*XD,E] |

Electrical Characteristics - continued

| ctric | al Characteristics - continued | | | | | | |
|---------|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|---|
| BLOCK | Parameter | Symbol | | Limit | | Unit | Conditions |
| BLC | Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Offic | Conditions |
| GAIN | Minimum Input Gain | GIN_MIN | -2 | 0 | +2 | dB | Input gain 0dB V _{IN} =100mVrms G _{IN} =20log(V _{OUT} /V _{IN}) |
| INPUT 6 | Maximum Input Gain | GIN_MAX | 18 | 20 | 22 | dB | Input gain 20dB V _{IN} =100mVrms G _{IN} =20log(V _{OUT} /V _{IN}) |
| | Gain Set Error | G _{IN_ERR} | -2 | 0 | +2 | dB | GAIN=+1dB to +20dB |
| MUTE | Mute Attenuation * | G _{мите} | - | -105 | -85 | dB | Mute ON G _{MUTE} =20log(V _{OUT} /V _{IN}) BW = IHF-A |
| | Maximum Gain | Gv_max | 13 | 15 | 17 | dB | Volume = 15dB V_{IN} =100mVrms G_V =20log(V_{OUT}/V_{IN}) |
| VOLUME | Maximum Attenuation * | G _{V_MIN} | - | -100 | -85 | dB | Volume = $-\infty_D B$ GV=20LOG(V _{OUT} /V _{IN}) BW = IHF-A |
| 9 | Attenuation Set Error 1 | Gv_err1 | -2 | 0 | +2 | dB | GAIN & ATT=+15dB to -15dB |
| | Attenuation Set Error 2 | G _{V_ERR2} | -3 | 0 | +3 | dB | ATT=-16dB to -47dB |
| | Attenuation Set Error 3 | Gv_err3 | -4 | 0 | +4 | dB | ATT=-48dB to -79dB |
| | Maximum Boost Gain | G _{B_BST} | 18 | 20 | 22 | dB | Gain=+20dB f=100Hz V _{IN} =100mVrms G _B =20log (V _{OUT} /V _{IN}) |
| BASS | Maximum Cut Gain | G в_сит | -22 | -20 | -18 | dB | Gain=-20dB f=100Hz V _{IN} =2Vrms G _B =20log (V _{OUT} /V _{IN}) |
| | Gain Set Error | G _{B_ERR} | -2 | 0 | +2 | dB | Gain=-20dB to +20dB f=100Hz |
| Щ | Maximum boost gain | G _{м_в} ст | 18 | 20 | 22 | dB | Gain=+20dB f=1kHz V _{IN} =100mVrms G _M =20log (V _{OUT} /V _{IN}) |
| MIDDLE | Maximum cut gain | G м_сит | -22 | -20 | -18 | dB | Gain=-20dB f=1kHz V _{IN} =2Vrms G _M =20log (V _{OUT} /V _{IN}) |
| | Gain set error | G _{M_ERR} | -2 | 0 | +2 | dB | Gain=-20dB to +20dB f=1kHz |
| Щ | Maximum Boost Gain | G _{T_BST} | 18 | 20 | 22 | dB | Gain=+20dB f=10kHz V _{IN} =100mVrms GT=20log (V _{OUT} /V _{IN}) |
| TREBLE | Maximum Cut Gain | G т_сит | -22 | -20 | -18 | dB | Gain=-20dB f=10kHz V _{IN} =2Vrms GT=20log (V _{OUT} /V _{IN}) |
| | Gain Set Error | G _{T_ERR} | -2 | 0 | +2 | dB | Gain=-20dB to +20dB f=10kHz |
| | Input Impedance | R _{IN_M} | 19 | 27 | 35 | kΩ | |
| MIXING | Maximum Input Voltage | V _{IM_M} | 2.0 | 2.2 | - | Vrms | V _{IM} at THD+N(V _{OUT})=1% BW=400Hz-30KHz |
| M | Maximum Attenuation | G _{MX_MIN} | - | -100 | -85 | dB | MIX=OFF G _{MX} =20log(V _{OUT} /V _{IN}) BW=INF-A |

Electrical Characteristics - continued

| | ai Characteristics - continueu | | | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-------|-----|------|---|
| BLOCK | Parameter | Symbol | | Limit | | Unit | Conditions |
| BLC | Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Conditions |
| SUBWOOFER | Maximum Attenuation * | GF_MIN | - | -100 | -90 | dB | $Fader = -\infty dB$ $G_F=20log(V_{OUT}/V_{IN})$ $BW = IHF-A$ |
| 000 | Attenuation Set Error 1 | G _{F_ERR1} | -2 | 0 | +2 | dB | ATT=-1dB to -15dB |
| UBV | Attenuation Set Error 2 | GF_ERR2 | -3 | 0 | +3 | dB | ATT=-16dB to -47dB |
| _ | Attenuation Set Error 3 | G _{F_ERR3} | -4 | 0 | +4 | dB | ATT=-48dB to -79dB |
| FADER | Output Impedance | R _{OUT} | - | - | 50 | Ω | V _{IN} =100mVms |
| 14 | Maximum Output Voltage | V _{OM} | 2 | 2.2 | - | Vrms | THD+N=1% BW=400Hz-30KHz |
| LOUDNE | Maximum Gain | G _{L_MAX} | 17 | 20 | 23 | dB | Gain 20dB V _{IN} =100mVrms G _L =20log(V _{OUT} /V _{IN}) |
| 3 | Gain Set Error | | -2 | 0 | +2 | dB | GAIN=+1dB to +20dB |

VP-9690A(Average value detection, effective value display) filter by Matsushita Communication is used for * measurement. Phase between input / output is same.

Typical Performance Curves

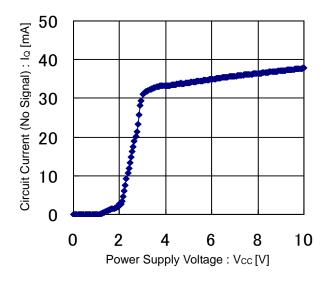


Figure 1. Circuit Current (No Signal) vs Power Supply Voltage

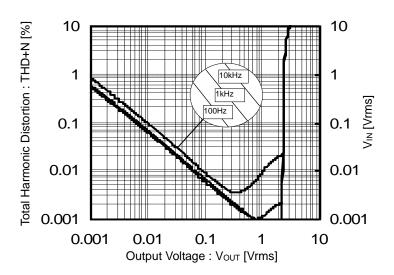


Figure 2. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Output Voltage

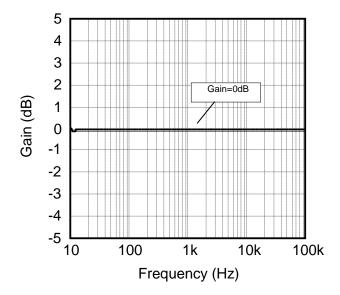


Figure 3. Gain vs Frequency

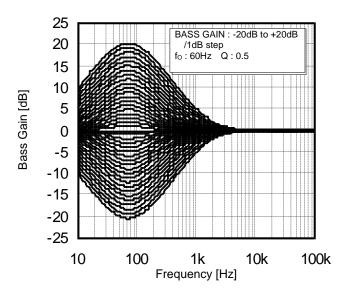


Figure 4. Bass Gain vs Frequency

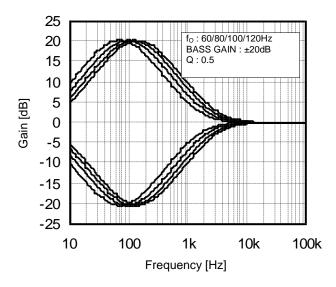


Figure 5. Bass fo vs Frequency

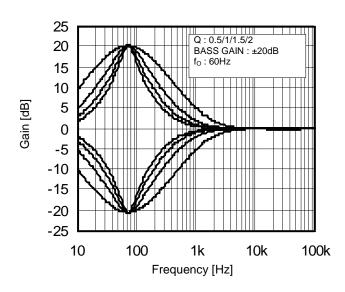


Figure 6. Bass Q vs Frequency

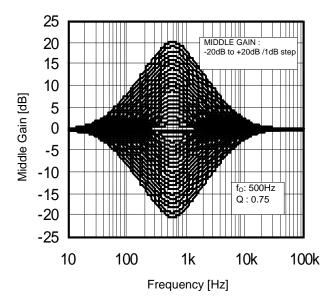


Figure 7. Middle Gain vs Frequency

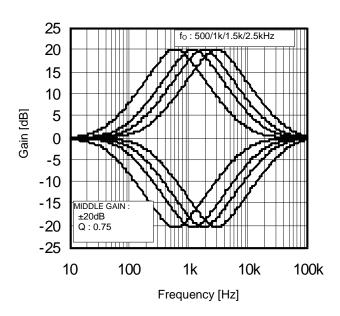


Figure 8. Middle fo vs Frequency

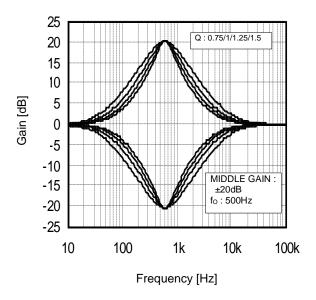


Figure 9. Middle Q vs Frequency

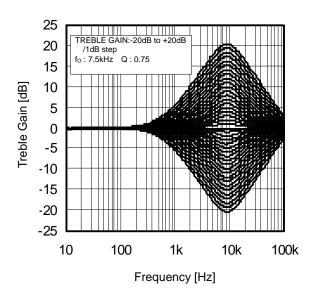


Figure 10. Treble Gain vs Frequency

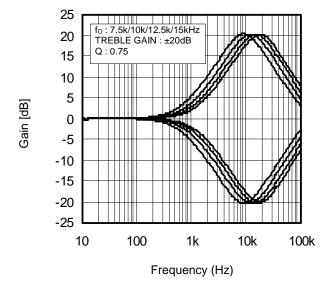


Figure 11. Treble fovs Frequency

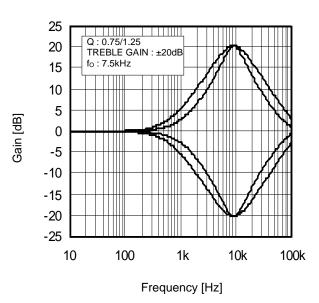


Figure 12. Treble Q vs Frequency

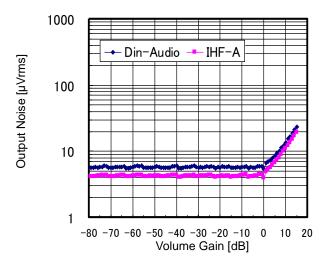


Figure 13. Output Noise vs Volume Gain

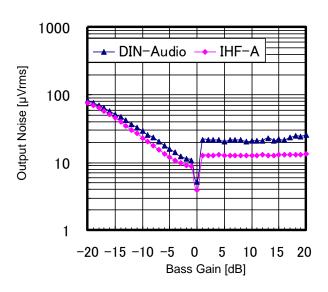


Figure 14. Output Noise vs Bass Gain

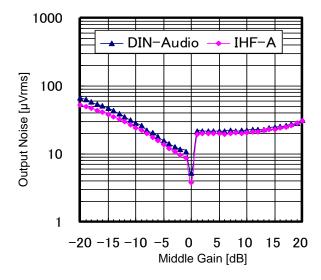


Figure 15. Output Noise vs Middle Gain

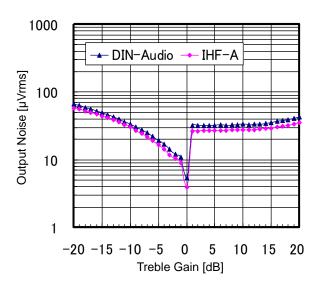
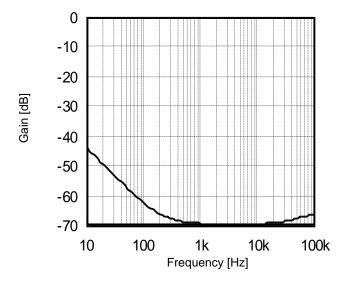


Figure 16. Output Noise vs Treble Gain





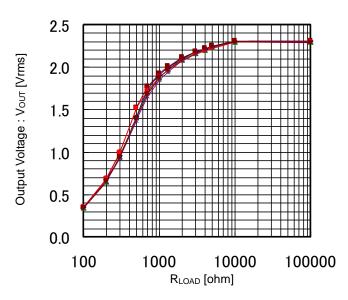


Figure 18. Output Voltage vs RLOAD

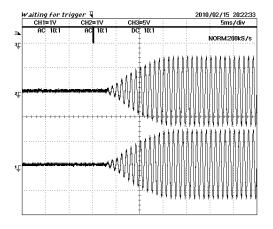


Figure 19. Advanced Switch 1

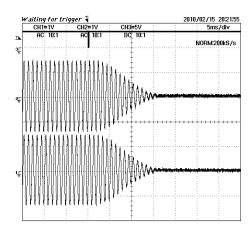


Figure 20. Advanced Switch 2

Timing Chart CONTROL SIGNAL SPECIFICATION

(1) Electrical Specifications and Timing for Bus Lines and I/O Stages

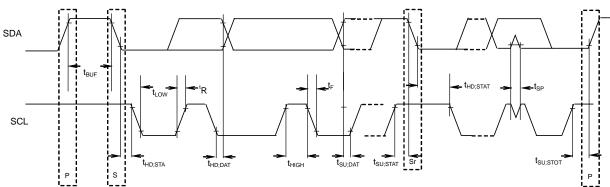


Figure 21. I2C-bus Signal Timing Diagram

Table 1 Characteristics of the SDA and SCL bus lines for I2C-bus devices (Ta=25°C, Vcc=8.5V)

| | Parameter | Cumbal | Fast-mode | Unit | |
|---|---|---------------------|------------------------|------|-------|
| | Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Uniii |
| 1 | SCL clock frequency | fscL | 0 | 400 | kHz |
| 2 | Bus free time between a STOP and START condition | t _{BUF} | 1.3 | - | μS |
| 3 | Hold time (repeated) START condition. After this period, the first clock pulse is generated | t _{HD;STA} | 0.6 | - | μS |
| 4 | LOW period of the SCL clock | t _{LOW} | 1.3 | - | μS |
| 5 | HIGH period of the SCL clock | thigh | 0.6 | - | μS |
| 6 | Set-up time for a repeated START condition | t _{SU;STA} | 0.6 | - | μS |
| 7 | Data hold time: | t _{HD;DAT} | 0.06 ^(Note) | - | μS |
| 8 | Data set-up time | tsu;dat | 120 | - | ns |
| 9 | Set-up time for STOP condition | tsu;sto | 0.6 | - | μS |

All values refer to VIH Min and VIL Max Levels (see Table 2).

(Note) A device must internally provide a hold time of at least 300 ns for the SDA signal (referred to the VIH Min of the SCL signal) in order to bridge the undefined region of the falling edge of SCL. For $7(t_{\text{HD,DAT}})$, $8(t_{\text{SU,DAT}})$, make the setup in which the margin is full.

Table 2 Characteristics of the SDA and SCL I/O stages for I2C-bus devices

| | Parameter | Symbol | Fast-mode | e devices | Unit |
|----|---|------------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| | Farameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Offic |
| 10 | LOW level input voltage: | V _{IL} | -0.3 | +1 | V |
| 11 | HIGH level input voltage: | VIH | 2.3 | 5 | V |
| 12 | Pulse width of spikes which must be suppressed by the input filter. | tsp | 0 | 50 | ns |
| 13 | LOW level output voltage: at 3mA sink current | V _{OL1} | 0 | 0.4 | V |
| 14 | Input current each I/O pin with an input voltage between 0.4V and 4.5V. | l _l | -10 | +10 | μA |

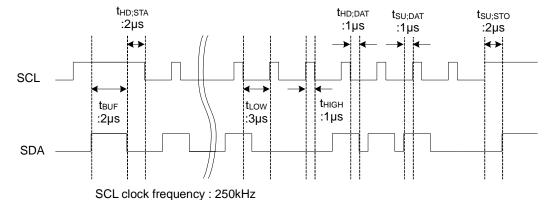


Figure 22. A Command Timing Example in the I²C Data Transmission

(2) <u>I²C BUS FORMAT</u>

| _ | | MSB LSB | MSB | | LSB | | MSB | MSB LSB | | | | |
|---|------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|---------|------------|---------|---|------|------|--------|
| | S | Slave Address | A Select A | | ddress | dress A | | Data | | Α | Р | |
| | 1bit | 8bit | 1bit | 8 | bit | 1bit | | 8bit | | 1bit | 1bit | |
| | | S | = Sta | art condition | Recognition | on of | start bit) | | | | | |
| | | Slave Address = Recognition of slave address. The first 7 bits correspond to the slave ad | | | | | | | | | | e addr |
| | | A | | e least signifi KNOWLEDO | | | | • | | | е. | |
| | | Select Address | | lect address | • | _ | | • | , | | | |
| | | Data | = Data on every volume and tone. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Р | = Sto | p condition (| Recognition | on of | stop bit) | | | | | |

(3) I²C BUS Interface Protocol

(a) Basic Format

| S | Slave Addres | SS | Α | Select Address | S | Α | Da | ta | Α | Р |
|---|--------------|-----|---|----------------|-----|---|-----|-----|---|---|
| | MSB | LSB | | MSB | LSB | N | 1SB | LSE | 3 | |

(b) Automatic Increment (Select Address increases (+1) according to the number of data.)

| S | Slave Address | Α | Select Addre | ess | Α | Data1 | Α | Data2 | Α | | DataN | Α | Р |
|---|---------------|---|--------------|-----|---|--------|---|-------|-----|---|-------|----|----|
| | MSB LSE | 3 | MSB | LSB | | MSB LS | B | MSB | LSE | 3 | MSB | LS | SB |

(Example) ①Data1 shall be set as data of address specified by Select Address.

- ②Data2 shall be set as data of address specified by Select Address +1.
- ③DataN shall be set as data of address specified by Select Address +N-1.

(c) Configuration Unavailable for Transmission (In this case, only Select Address1 is set.)

| S | Slave Address | Slave Address A | | A Select Addre | | ddress1 | Α | Da | ata | Α | Select A | Select Address 2 | | Dat | ta | Α | Р |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|------|---------|-------|-----|-------------|---------------|----------|------------------|----|-----|----|---|---|
| | MSB LSE | 3 | MSB | LSB | M | ISB | LSB | 3 | MSB | LSB | N | 1SB | LS | В | | | |
| | (Note) If any | data | a is transmi | tted as Se | elec | t Add | dress | 2 n | ext to data | a, it is reco | gniz | ed | | | | | |
| | as data, not as Select Address 2. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

(4) Slave Address

| - | MSB | | | | | | | LSB | |
|---|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|
| | A6 | A5 | A4 | A3 | A2 | A1 | A0 | R/W | |
| | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 80H |

(5) Select Address & Data

| Items | Select Address | MSB | MSB Data | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|---|---------------|---------------|------|---------------------|--|
| nems | (hex) | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | |
| Initial setup 1 | 01 | Advanced switch ON/OFF | 0 | Input Gai Tone/Fade | witch time of n/Volume r/Loudness king | 0 | 1 | | switch time Jute | |
| Initial setup 2 | 02 | 0 | 0 | | er Output lect | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Initial setup 3 | 03 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| Input Selector | 05 | Full-diff Type | 0 | 0 | | 1 | Input selecto | or | | |
| Input gain | 06 | Mute ON/OFF | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| Volume gain | 20 | | | \ | olume Gain | / Attenuation | n | | | |
| Fader 1ch Front | 28 | | | | Fader At | tenuation | | | | |
| Fader 2ch Front | 29 | | | | Fader At | tenuation | | | | |
| Fader 1ch Rear | 2A | Fader Attenuation | | | | | | | | |
| Fader 2ch Rear | 2B | | | | Fader At | tenuation | | | | |
| Fader Subwoofer | 2C | | | | Fader At | tenuation | | | | |
| Mixing | 30 | | | | Mixing C | N / OFF | | | | |
| Bass setup | 41 | 0 | 0 | Bas | s fo | 0 | 0 | Bas | ss Q | |
| Middle setup | 44 | 0 | 0 | Midd | dle fo | 0 | 0 | Midd | dle Q | |
| Treble setup | 47 | 0 | 0 | Treb | ole fo | 0 | 0 | 0 | Treble Q | |
| Bass gain | 51 | Bass Boost/ Cut | 0 | 0 | | | Bass Gain | | | |
| Middle gain | 54 | Middle Boost/ Cut | 0 | 0 | Middle Gain | | | | | |
| Treble gain | 57 | Treble Boost/ Cut | 0 | 0 | Treble Gain | | | | | |
| Loudness Gain | 75 | 0 | Loudness Hicut Loudness Gain | | | | | | | |
| System Reset | FE | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |

Advanced switch

Note

- 1. The Advance Switch works in the latch part while changing from one function to another.
- 2. Upon continuous data transfer, the Select Address rolls over because of the automatic increment function, as shown below.

- 3. Advance switch is not used for the function of input selector, subwoofer output select etc. Therefore, please apply mute on the side when changing these settings.
- 4. When using mute function of this IC at the time of changing input selector, please switch mute ON/OFF for waiting advanced-mute time.

Select address 01 (hex)

| Time | MSB | A | Advanced switch time of Mute | | | | | | | |
|---------|--------------------|----|------------------------------|------------|----|----|----|----|--|--|
| Time | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | | |
| 0.6msec | A di (0 0 0 0 0 d | | Advanced s | | | | 0 | 0 | | |
| 1.0msec | Advanced Switch | | of Input ga | ain/Volume | _ | 1 | 0 | 1 | | |
| 1.4msec | ON/OFF | | r/Loudness | U | ' | 1 | 0 | | | |
| 3.2msec | ON/OFF | | Mixing | | | | 1 | 1 | | |

| Time | MSB | Advanced switch time of Input MSB gain/Volume/Tone/Fader/ LSB Loudness/Mixing | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|------------------|---|----|----|----|----|---------------------------------|----|--|--|--|
| | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | | | |
| 4.7 msec | Λ -l | A di (a a a a a d | | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| 7.1 msec | Advanced | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Advanced switch Time of Mute | | | | |
| 11.2 msec | Switch ON/OFF | _ | 1 | 0 | | | | | | | |
| 14.4 msec | ON/OFF | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | |

| Mode | MSB | Advanced switch ON/OFF | | | | | | | |
|------|-----|------------------------|---|----|----|----|-----------------|---------|--|
| Mode | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | |
| OFF | 0 | 0 | Advanced switch time of Input gain/Volume Tone/Fader/Loudness Mixing | | 0 | 1 | Advanced switch | | |
| ON | 1 | | | | Ŭ | | Time o | of Mute | |

Select address 02(hex)

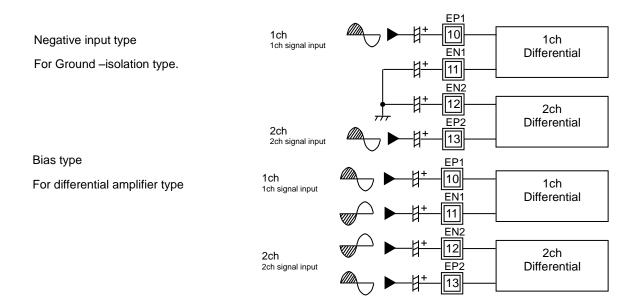
| _ | ologi adalogo oz(ligh) | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|--|
| Ī | Mode | MSB | ASB Subwoofer Output Select | | | | | | | | |
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | | |
| | Sub | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| | Front | | | 0 | 1 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | Rear | 0 | | 1 | 0 | | | | U | | |
| | Prohibition | | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | |

Select address 05(hex)

| Mode | | , | MSB | | | Input | Selector | | | LSB |
|-------------|-------------|-------|-----------|----|---------------|-------|----------|----|----|-----|
| ivioue | OUTF1 | OUTF2 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| Α | A1 | A2 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| В | B1 | B2 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| С | C1 | C2 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| D single | DP1 | DP2 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| E1 single | EP1 | EN1 | Full- | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| E2 single | EN2 | EP2 | diff bias | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| A diff | A1 | B1 | type | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| C diff | B2 | C2 | select | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D diff | DP1 | DP2 | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| E full diff | EP1 | EP2 | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Inpu | Input SHORT | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| Prohibition | | | | | Other setting | | | | | |

Input SHORT : The input impedance of each input terminal is lowered from 100kΩ(Typ) to 6 kΩ(Typ). (For quick charge of coupling capacitor)

| Mode | MSB | Full-diff Bias Type Select L | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-----|------------------------------|----|----------------|----|-------------|----|----|--|
| Mode | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | |
| Negative Input | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | nnut Salact | or | | |
| Bias | 1 |] 0 | 0 | Input Selector | | | | | |



Select address 06 (hex)

| Mode | MSB | | | Inpu | t Gain | | | LSB |
|-------------|--------|----|----|------|--------|----|----|-----|
| Mode | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 0dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 2dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 3dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 4dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 5dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 6dB | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 7dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 8dB | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 9dB | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 10dB | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 11dB | Mute | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 12dB | ON/OFF | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 13dB | | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 14dB | | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 15dB | | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 16dB | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 17dB | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 18dB | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 19dB | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 20dB | | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Prohibition | | | | ÷ | : | : | : | : |
| | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

| Mode | MSB | | ſ | Mute C | LSB | | | | |
|------|-----|----|----|--------------|-----|------------|----|----|--|
| Mode | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | |
| OFF | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | Innut Cain | | | |
| ON | 1 | U | U | 0 Input Gain | | | | | |

Select address 20, 28, 29, 2A, 2B, 2C (hex)

| Gain & ATT | MSB | Vo | I, Fad | er Gai | n / Att | enuat | ion | LSB |
|-------------|-----|----|--------|--------|---------|-------|-----|-----|
| Gaill & All | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Prohibition | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
| | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 15dB | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 14dB | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 13dB | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
| -77dB | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| -78dB | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| -79dB | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Prohibition | : | | : | : | | : | : | : |
| | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| -∞dB | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

(Only 0dB to -∞dB are available at address 28, 29, 2A, 2B,2C)

Select address 30(hex)

| Gain & ATT | MSB Mixing Gain / Attenuation | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|
| Gaill & Al I | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | |
| MIX ON | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| MIX OFF | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |

Select address 41(hex)

| Q factor | MSB | | В | ass | Q fact | or | | LSB |
|----------|-----|----|-----|-------|--------|----|----|-----|
| Q lactor | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 0.5 | | | | | | | 0 | 0 |
| 1.0 |] | _ | Pos | ss fo | 0 | _ | 0 | 1 |
| 1.5 |] " | U | Das | 55 10 | U | U | 1 | 0 |
| 2.0 | | | | | | | 1 | 1 |

| fo | MSB | | | Bass | s fo | | | LSB |
|-------|-----|----|----|------|------|----|------|--------------|
| TO | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 60Hz | | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| 80Hz | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | _ | 0 | Ва | ass actor |
| 100Hz | U | U | 1 | 0 | U | U | Q fa | actor |
| 120Hz | | | 1 | 1 | | | | |

Select address 44(hex)

| Ocicol addices ++(ncx) | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----|----|--------|--------|-------|-----|----|-----|
| Q factor | MSB | | Mi | ddle | Q fac | tor | | LSB |
| Q Tactor | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 0.75 | | | | | | | 0 | 0 |
| 1.0 | 0 | 0 | Mida | lla f | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1.25 | U | U | iviido | dle fo | U | U | 1 | 0 |
| 1.5 | | | | | | | 1 | 1 |

| fo | MSB | | | Middl | e fo | | | LSB |
|--------|-----|----|----|-------|------|----|------|-------|
| 10 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 500Hz | | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| 1kHz | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Mic | ddle |
| 1.5kHz | U | U | 1 | 0 | U | U | Q fa | actor |
| 2.5kHz | | | 1 | 1 | | | | |

Select address 47 (hex)

| Q factor | MSB | | Tre | eble | Q fac | tor | | LSB |
|----------|-----|----|------|--------|-------|-----|----|-----|
| Qiacioi | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 0.75 | 0 | 0 | Trob | ulo f | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1.25 |] 0 | 0 | rrec | ole fo | U | 0 | 0 | 1 |

| fo | MSB | | | Trebl | e fo | | | LSB |
|---------|-----|----|----|-------|------|----|----|----------|
| To | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 7.5kHz | | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| 10kHz | | 0 | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | 0 | Treble |
| 12.5kHz | 7 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |] 0 | 0 | 0 | Q factor |
| 15kHz | | | 1 | 1 | | | | |

Select address 51, 54, 57 (hex)

| Gain | MSB | | E | Bass/Middle | /Treble Gai | n | | LSB |
|-------------|---------|----|----|-------------|-------------|----|----|-----|
| Gairi | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 0dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 2dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 3dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 4dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 5dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 6dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 7dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 8dB | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 9dB | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 10dB | Bass/ | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 11dB | Middle/ | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 12dB | Treble | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 13dB | Boost | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 14dB | /cut | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 15dB | | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 16dB | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 17dB | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 18dB | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 19dB | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 20dB | | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Prohibition | | | | | : | : | : | : |
| rionibilion | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

| Mode | MSB | Ba | ss/Mic | ldle/Tr | eble E | Boost/ | Cut | LSB |
|-------|-----|-----|--------|---------|--------|--------------|--------|-----|
| Mode | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| Boost | 0 | 0 | 0 | | Doos/I | Middle/Trobl | o Coin | |
| Cut | 1 |] 0 | U | | Dass/i | Middle/Trebl | e Gain | |

Select address 75 (hex)

| OC | ieci addiess is (liex) | , | | | | | | | |
|----|------------------------|-----|----|----|-------|--------|------------|-----|-----|
| | Mode | MSB | | L | oudne | ss Hid | cut | | LSB |
| | Mode | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| | Hicut1 | | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| | Hicut2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | audaaa Ca | in | |
| | Hicut3 | U | 1 | 0 | | L | oudness Ga | urı | |
| | Hicut4 | | 1 | 1 | | | | | |

| Coin | MSB | | Lo | oudne | ss Ga | in | | LSB |
|-------------|-----|--------|----------|-------|-------|----|----|-----|
| Gain | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 0dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 2dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 3dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 4dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 5dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 6dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 7dB | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 8dB | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 9dB | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 10dB | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 11dB | 0 | Loudno | as Hisut | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 12dB | 0 | Loudne | ss Hicut | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 13dB | | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 14dB | | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 15dB | | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 16dB | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 17dB | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 18dB | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 19dB | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 20dB | | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Prohibition | | | | : | : | : | : | : |
| | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

: Initial condition

(6) About Power ON Reset

Built-in IC initialization is made during power ON of the supply voltage. Please send initial data to all addresses at supply voltage on. And please turn ON mute until this initial data is sent.

| Parameter | Symbol | | Limit | | Unit | Conditions |
|---|--------|-----|-------|-----|-------|---|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Offic | Conditions |
| Rise Time of VCC | trise | 33 | - | - | µsec | V _{CC} rise time from 0V to 5V |
| VCC Voltage of Release Power ON Reset | VPOR | 1 | 4.1 | - | V | |

(7) About External Compulsory Mute Terminal

It is possible to force mute externally by setting an input voltage to the MUTE terminal.

| Mute Voltage Condition | Mode |
|-------------------------|----------|
| GND to 1.0V | MUTE ON |
| 2.3V to V _{CC} | MUTE OFF |

Establish the voltage of MUTE in the condition you want to set.

Application Information

1. Function and Specifications

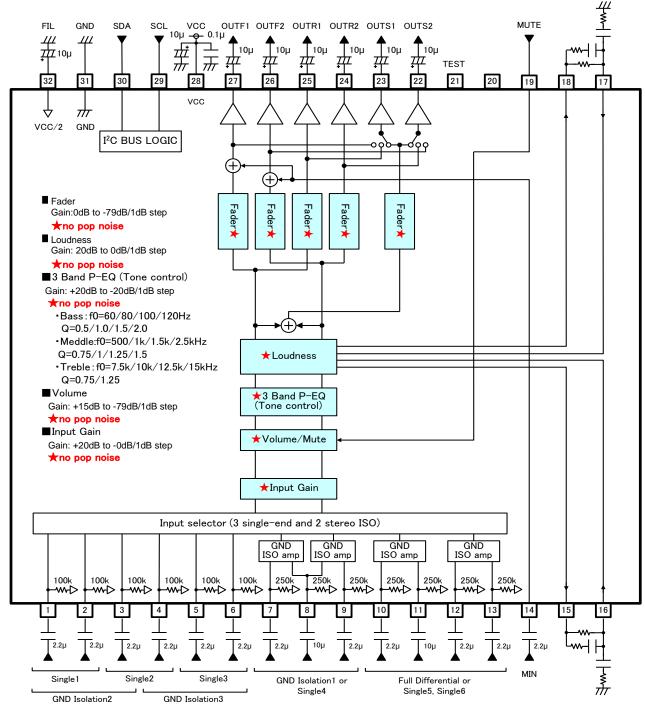
| Function | Incations | | Specifications | | | | | | |
|------------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | · Stereo input | | | | | | | | |
| | · Single-End/Diff/Full-Diff | | | | | | | | |
| | (Possible to set the number of single-end/diff/full-diff as follows) | | | | | | | | |
| | Single-End Differential Full-Differential | | | | | | | | |
| Input | Mode 1 | 0 | <u>3</u> 2 | 1 | | | | | |
| selector | Mode 2 Mode 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | | | | | |
| | Mode 4 | 4 | 0 | 1 | | | | | |
| | Mode 5 | 5 | 1 | 0 | | | | | |
| | Mode 6 | 6 Table 1 C | 0 ombination of in | U 0 out selector | | | | | |
| _ | · +20dB to 0d | | | | | | | | |
| Input gain | Possible to use "Advanced switch" for prevention of switching noise. | | | | | | | | |
| Mute | | | | ntion of switching noise. | | | | | |
| iviate | | | | nion of switching holse. | | | | | |
| Volume | · +15dB to -79dB (1dB step), -∞dB | | | | | | | | |
| | Possible to use "Advanced switch" for prevention of switching noise. | | | | | | | | |
| | · +20dB to -20dB (1dB step) | | | | | | | | |
| Bass | · Q=0.5, 1, 1.5, 2 | | | | | | | | |
| Buoo | · fo =60, 80, 100, 120Hz | | | | | | | | |
| | Possible to use "Advanced switch" for prevention of switching noise. | | | | | | | | |
| | · +20dB to -20dB (1dB step) | | | | | | | | |
| N 42 1 11 | · Q=0.75, 1, 1.25, 1.5 | | | | | | | | |
| Middle | · fo=500, 1k, 1.5k 2.5kHz | | | | | | | | |
| | Possible to use "Advanced switch" for prevention of switching noise. | | | | | | | | |
| | · +20dB to -20dB (1dB step) | | | | | | | | |
| | · Q=0.75, 1.25 | | | | | | | | |
| Treble | | | | | | | | | |
| | • fo=7.5k, 10k, 12.5k, 15kHz | | | | | | | | |
| | Possible to use "Advanced switch" for prevention of switching noise. | | | | | | | | |
| Fader | · 0dB to -79dB, -∞dB | | | | | | | | |
| | Possible to use "Advanced switch" for prevention of switching noise. | | | | | | | | |
| Loudness | · 20dB to 0dB(1dB step) | | | | | | | | |
| | Possible to use "Advanced switch" for prevention of switching noise. | | | | | | | | |
| | · Monaural input | | | | | | | | |
| Mixing | · 0dB/-∞dB | | | | | | | | |
| | · Possible to | use "Advanced s | witch" for prever | ntion of switching noise. | | | | | |

2. Volume / Fader Volume Attenuation Data

| (dB) D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 +15 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 +14 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| H14 | (dB) | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | (dB) | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| H14 | +15 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | -33 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| H13 | | | | | | | _ | | | | | _ | | _ | | | | |
| #12 | | | 1 | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | | 0 | 1 | |
| +11 | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 0 | | | | | 0 | |
| +10 | | | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | | 1 | | |
| +9 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| +8 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | |
| +77 | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| +6 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | | |
| +5 | | | 1 | | 1 | | 0 | | | | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 1 | |
| +44 | | | | | _ | | _ | | | | | _ | | | | | 1 | |
| +3 | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| +2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 | | | _ | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| +1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | | | 1 | |
| -1 | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| -2 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 | | 1 | 0 | 0 | _ | | 0 | | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | 0 | 0 | |
| -4 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 -5 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 -6 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 -7 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> | | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| -4 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 -55 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| -5 | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| -6 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 -7 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 -8 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 | -5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| -7 | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| -9 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 -10 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 -11 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <td>-7</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>-55</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> | -7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | -55 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | |
| -10 | -8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -56 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| -11 | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | -57 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| -12 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 -13 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 -14 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 </td <td>-10</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>-58</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> | -10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | -58 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| -13 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 | -11 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | -59 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| -14 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 | -12 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | -60 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| -15 1 0 0 0 1 | -13 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | -61 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| -16 1 0 0 1 0 | -14 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | -62 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| -17 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 -65 1 1 0 0 0 1 -18 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 </td <td>-15</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> | -15 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| -18 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 -19 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| -19 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 | | 1 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| -20 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 | | | 0 | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | _ | 0 | | 0 | 1 | |
| -21 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| -22 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 -23 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 -24 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>_</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | 0 | | 1 | 0 | 1 | _ | | | 1 | 1 | _ | 0 | | 1 | | |
| -23 1 0 0 1 0 1 | | _ | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 1 | | | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| -24 1 0 0 1 1 0 | | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | 0 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | |
| -25 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 -26 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 <td>-23</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>-71</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> | -23 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | -71 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| -26 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| -27 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 -28 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 <td>-25</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> | -25 | 1 | 0 | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| -28 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 -29 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>1</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>0</td> | | | | | 1 | 1 | _ | | | | | 1 | | _ | 1 | _ | | 0 |
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| -30 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | 1 | 0 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 0 | -76 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| -31 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 -79 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 | -29 | 1 | 0 | _ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | -77 | 1 | 1 | 0 | _ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | -30 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | -78 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| -32 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 -\infty 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | -79 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| Fader Volume only 0dB to -edB are available | | | | | | | | 0 | 0 | -∞ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Fader Volume only 0dB to -∞dB are available.

3. Application Circuit



(Note) About single input 1 to 3, it is possible to change from single input to GND Isolation input 2,3.

(Note) About GND Isolation1 and Full Differential, it is possible to change from differential input to single input 4 to 6.

Unit R : [Ω]

R:[Ω]

Figure 23. BD37541FS

Notes on wiring

- ①Please connect the decoupling capacitor of the power supply in the shortest possible distance to GND.
- ②GND lines should be one-point connected.
- ③Wiring pattern of Digital should be away from that of Analog unit and crosstalk should not be acceptable.
- (4) SCL and SDA lines of I²C BUS should not be parallel if possible.
 - The lines should be shielded, if they are adjacent to each other.
- ⑤Analog input lines should not be parallel if possible. The lines should be shielded, if they are adjacent to each other.
- 6 About TEST pin (Pin 21), please leave it OPEN.

Power Dissipation

About the thermal design of the IC

Characteristics of an IC have a great deal to do with the temperature at which it is used, and exceeding absolute maximum ratings may degrade and destroy elements. Careful consideration must be given to the heat of the IC from the two standpoints of immediate damage and long-term reliability of operation.

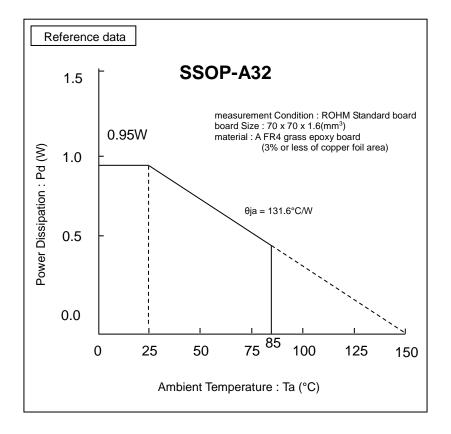


Figure 24. Temperature Derating Curve

(Note) Values are actual measurements and are not guaranteed.

Power dissipation values vary according to the board on which the IC is mounted.

I/O Equivalent Circuits

| Terminal No. | Terminal Name | Terminal Voltage | Equivalent Circuit | Terminal Description |
|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------|---|--|
| 1 2 3 4 5 | A1 A2 B1 B2 C1 C2 | 4.25 | VCC Δ | A terminal for signal input. The input impedance is 100kΩ (typ). |
| 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | DP1 DN DP2 EP1 EN1 EN2 EP2 | 4.25 | VCC | Input terminal available to Single/Differential mode. The input impedance is 250kΩ (typ). |
| 15 18 | LDA1 LDA2 | 4.25 | VCC A 1.65V | The loudness characteristic setting terminal. |
| 16 17 | LDB1 LDB2 | 4.25 | VCC By | The loudness characteristic setting terminal. |
| 19 | MUTE | - | VCC 0.58×V _{CC} 250KΩ 1.65V | A terminal for external compulsory mute. If terminal voltage is High level, the mute is OFF. And if the terminal voltage is Low level, the mute is on. |

Values in the pin explanation and input/output equivalent circuit are reference values only and are not guaranteed.

I/O Equivalent Circuits – continued

| Terminal No. | Terminal Name | Terminal Voltage | Equivalent Circuit | Terminal Description | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 22 23 24 25 26 27 | OUTS2 OUTS1 OUTR2 OUTR1 OUTF2 OUTF1 | 4.25 | VCC GND GND | A terminal for fader and Subwoofer output. | | | | | |
| 28 | VCC | 8.5 | | Power supply terminal. | | | | | |
| 29 | SCL | - | VCC O 1.65V | A terminal for clock input of I ² C BUS communication. | | | | | |
| 30 | SDA | - | VCC GND 1.65V | A terminal for data input of I ² C BUS communication. | | | | | |
| 31 | GND | 0 | | Ground terminal. | | | | | |
| 32 | FIL | 4.25 | VCC Z \$50k | 1/2 VCC terminal. Voltage for reference bias of analog signal system. The simple precharge circuit and simple discharge circuit for an external capacitor are built in. | | | | | |
| 14 | MIN | 4.25 | VCC Δ 27ΚΩ | A terminal for signal input. The input impedance is $27k\Omega$ (Typ). | | | | | |
| 21 | TEST | - | | TEST terminal | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Values in the pin explanation and input/output equivalent circuit are reference values only and are not guaranteed.

Operational Notes

1. Reverse Connection of Power Supply

Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply pins.

2. Power Supply Lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance supply lines. Separate the ground and supply lines of the digital and analog blocks to prevent noise in the ground and supply lines of the digital block from affecting the analog block. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

3. Ground Voltage

Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below that of the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

4. Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both small-signal and large-current ground traces, the two ground traces should be routed separately but connected to a single ground at the reference point of the application board to avoid fluctuations in the small-signal ground caused by large currents. Also ensure that the ground traces of external components do not cause variations on the ground voltage. The ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance.

5. Thermal Consideration

Should by any chance the power dissipation rating be exceeded the rise in temperature of the chip may result in deterioration of the properties of the chip. In case of exceeding this absolute maximum rating, increase the board size and copper area to prevent exceeding the Pd rating.

6. Recommended Operating Conditions

These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

7. Inrush Current

When power is first supplied to the IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and inrush current may flow instantaneously due to the internal powering sequence and delays, especially if the IC has more than one power supply. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of ground wiring, and routing of connections.

8. Operation Under Strong Electromagnetic Field

Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

9. Testing on Application Boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

10. Inter-pin Short and Mounting Errors

Ensure that the direction and position are correct when mounting the IC on the PCB. Incorrect mounting may result in damaging the IC. Avoid nearby pins being shorted to each other especially to ground, power supply and output pin. Inter-pin shorts could be due to many reasons such as metal particles, water droplets (in very humid environment) and unintentional solder bridge deposited in between pins during assembly to name a few.

11. Unused Input Pins

Input pins of an IC are often connected to the gate of a MOS transistor. The gate has extremely high impedance and extremely low capacitance. If left unconnected, the electric field from the outside can easily charge it. The small charge acquired in this way is enough to produce a significant effect on the conduction through the transistor and cause unexpected operation of the IC. So unless otherwise specified, unused input pins should be connected to the power supply or ground line.

Operational Notes - continued

12. Regarding the Input Pin of the IC

This monolithic IC contains P+ isolation and P substrate layers between adjacent elements in order to keep them isolated. P-N junctions are formed at the intersection of the P layers with the N layers of other elements, creating a parasitic diode or transistor. For example (refer to figure below):

When GND > Pin A and GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic diode.

When GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic transistor.

Parasitic diodes inevitably occur in the structure of the IC. The operation of parasitic diodes can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Therefore, conditions that cause these diodes to operate, such as applying a voltage lower than the GND voltage to an input pin (and thus to the P substrate) should be avoided.

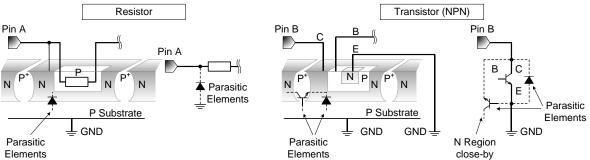
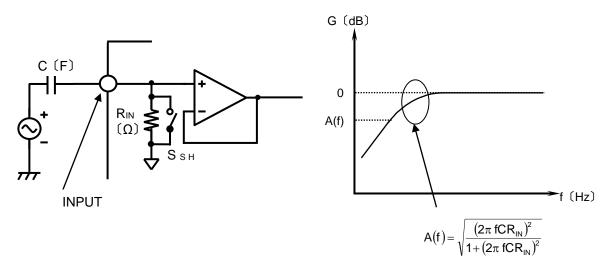


Figure 25. Example of monolithic IC structure

13. About Signal Input

(a) About Input Coupling Capacitor Constant Value

The constant value of input coupling capacitor C(F) is decided with respect to the input impedance $R_{IN}(\Omega)$ at the input signal terminal of the IC. The first HPF characteristic of RC is composed.



(b) About the Input Selector SHORT

SHORT mode is the command which makes switch S_{SH} =ON of input selector part so that the input impedance R_{IN} of all terminals becomes small. Switch S_{SH} is OFF when SHORT command is not selected. The constant time brought about by the small resistance inside and the capacitor outside the LSI becomes small when this command is used. The charge time of the capacitor becomes short. Since SHORT mode turns ON the switch of S_{SH} and makes it low impedance, please use it at no signal condition.

Operational Notes - continued

14. About Mute Terminal (Pin 19) when Power Supply is OFF

There should be no applied voltage across the Mute terminal (Pin 19) when power-supply is OFF. If in case voltage is supplied to mute terminal, please insert a series resistor (about $2.2k\Omega$) to Mute terminal. (Please refer to Application Circuit Diagram.)

15. About TEST Pin

TEST Pin should be left as OPEN. Pin 21 is TEST Pin.

16. About MIX

About Specification of Fader -∞ at MIX ON.

Mix_signal is added to Main_signal after Fader_Gain(+15dB to -79dB) like the figure. When Fader is set at -∞, the signal after a MIX signal is added is done with MUTE because the -∞ circuit of Fader is in the step after the addition circuit.

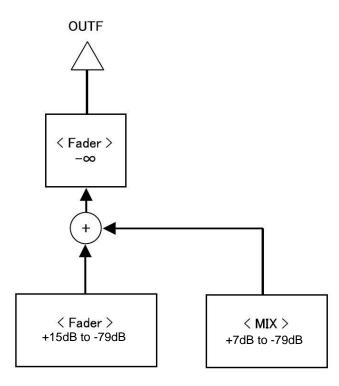


Figure 26. About Front Fader and MIX

Operational Notes - continued

17. About the External Parts Setting of Loudness Circuit

This IC is equipped with a Loudness circuit.

The Loudness gain is fixed inside the IC but its frequency characteristic can be changed freely by adjusting the external part filter. The circuit composition of the Loudness part is shown below. Incidentally, when not using the Loudness circuit, please short the pins between LDA1(Pin 15) and LDB1(Pin 16), and between LDA2(Pin 18) and LDB2(Pin 17), so as to avoid the inner amplifier inputs to become floating.

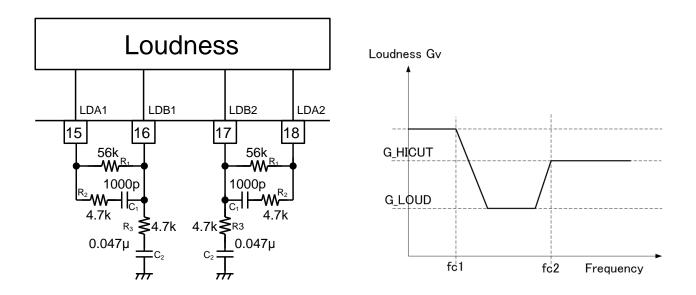


Figure 27. About the External Parts Setting of Loudness Circuit

The Loudness frequency characteristics are decided according to Figure 27. G_LOUD can be made 20dB when external parts used are the same with Figure 27 (the recommended value). G_LOUD is the amount of effect of Loudness when Loudness Gain is set at 20dB (P.20).

When Loudness frequency characteristics are changed, each parameter (Gain, Frequency) shown in Figure 27 can be decided using the following approximate equation below.

(Note) Design fc2 value more than one digit bigger than fc1 to get effect on Loudness.

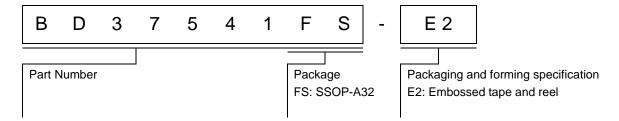
Loudness cut-off frequency

$$\begin{split} &\text{fc1} = \frac{1}{2\pi C_2 \big(R_1 + R_3 \big)} \quad \big[\text{Hz} \big] \\ &\text{fc2} = \frac{1}{2\pi C_1 \big(R_2 + R_3 \big)} \quad \big[\text{Hz} \big] \end{split}$$

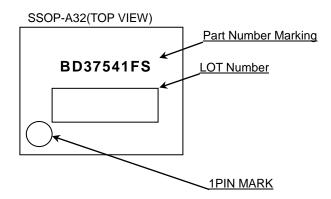
Loudness Gain (The amount of effect of Loudness)

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{G}_{_\mathsf{LOUD}} &= 20 \log \left(\frac{R_3}{R_1 + R_3} \right) \quad \big[\mathsf{dB} \big] \\ \mathbf{G}_{_\mathsf{HICUT}} &= 20 \log \left(\frac{R_3}{R_1 /\!\!/ R_2 + R_3} \right) \quad \big[\mathsf{dB} \big] \end{split}$$

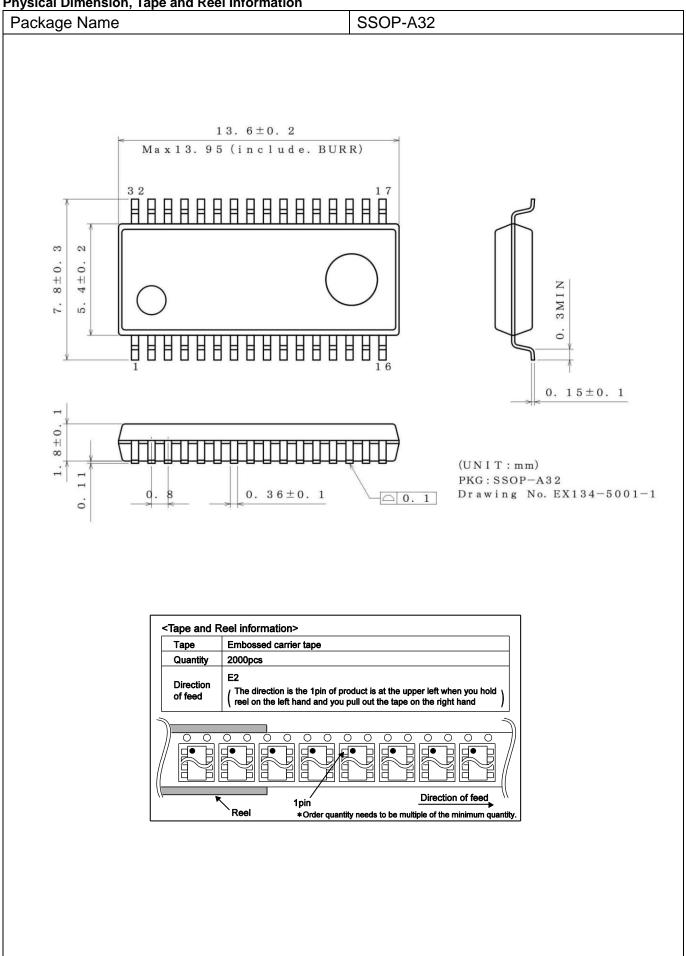
Ordering Information



Marking Diagram



Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information



Revision History

| Date | Revision | Changes |
|-------------|----------|-------------|
| 16.Dec.2015 | 001 | New Release |

Notice

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| JAPAN | USA | EU | CHINA |
|---------|-----------|----------|------------|
| CLASSⅢ | CL ACCIII | CLASSIIb | П 20 |
| CLASSIV | CLASSⅢ | CLASSⅢ | - CLASSIII |

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 - [a] Installation of protection circuits or other protective devices to improve system safety
 - [b] Installation of redundant circuits to reduce the impact of single or multiple circuit failure
- 3. Our Products are designed and manufactured for use under standard conditions and not under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions, as exemplified below. Accordingly, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses arising from the use of any ROHM's Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions. If you intend to use our Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions (as exemplified below), your independent verification and confirmation of product performance, reliability, etc, prior to use, must be necessary:
 - [a] Use of our Products in any types of liquid, including water, oils, chemicals, and organic solvents
 - [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
 - [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, and NO₂
 - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
 - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- 5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation depending on ambient temperature. When used in sealed area, confirm that it is the use in the range that does not exceed the maximum junction temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

- 1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used on a surface-mount products, the flow soldering method must be used on a through hole mount products. If the flow soldering method is preferred on a surface-mount products, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits

- 1. If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.
- 2. You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

Precaution for Electrostatic

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of lonizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

Precaution for Storage / Transportation

- 1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
 - [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, and NO2
 - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
 - [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
 - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
- Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period
 may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is
 exceeding the recommended storage time period.
- 3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- 4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

Precaution for Product Label

QR code printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

Precaution for Disposition

When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

Precaution for Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade act

Since concerned goods might be fallen under listed items of export control prescribed by Foreign exchange and Foreign trade act, please consult with ROHM in case of export.

Precaution Regarding Intellectual Property Rights

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General Precaution

- 1. Before you use our Products, you are requested to care fully read this document and fully understand its contents. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure, malfunction or accident arising from the use of a ny ROHM's Products against warning, caution or note contained in this document.
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