

# NUP4201MR6

## Transient Voltage Suppressors

### ESD Protection Diodes with Low Clamping Voltage

The NUP4201MR6 transient voltage suppressor is designed to protect high speed data lines from ESD, EFT, and lightning.

#### Features

- Low Clamping Voltage
- Stand-Off Voltage: 5 V
- Low Leakage
- TSOP-6 is footprint compatible with SC-74, SC-59 6 Lead and SOT-23 6 Lead
- Protection for the Following IEC Standards:  
IEC 61000-4-2 Level 4 ESD Protection
- UL Flammability Rating of 94 V-0
- Pb-Free Package is Available

#### Typical Applications

- High Speed Communication Line Protection
- USB 1.1 and 2.0 Power and Data Line Protection
- Digital Video Interface (DVI)
- Monitors and Flat Panel Displays

#### MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Peak Power Dissipation 8 x 20 $\mu\text{s}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 1)	$P_{pk}$	500	W
Operating Junction Temperature Range	$T_J$	-40 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Solder Temperature – Maximum (10 Seconds) NUP4201MR6T1 NUP4201MR6T1G	$T_L$	235 260	$^\circ\text{C}$ $^\circ\text{C}$
Human Body Model (HBM) Machine Model (MM) IEC 61000-4-2 Air (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2 Contact (ESD)	ESD	16000 400 20000 20000	V
IEC 61000-4-4 (5/50 ns)	EFT	40	A

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

1. Non-repetitive current pulse per Figure 5 (Pin 5 to Pin 2)

See Application Note AND8308/D for further description of survivability specs.

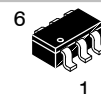
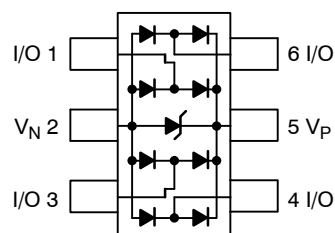


ON Semiconductor®

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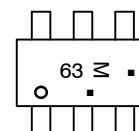
### TSOP-6 LOW CAPACITANCE DIODE TVS ARRAY 500 WATTS PEAK POWER 6 VOLTS

#### PIN CONFIGURATION AND SCHEMATIC



TSOP-6  
CASE 318G  
PLASTIC

#### MARKING DIAGRAM



63 = Specific Device Code

M = Date Code

■ = Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

\*Date Code orientation may vary depending upon manufacturing location.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping
NUP4201MR6T1	TSOP-6	3000/Tape & Reel
NUP4201MR6T1G	TSOP-6 (Pb-Free)	3000/Tape & Reel

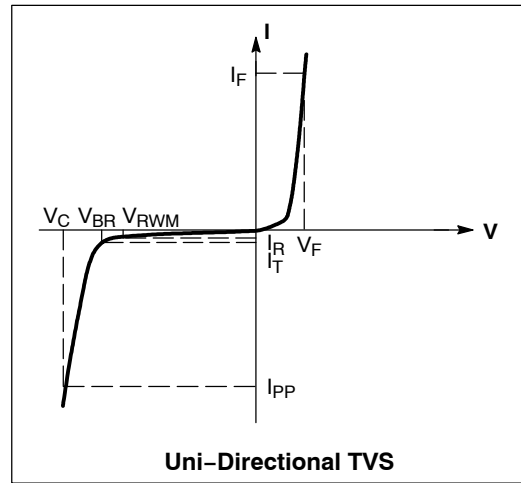
†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specification Brochure, BRD8011/D.

# NUP4201MR6

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter
$I_{PP}$	Maximum Reverse Peak Pulse Current
$V_C$	Clamping Voltage @ $I_{PP}$
$V_{RWM}$	Working Peak Reverse Voltage
$I_R$	Maximum Reverse Leakage Current @ $V_{RWM}$
$V_{BR}$	Breakdown Voltage @ $I_T$
$I_T$	Test Current
$I_F$	Forward Current
$V_F$	Forward Voltage @ $I_F$
$P_{pk}$	Peak Power Dissipation
C	Capacitance @ $V_R = 0$ and $f = 1.0$ MHz



\*See Application Note AND8308/D for detailed explanations of datasheet parameters.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Reverse Working Voltage	$V_{RWM}$	(Note 2)			5.0	V
Breakdown Voltage	$V_{BR}$	$I_T = 1$ mA, (Note 3)	6.0			V
Reverse Leakage Current	$I_R$	$V_{RWM} = 5$ V			5.0	$\mu\text{A}$
Clamping Voltage	$V_C$	$I_{PP} = 5$ A (Note 4)			12.5	V
Clamping Voltage	$V_C$	$I_{PP} = 8$ A (Note 4)			20	V
Maximum Peak Pulse Current	$I_{PP}$	$8 \times 20$ $\mu\text{s}$ Waveform (Note 4)			25	A
Junction Capacitance	$C_J$	$V_R = 0$ V, $f = 1$ MHz between I/O Pins and GND		3.0	5.0	pF
Junction Capacitance	$C_J$	$V_R = 0$ V, $f = 1$ MHz between I/O Pins		1.5	3.0	pF
Clamping Voltage	$V_C$	@ $I_{PP} = 1$ A (Notes 5 and 6)			16.6	V
Clamping Voltage	$V_C$	Per IEC 61000-4-2 (Note 7)	Figure 1 and 2			V

- TVS devices are normally selected according to the working peak reverse voltage ( $V_{RWM}$ ), which should be equal or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.
- $V_{BR}$  is measured at pulse test current  $I_T$ .
- Non-repetitive current pulse per Figure 5 (Pin 5 to Pin 2)
- Non-repetitive current pulse per Figure 5 (Any I/O Pins)
- Surge current waveform per Figure 5.
- For test procedure see Figures 3 and 4 and Application Note AND8307/D.

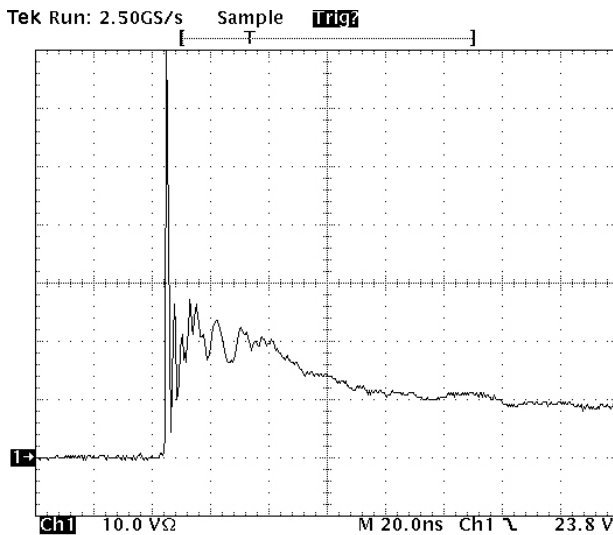


Figure 1. ESD Clamping Voltage Screenshot Positive 8 kV Contact per IEC61000-4-2

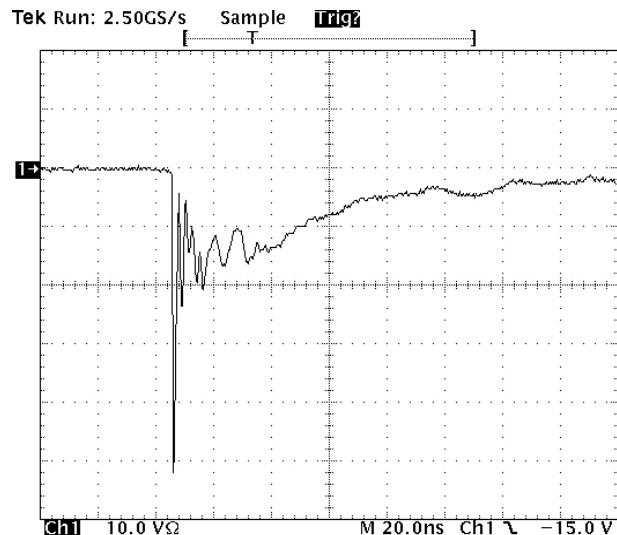


Figure 2. ESD Clamping Voltage Screenshot Negative 8 kV Contact per IEC61000-4-2

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## IEC 61000-4-2 Spec.

Level	Test Voltage (kV)	First Peak Current (A)	Current at 30 ns (A)	Current at 60 ns (A)
1	2	7.5	4	2
2	4	15	8	4
3	6	22.5	12	6
4	8	30	16	8

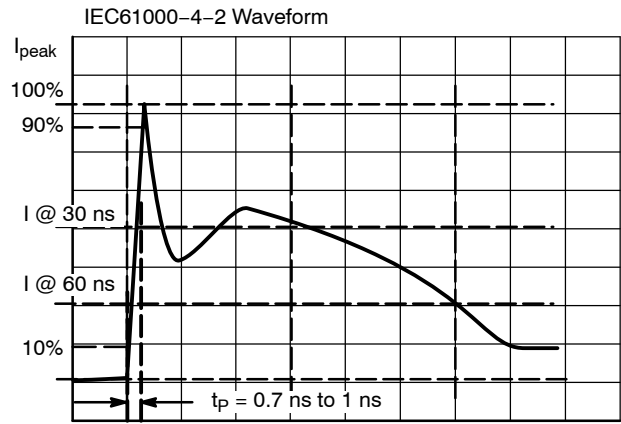


Figure 3. IEC61000-4-2 Spec

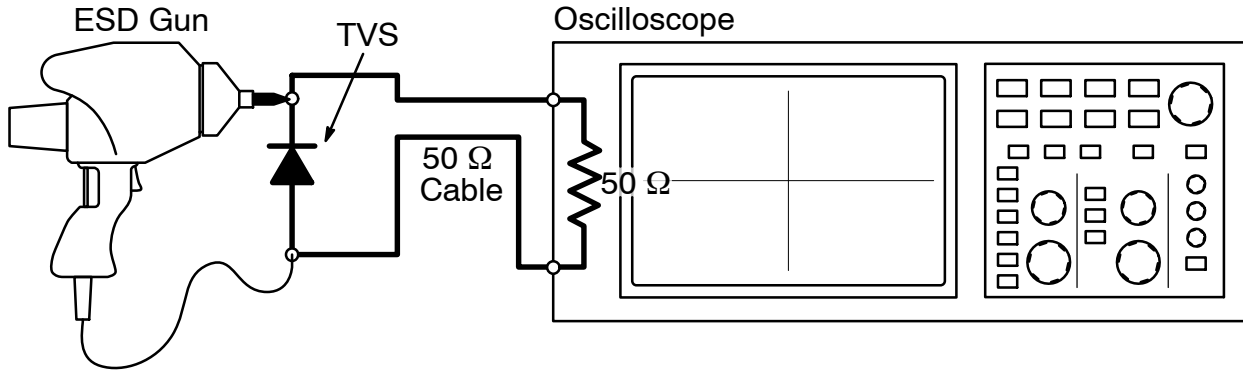


Figure 4. Diagram of ESD Test Setup

The following is taken from Application Note AND8308/D – Interpretation of Datasheet Parameters for ESD Devices.

### ESD Voltage Clamping

For sensitive circuit elements it is important to limit the voltage that an IC will be exposed to during an ESD event to as low a voltage as possible. The ESD clamping voltage is the voltage drop across the ESD protection diode during an ESD event per the IEC61000-4-2 waveform. Since the IEC61000-4-2 was written as a pass/fail spec for larger

systems such as cell phones or laptop computers it is not clearly defined in the spec how to specify a clamping voltage at the device level. ON Semiconductor has developed a way to examine the entire voltage waveform across the ESD protection diode over the time domain of an ESD pulse in the form of an oscilloscope screenshot, which can be found on the datasheets for all ESD protection diodes. For more information on how ON Semiconductor creates these screenshots and how to interpret them please refer to AND8307/D.

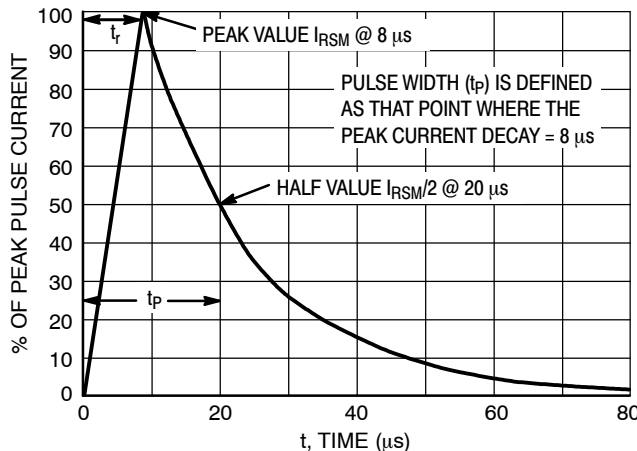


Figure 5. 8 X 20 μs Pulse Waveform

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## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

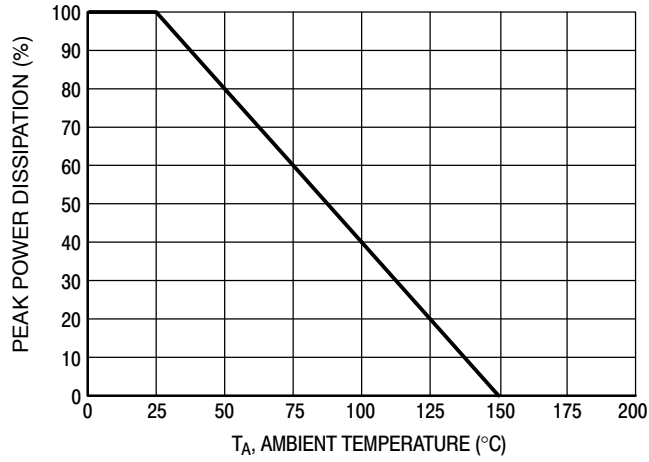


Figure 6. Pulse Derating Curve

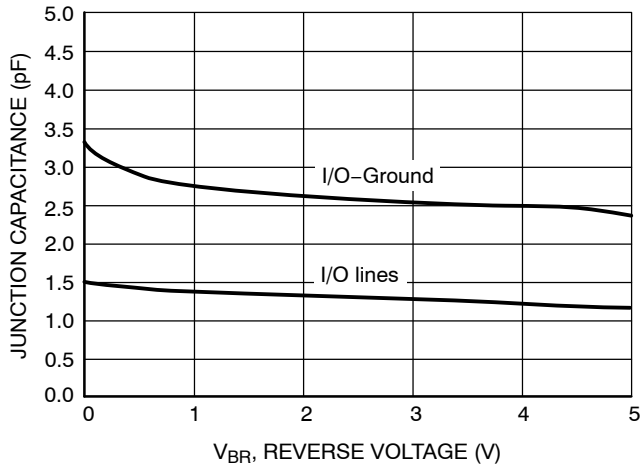


Figure 7. Junction Capacitance vs Reverse Voltage

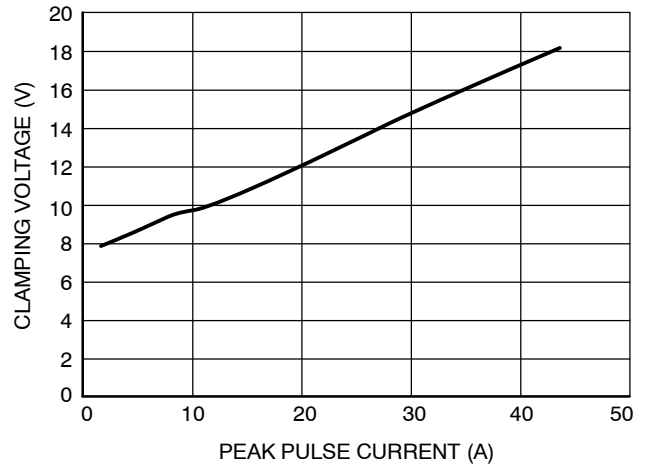


Figure 8. Clamping Voltage vs. Peak Pulse Current  
(8 x 20  $\mu\text{s}$  Waveform)

# NUP4201MR6

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The new NUP4201MR6 is a low capacitance TVS diode array designed to protect sensitive electronics such as communications systems, computers, and computer peripherals against damage due to ESD events or transient overvoltage conditions. Because of its low capacitance, it can be used in high speed I/O data lines. The integrated design of the NUP4201MR6 offers surge rated, low capacitance steering diodes and a TVS diode integrated in a single package (TSOP-6). If a transient condition occurs, the steering diodes will drive the transient to the positive rail of the power supply or to ground. The TVS device protects the power line against overvoltage conditions to avoid damage to the power supply and any downstream components.

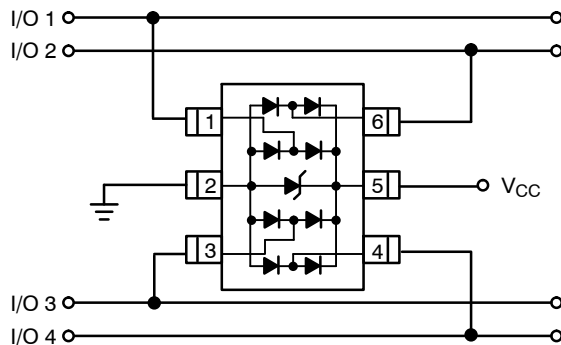
### NUP4201MR6 Configuration Options

The NUP4201MR6 is able to protect up to four data lines against transient overvoltage conditions by driving them to a fixed reference point for clamping purposes. The steering diodes will be forward biased whenever the voltage on the protected line exceeds the reference voltage ( $V_f$  or  $V_{CC} + V_f$ ). The diodes will force the transient current to bypass the sensitive circuit.

Data lines are connected at pins 1, 3, 4 and 6. The negative reference is connected at pin 2. These pins must be connected directly to ground by using a ground plane to minimize the PCB's ground inductance. It is very important to reduce the PCB trace lengths as much as possible to minimize parasitic inductances.

#### Option 1

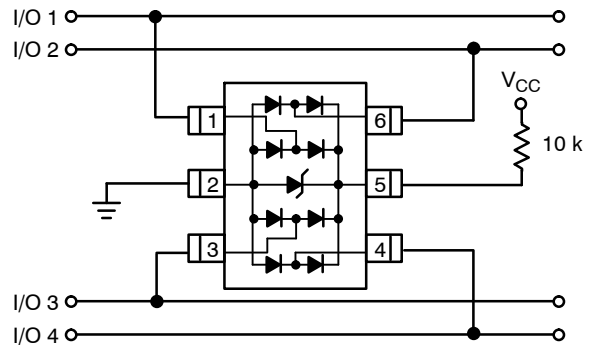
Protection of four data lines and the power supply using  $V_{CC}$  as reference.



For this configuration, connect pin 5 directly to the positive supply rail ( $V_{CC}$ ), the data lines are referenced to the supply voltage. The internal TVS diode prevents overvoltage on the supply rail. Biasing of the steering diodes reduces their capacitance.

#### Option 2

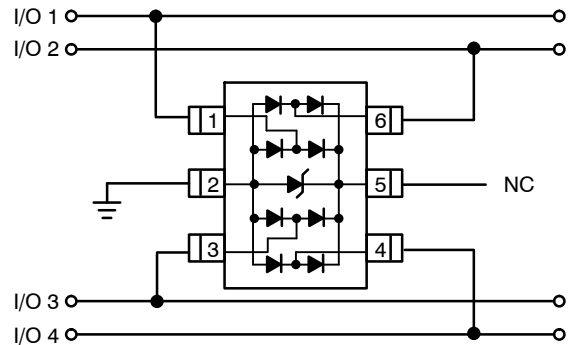
Protection of four data lines with bias and power supply isolation resistor.



The NUP4201MR6 can be isolated from the power supply by connecting a series resistor between pin 5 and  $V_{CC}$ . A 10 kΩ resistor is recommended for this application. This will maintain a bias on the internal TVS and steering diodes, reducing their capacitance.

#### Option 3

Protection of four data lines using the internal TVS diode as reference.

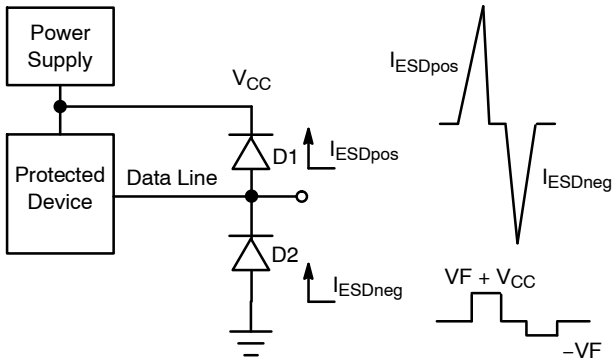


In applications lacking a positive supply reference or those cases in which a fully isolated power supply is required, the internal TVS can be used as the reference. For these applications, pin 5 is not connected. In this configuration, the steering diodes will conduct whenever the voltage on the protected line exceeds the working voltage of the TVS plus one diode drop ( $V_c = V_f + V_{TVS}$ ).

### ESD Protection of Power Supply Lines

When using diodes for data line protection, referencing to a supply rail provides advantages. Biasing the diodes reduces their capacitance and minimizes signal distortion. Implementing this topology with discrete devices does have disadvantages. This configuration is shown below:

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Looking at the figure above, it can be seen that when a positive ESD condition occurs, diode D1 will be forward biased while diode D2 will be forward biased when a negative ESD condition occurs. For slower transient conditions, this system may be approximated as follows:

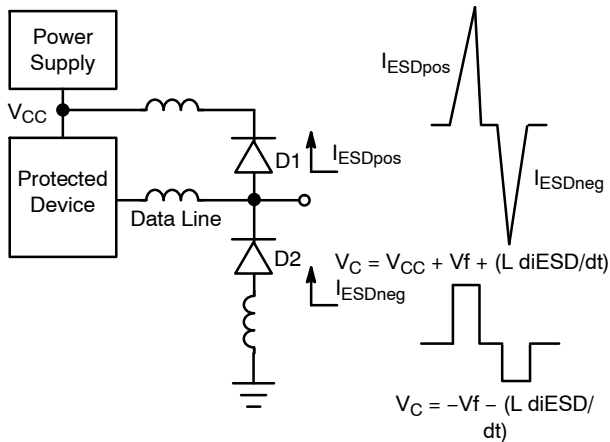
For positive pulse conditions:

$$V_c = V_{CC} + V_{fD1}$$

For negative pulse conditions:

$$V_c = -V_{fD2}$$

ESD events can have rise times on the order of some number of nanoseconds. Under these conditions, the effect of parasitic inductance must be considered. A pictorial representation of this is shown below.



An approximation of the clamping voltage for these fast transients would be:

For positive pulse conditions:

$$V_c = V_{CC} + V_f + (L di_{ESD}/dt)$$

For negative pulse conditions:

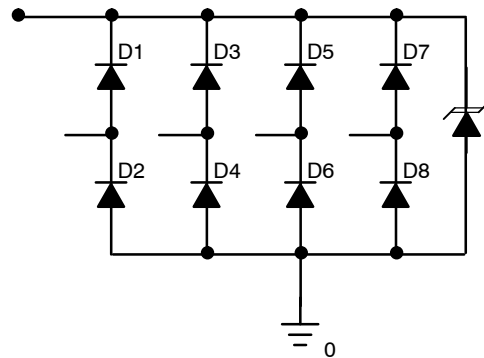
$$V_c = -V_f - (L di_{ESD}/dt)$$

As shown in the formulas, the clamping voltage ( $V_c$ ) not only depends on the  $V_f$  of the steering diodes but also on the  $L di_{ESD}/dt$  factor. A relatively small trace inductance can result in hundreds of volts appearing on the supply rail. This endangers both the power supply and anything attached to that rail. This highlights the importance of good board layout. Taking care to minimize the effects of parasitic

inductance will provide significant benefits in transient immunity.

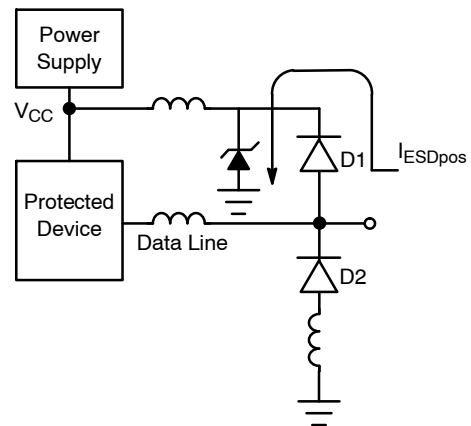
Even with good board layout, some disadvantages are still present when discrete diodes are used to suppress ESD events across datalines and the supply rail. Discrete diodes with good transient power capability will have larger die and therefore higher capacitance. This capacitance becomes problematic as transmission frequencies increase. Reducing capacitance generally requires reducing die size. These small die will have higher forward voltage characteristics at typical ESD transient current levels. This voltage combined with the smaller die can result in device failure.

The ON Semiconductor NUP4201MR6 was developed to overcome the disadvantages encountered when using discrete diodes for ESD protection. This device integrates a TVS diode within a network of steering diodes.



**Figure 9. NUP4201MR6 Equivalent Circuit**

During an ESD condition, the ESD current will be driven to ground through the TVS diode as shown below.



The resulting clamping voltage on the protected IC will be:

$$V_c = V_f + V_{TVS}$$

The clamping voltage of the TVS diode is provided in Figure 8 and depends on the magnitude of the ESD current. The steering diodes are fast switching devices with unique forward voltage and low capacitance characteristics.

# NUP4201MR6

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

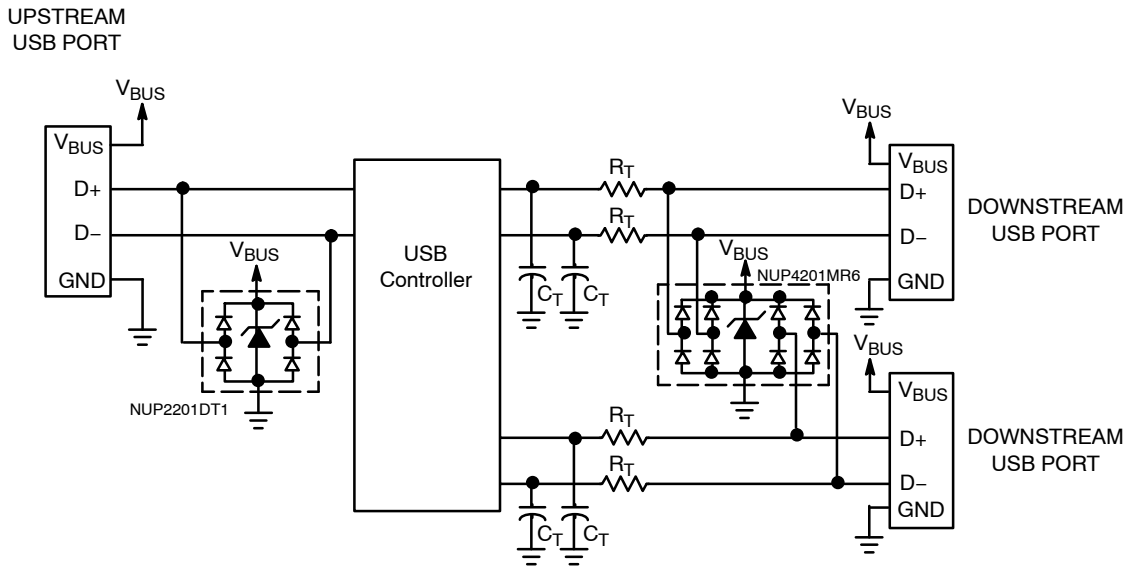


Figure 10. ESD Protection for USB Port

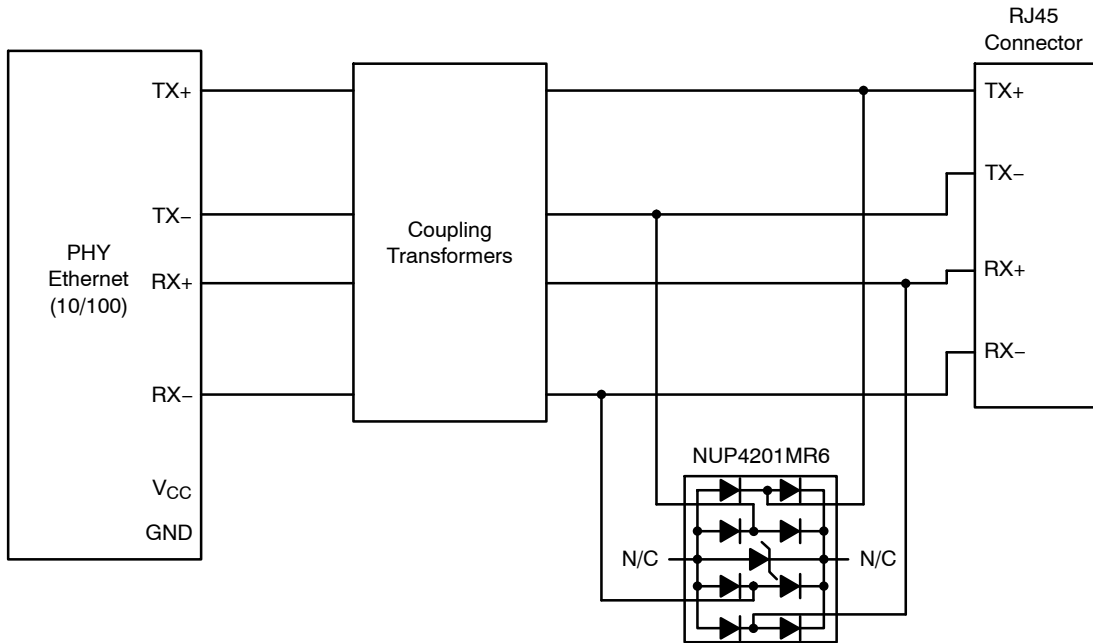


Figure 11. Protection for Ethernet 10/100 (Differential mode)

# NUP4201MR6

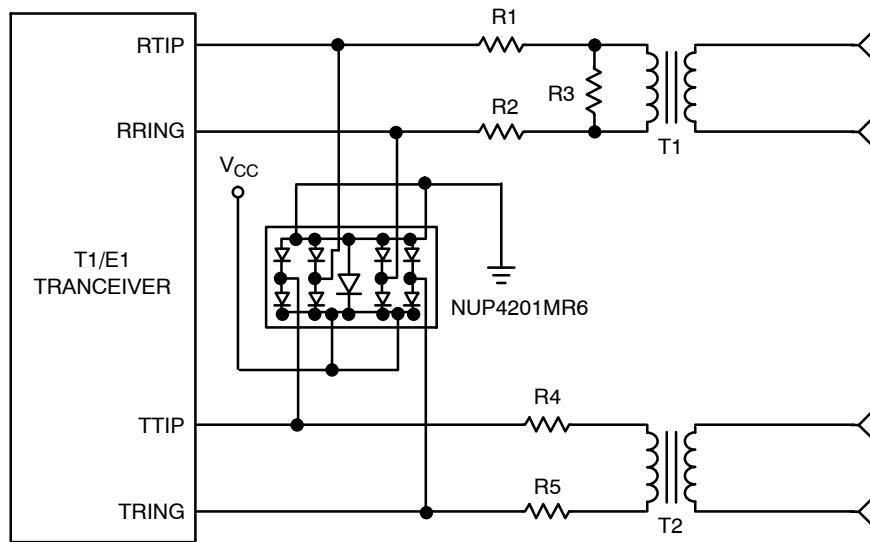
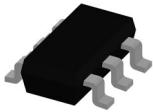


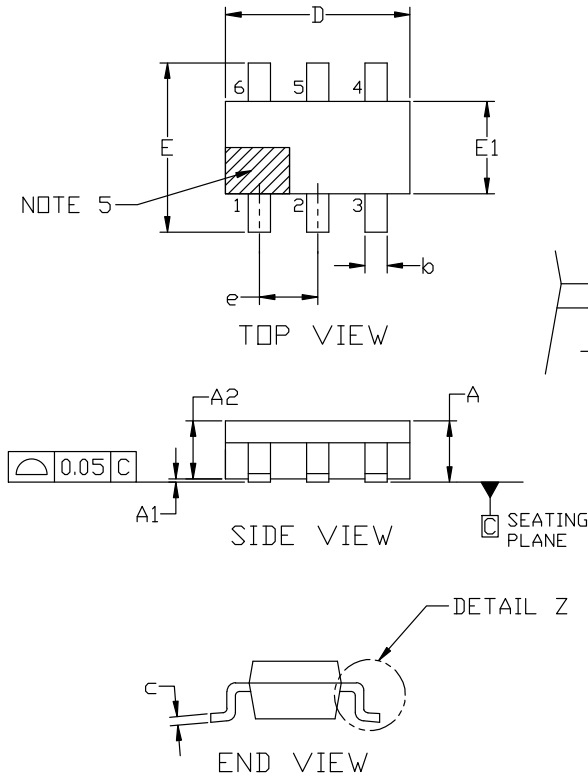
Figure 12. TI/E1 Interface Protection





**TSOP-6 3.00x1.50x0.90, 0.95P**  
**CASE 318G**  
**ISSUE W**

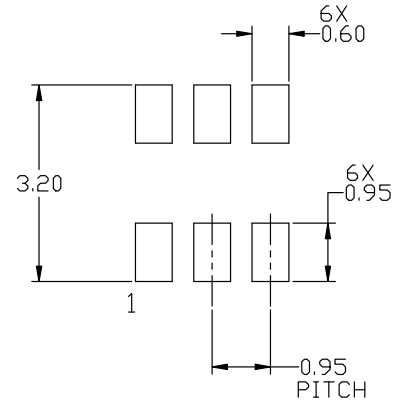
DATE 26 FEB 2024



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 2018.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
3. MAXIMUM LEAD THICKNESS INCLUDES LEAD FINISH. MINIMUM LEAD THICKNESS IS THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF BASE MATERIAL.
4. DIMENSIONS D AND E1 DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 PER SIDE. DIMENSIONS D AND E1 ARE DETERMINED AT DATUM H.
5. PIN 1 INDICATOR MUST BE LOCATED IN THE INDICATED ZONE

MILLIMETERS			
DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	0.90	1.00	1.10
A1	0.01	0.06	0.10
A2	0.80	0.90	1.00
b	0.25	0.38	0.50
c	0.10	0.18	0.26
D	2.90	3.00	3.10
E	2.50	2.75	3.00
E1	1.30	1.50	1.70
e	0.85	0.95	1.05
L	0.20	0.40	0.60
L2	0.25 BSC		
M	0°	---	10°



RECOMMENDED MOUNTING FOOTPRINT

\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference manual, SOLDERRM/D.

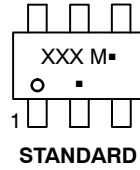
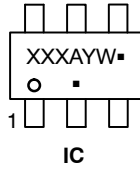
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<b>DESCRIPTION:</b>	<b>TSOP-6 3.00x1.50x0.90, 0.95P</b>	<b>PAGE 1 OF 2</b>

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**TSOP-6 3.00x1.50x0.90, 0.95P**  
**CASE 318G**  
**ISSUE W**

DATE 26 FEB 2024

**GENERIC  
MARKING DIAGRAM\***



XXX = Specific Device Code	XXX = Specific Device Code
A = Assembly Location	M = Date Code
Y = Year	■ = Pb-Free Package
W = Work Week	
■ = Pb-Free Package	

\*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "■", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

- |   |   |  |  |  |   |
|---|---|--|--|--|---|
| <p><b>STYLE 1:</b><br/> PIN 1. DRAIN<br/> 2. DRAIN<br/> 3. GATE<br/> 4. SOURCE<br/> 5. DRAIN<br/> 6. DRAIN</p>              | <p><b>STYLE 2:</b><br/> PIN 1. EMITTER 2<br/> 2. BASE 1<br/> 3. COLLECTOR 1<br/> 4. EMITTER 1<br/> 5. BASE 2<br/> 6. COLLECTOR 2</p>    | <p><b>STYLE 3:</b><br/> PIN 1. ENABLE<br/> 2. N/C<br/> 3. R BOOST<br/> 4. Vz<br/> 5. V in<br/> 6. V out</p>                            | <p><b>STYLE 4:</b><br/> PIN 1. N/C<br/> 2. V in<br/> 3. NOT USED<br/> 4. GROUND<br/> 5. ENABLE<br/> 6. LOAD</p>                | <p><b>STYLE 5:</b><br/> PIN 1. EMITTER 2<br/> 2. BASE 2<br/> 3. COLLECTOR 1<br/> 4. EMITTER 1<br/> 5. BASE 1<br/> 6. COLLECTOR 2</p> | <p><b>STYLE 6:</b><br/> PIN 1. COLLECTOR<br/> 2. COLLECTOR<br/> 3. BASE<br/> 4. EMITTER<br/> 5. COLLECTOR<br/> 6. COLLECTOR</p> |
| <p><b>STYLE 7:</b><br/> PIN 1. COLLECTOR<br/> 2. COLLECTOR<br/> 3. BASE<br/> 4. N/C<br/> 5. COLLECTOR<br/> 6. EMITTER</p>   | <p><b>STYLE 8:</b><br/> PIN 1. Vbus<br/> 2. D(in)<br/> 3. D(in)+<br/> 4. D(out)+<br/> 5. D(out)<br/> 6. GND</p>                         | <p><b>STYLE 9:</b><br/> PIN 1. LOW VOLTAGE GATE<br/> 2. DRAIN<br/> 3. SOURCE<br/> 4. DRAIN<br/> 5. DRAIN<br/> 6. HIGH VOLTAGE GATE</p> | <p><b>STYLE 10:</b><br/> PIN 1. D(OUT)+<br/> 2. GND<br/> 3. D(OUT)-<br/> 4. D(IN)-<br/> 5. VBUS<br/> 6. D(IN)+</p>             | <p><b>STYLE 11:</b><br/> PIN 1. SOURCE 1<br/> 2. DRAIN 2<br/> 3. DRAIN 2<br/> 4. SOURCE 2<br/> 5. GATE 1<br/> 6. DRAIN 1/GATE 2</p>  | <p><b>STYLE 12:</b><br/> PIN 1. I/O<br/> 2. GROUND<br/> 3. I/O<br/> 4. I/O<br/> 5. VCC<br/> 6. I/O</p>                          |
| <p><b>STYLE 13:</b><br/> PIN 1. GATE 1<br/> 2. SOURCE 2<br/> 3. GATE 2<br/> 4. DRAIN 2<br/> 5. SOURCE 1<br/> 6. DRAIN 1</p> | <p><b>STYLE 14:</b><br/> PIN 1. ANODE<br/> 2. SOURCE<br/> 3. GATE<br/> 4. CATHODE/DRAIN<br/> 5. CATHODE/DRAIN<br/> 6. CATHODE/DRAIN</p> | <p><b>STYLE 15:</b><br/> PIN 1. ANODE<br/> 2. SOURCE<br/> 3. GATE<br/> 4. DRAIN<br/> 5. N/C<br/> 6. CATHODE</p>                        | <p><b>STYLE 16:</b><br/> PIN 1. ANODE/CATHODE<br/> 2. BASE<br/> 3. EMITTER<br/> 4. COLLECTOR<br/> 5. ANODE<br/> 6. CATHODE</p> | <p><b>STYLE 17:</b><br/> PIN 1. EMITTER<br/> 2. BASE<br/> 3. ANODE/CATHODE<br/> 4. ANODE<br/> 5. CATHODE<br/> 6. COLLECTOR</p>       |   |

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<b>DESCRIPTION:</b>	<b>TSOP-6 3.00x1.50x0.90, 0.95P</b>	<b>PAGE 2 OF 2</b>

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