

LDO Regulator - Ultra-Low Noise, High PSRR, RF and Analog Circuits

450 mA

NCP148

The NCP148 is a linear regulator capable of supplying 450 mA output current. Designed to meet the requirements of RF and analog circuits, the NCP148 device provides low noise, high PSRR, low quiescent current, and very good load/line transients. The NCP148 offers soft–start function with optimized slew rate control to use in camera module. The device is designed to work with a 1 μF input and a 1 μF output ceramic capacitor. It is available in ultra–small 0.35P, 0.64 mm x 0.64 mm Chip Scale Package (CSP).

Features

- Operating Input Voltage Range: 1.9 V to 5.5 V
- Available in Fixed Voltage Option: 1.8 V to 5.14 V
- Optimized Start-up Slew Rate for Camera Sensor
- ±2% Accuracy Over Load/Temperature
- Low Quiescent Current Typ. 55 μA
- Standby Current: Typ. 0.1 μA
- Very Low Dropout: 150 mV at 450 mA
- Ultra High PSRR: Typ. 98 dB at 20 mA, f = 1 kHz
- Ultra Low Noise: 10 μV_{RMS}
- Stable with a 1 µF Small Case Size Ceramic Capacitors
- Available in WLCSP4 0.64 mm x 0.64 mm x 0.33 mm CASE 567JZ
- These Devices are Pb–Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

Typical Applications

- · Camera Modules
- Battery-powered Equipment
- Smartphones, Tablets
- Cameras, DVRs, STB and Camcorders

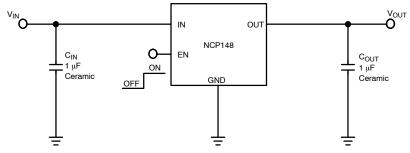


Figure 1. Typical Application Schematics



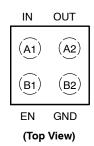
WLCSP4 CASE 567JZ

MARKING DIAGRAM



X = Specific Device Code M = Date Code

PIN CONNECTIONS



ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 12 of this data sheet.

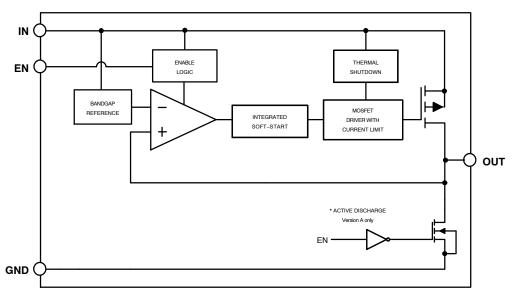


Figure 2. Simplified Schematic Block Diagram

PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Pin Name	Description	
A1	IN	Input voltage supply pin	
A2	OUT	Regulated output voltage. The output should be bypassed with small 1 μF ceramic capacitor.	
B1	EN	Chip enable: Applying V_{EN} < 0.4 V disables the regulator, Pulling V_{EN} > 1.2 V enables the LDO.	
B2	GND	Common ground connection	
_	EPAD	Expose pad should be tied to ground plane for better power dissipation	

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Voltage (Note 1)	V _{IN}	-0.3 to 6	V
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	-0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3, max. 6	V
Chip Enable Input	V _{CE}	-0.3 to 6	V
Output Short Circuit Duration	t _{SC}	unlimited	s
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _J	150	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-55 to 150	°C
ESD Capability, Human Body Model (Note 2)	ESD _{HBM}	2000	V
ESD Capability, Machine Model (Note 2)	ESD _{MM}	200	V

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

- 1. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating Area.
- 2. This device series incorporates ESD protection and is tested by the following methods:
 - ESD Human Body Model tested per EIA/JESD22-A114
 - ESD Machine Model tested per EIA/JESD22-A115
 - Latchup Current Maximum Rating tested per JEDEC standard: JESD78.

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Characteristics, CSP4 (Note 3) Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Air	$R_{ heta JA}$	108	°C/W

3. Measured according to JEDEC board specification. Detailed description of the board can be found in JESD51-7

 $\textbf{ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS} - 40^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq 125^{\circ}C; \ V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 \ V; \ I_{OUT} = 1 \ \text{mA}, \ C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1 \ \mu\text{F}, \ unless otherwise}$ noted. V_{EN} = 1.2 V. Typical values are at T_J = +25°C (Note 4).

Parameter	Test Conditions		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Operating Input Voltage			V _{IN}	1.9		5.5	V	
Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 V$ $0 \text{ mA} \le I_{OUT} \le 450 \text{ mA}$		V _{OUT}	-2		+2	%	
Line Regulation	V _{OUT(NOM)} + 1	V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 5.5 V	Line _{Reg}		0.02		%/V	
Load Regulation	I _{OUT} = 1 mA	\ to 450 mA	Load _{Reg}		0.001		%/mA	
Dropout Voltage (Note 5)	I _{OUT} = 450 mA	V _{OUT(NOM)} = 1.8 V			300	450	0	
		V _{OUT(NOM)} = 2.5 V			315	1		
		V _{OUT(NOM)} = 2.7 V	V_{DO}		180	300	mV	
		V _{OUT(NOM)} = 2.8 V	1		175	290	1	
Output Current Limit	V _{OUT} = 90%	V _{OUT(NOM)}	I _{CL}	450	700			
Short Circuit Current	V _{OUT} = 0 V		I _{SC}		690		- mA	
Quiescent Current	I _{OUT} = 0 mA		IQ		55	65	μΑ	
Shutdown Current	$V_{EN} \le 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = 4.8 \text{ V}$		I _{DIS}		0.01	1	μΑ	
EN Pin Threshold Voltage	EN Input Voltage "H"		V _{ENH}	1.2			· V	
	EN Input Voltage "L"		V _{ENL}			0.4		
EN Pull Down Current	V _{EN} = 4.8 V		I _{EN}		0.2	0.5	μΑ	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	I _{OUT} = 20 mA		PSRR		91 98 82 48		dB	
Output Voltage Noise	f = 10 Hz to 100 kHz	I _{OUT} = 1 mA I _{OUT} = 250 mA	V _N		14 10		μV _{RMS}	
Thermal Shutdown Threshold	Temperat	ure rising	T _{SDH}		160		°C	
	Temperature falling		T _{SDL}		140		°C	
Active output discharge resistance	V _{EN} < 0.4 V, Version A only		R _{DIS}		280		Ω	
Line transient (Note 6)	V _{IN} = (V _{OUT(NOM)} + 1 V) to (V _{OUT(NOM)} + 1.6 V) in 30 μs, I _{OUT} = 1 mA		Tues	-1			>/	
	V _{IN} = (V _{OUT(NOM)} + 1.6 V) to (V _{OUT(NOM)} + 1 V) in 30 μs, I _{OUT} = 1 mA		Tran _{LINE}			+1	- mV	
Load transient (Note 6)	I _{OUT} = 1 mA to 450 mA in 10 μs		- Tran _{LOAD}	-40			mV	
	I _{OUT} = 450 mA to 1mA in 10 μs					+40		

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

4. Performance guaranteed over the indicated operating temperature range by design and/or characterization. Production tested at T_A = 25°C.

Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during the testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.

5. Dropout voltage is characterized when V_{OUT} falls 100 mV below V_{OUT(NOM)}.

^{6.} Guaranteed by design.

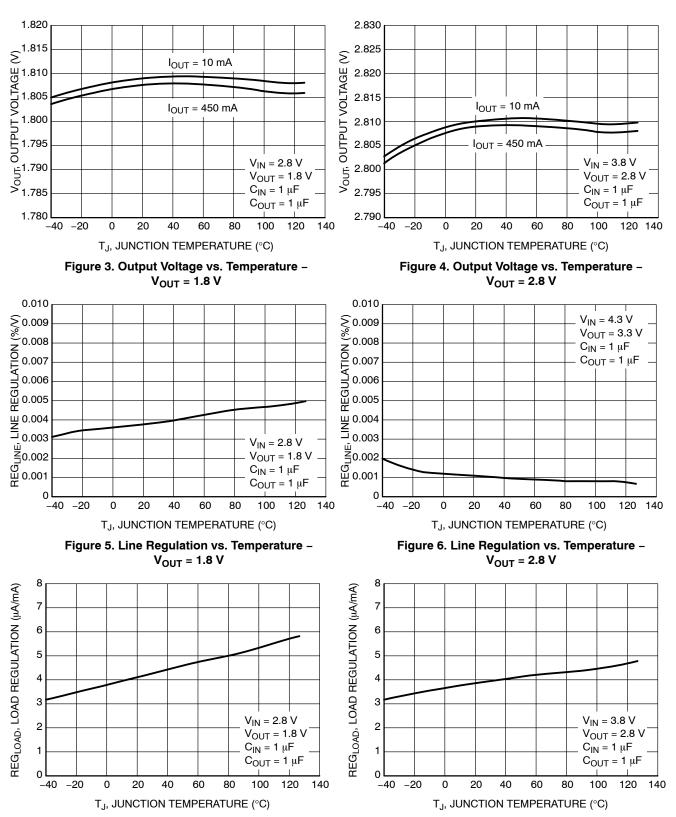


Figure 7. Load Regulation vs. Temperature – $V_{OUT} = 1.8 \text{ V}$

Figure 8. Load Regulation vs. Temperature – $V_{OUT} = 2.8 \text{ V}$

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1.6

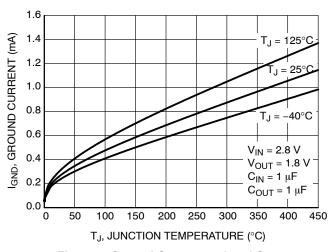
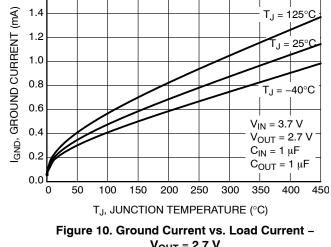


Figure 9. Ground Current vs. Load Current - $V_{OUT} = 1.8 V$



 $V_{OUT} = 2.7 V$

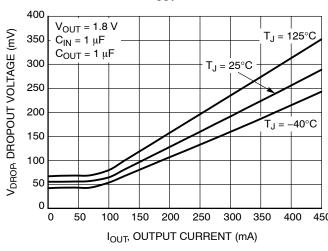


Figure 11. Dropout Voltage vs. Load Current -**V_{OUT}** = 1.8 **V**

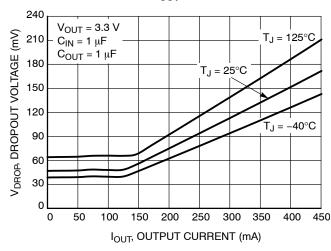


Figure 12. Dropout Voltage vs. Load Current - $V_{OUT} = 2.8 V$

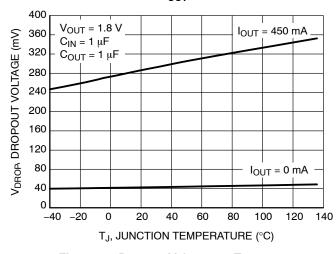


Figure 13. Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature -**V_{OUT}** = 1.8 **V**

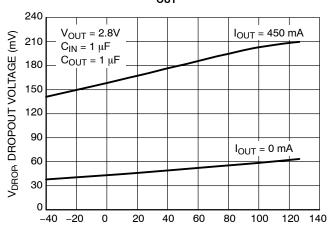


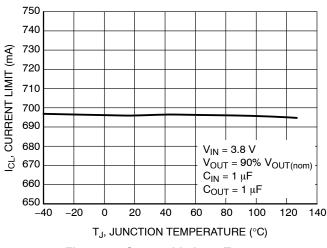
Figure 14. Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature - $V_{OUT} = 2.8 V$

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

700

690

680

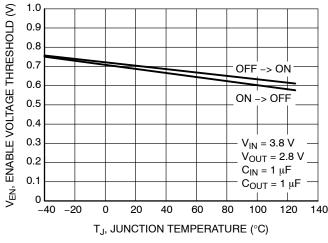


SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT (mA) 670 660 650 640 630 $V_{IN} = 3.8 \text{ V}$ V_{OUT} = 0 V (SHORT) 620 $C_{IN} = 1 \, \mu F$ 610 $C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$ 600 -20 0 20 40 60 80 100 -40 120 140

Figure 15. Current Limit vs. Temperature

Figure 16. Short Circuit Current vs. **Temperature**

T,J, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE (°C)



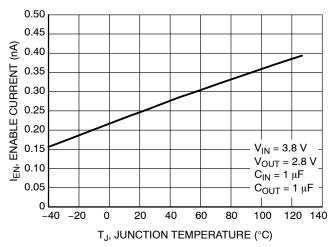
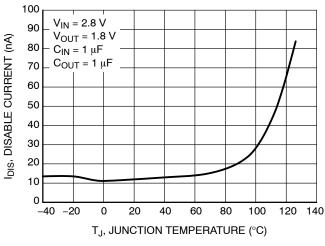


Figure 17. Enable Threshold Voltage vs. **Temperature**

Figure 18. Enable Current vs. Temperature



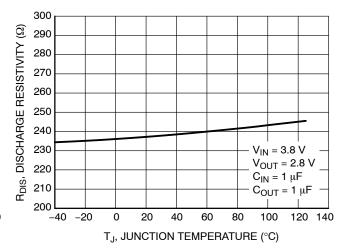
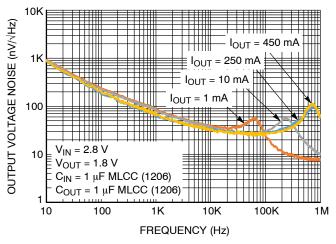


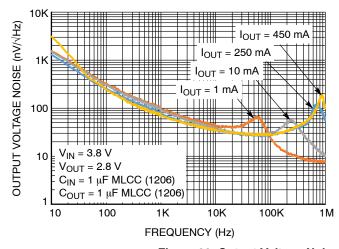
Figure 19. Disable Current vs. Temperature

Figure 20. Discharge Resistivity vs. **Temperature**



	RMS Output Noise (μV)			
lout	10 Hz – 100 kHz	100 Hz – 100 kHz		
1 mA	14.62	14.10		
10 mA	11.12	10.48		
250 mA	10.37	9.82		
450 mA	10.22	9.62		

Figure 21. Output Voltage Noise Spectral Density – V_{OUT} = 1.8 V



	RMS Output Noise (μV)			
l _{OUT}	10 Hz – 100 kHz	100 Hz – 100 kHz		
1 mA	16.90	15.79		
10 mA	12.64	11.13		
250 mA	11.96	10.64		
450 mA	11.50	10.40		

Figure 22. Output Voltage Noise Spectral Density – V_{OUT} = 2.8 V

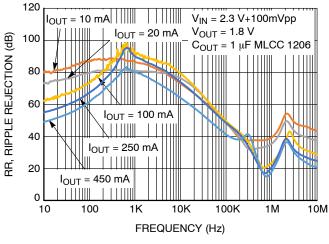


Figure 23. PSRR for Various Output Currents, $V_{OUT} = 1.8 \text{ V}$

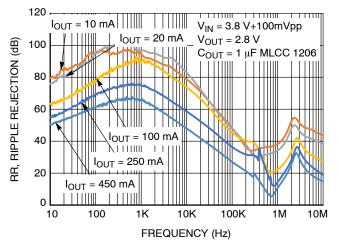


Figure 24. PSRR for Various Output Currents, $V_{OUT} = 2.8 \text{ V}$

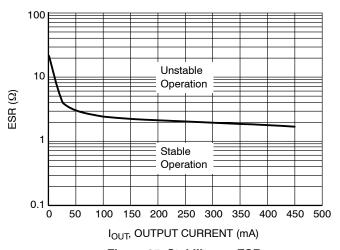


Figure 25. Stability vs. ESR

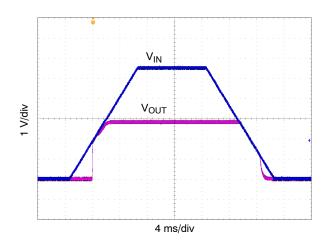


Figure 26. Turn-on/off - slow rising V_{IN}

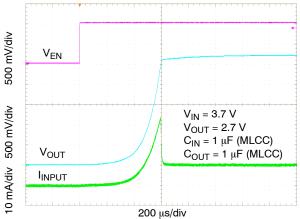


Figure 27. Enable Turn-on Response – C_{OUT} = 1 μ F, I_{OUT} = 10 mA

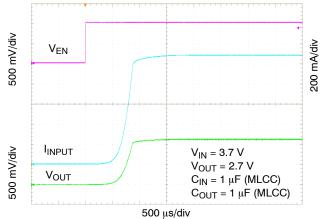


Figure 28. Enable Turn-on Response – C_{OUT} = 1 μ F, I_{OUT} = 450 mA

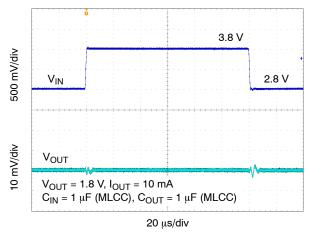


Figure 29. Line Transient Response – V_{OUT} = 1.8 V

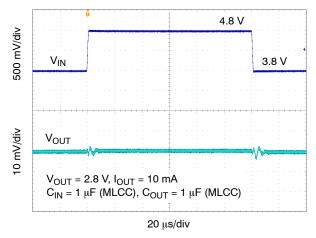


Figure 30. Line Transient Response – V_{OUT} = 2.8 V

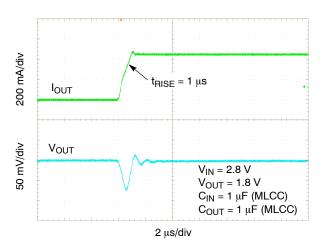


Figure 31. Load Transient Response – 1 mA to 450 mA – V_{OUT} = 1.8 V

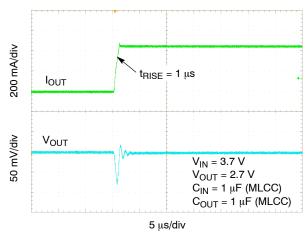


Figure 33. Load Transient Response – 1 mA to 450 mA – V_{OUT} = 2.7 V

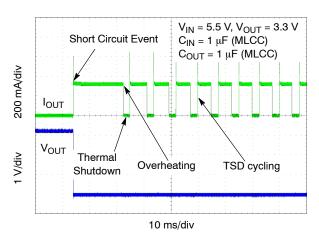


Figure 35. Short Circuit and Thermal Shutdown

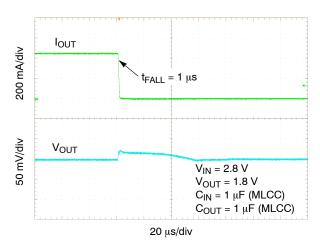


Figure 32. Load Transient Response – 450 mA to 1 mA – V_{OUT} = 1.8 V

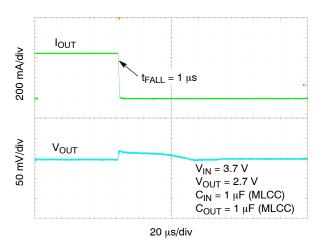


Figure 34. Load Transient Response – 450 mA to 1 mA – V_{OUT} = 2.7 V

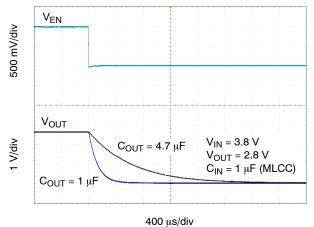


Figure 36. Enable Turn-Off (Active Discharge)

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

General

The NCP148 is an ultra-low noise 450 mA low dropout regulator designed to meet the requirements of RF applications and high performance analog circuits. The NCP148 device provides very high PSRR and excellent dynamic response. In connection with low quiescent current this device is well suitable for battery powered application such as cell phones, tablets and other. The NCP148 is fully protected in case of current overload, output short circuit and overheating.

Input Capacitor Selection (CIN)

Input capacitor connected as close as possible is necessary for ensure device stability. The X7R or X5R capacitor should be used for reliable performance over temperature range. The value of the input capacitor should be 1 μF or greater to ensure the best dynamic performance. This capacitor will provide a low impedance path for unwanted AC signals or noise modulated onto constant input voltage. There is no requirement for the ESR of the input capacitor but it is recommended to use ceramic capacitors for their low ESR and ESL. A good input capacitor will limit the influence of input trace inductance and source resistance during sudden load current changes.

Output Decoupling (COUT)

The NCP148 requires an output capacitor connected as close as possible to the output pin of the regulator. The recommended capacitor value is 1 μ F and X7R or X5R dielectric due to its low capacitance variations over the specified temperature range. The NCP148 is designed to remain stable with minimum effective capacitance of 0.7 μ F to account for changes with temperature, DC bias and package size. Especially for small package size capacitors such as 0201 the effective capacitance drops rapidly with the applied DC bias. Please refer Figure 37.

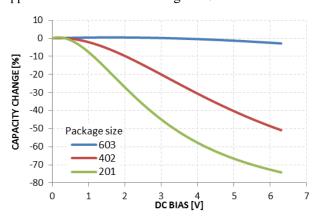


Figure 37. Capacity vs DC Bias Voltage

There is no requirement for the minimum value of Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) for the C_{OUT} but the maximum value of ESR should be less than 2 Ω Larger output capacitors and lower ESR could improve the load

transient response or high frequency PSRR. It is not recommended to use tantalum capacitors on the output due to their large ESR. The equivalent series resistance of tantalum capacitors is also strongly dependent on the temperature, increasing at low temperature.

Enable Operation

The NCP148 uses the EN pin to enable/disable its device and to deactivate/activate the active discharge function.

If the EN pin voltage is <0.4 V the device is guaranteed to be disabled. The pass transistor is turned—off so that there is virtually no current flow between the IN and OUT. The active discharge transistor is active so that the output voltage V_{OUT} is pulled to GND through a 280 Ω resistor. In the disable state the device consumes as low as typ. 10 nA from the $V_{IN}.$

If the EN pin voltage >1.2 V the device is guaranteed to be enabled. The NCP148 regulates the output voltage and the active discharge transistor is turned–off.

The EN pin has internal pull-down current source with typ. value of 200 nA which assures that the device is turned-off when the EN pin is not connected. In the case where the EN function isn't required the EN should be tied directly to IN. After device is enabled by EN pin soft start feature ensure that maximal Vout slew rate will be slower than $30 \text{ mV/}\mu\text{s}$. The soft start function also protects powered device before possible damage by large inrush current.

Output Current Limit

Output Current is internally limited within the IC to a typical 700 mA. The NCP148 will source this amount of current measured with a voltage drops on the 90% of the nominal V_{OUT} . If the Output Voltage is directly shorted to ground ($V_{OUT} = 0$ V), the short circuit protection will limit the output current to 690 mA (typ). The current limit and short circuit protection will work properly over whole temperature range and also input voltage range. There is no limitation for the short circuit duration.

Thermal Shutdown

When the die temperature exceeds the Thermal Shutdown threshold ($T_{SD}-160^{\circ}\text{C}$ typical), Thermal Shutdown event is detected and the device is disabled. The IC will remain in this state until the die temperature decreases below the Thermal Shutdown Reset threshold ($T_{SDU}-140^{\circ}\text{C}$ typical). Once the IC temperature falls below the 140°C the LDO is enabled again. The thermal shutdown feature provides the protection from a catastrophic device failure due to accidental overheating. This protection is not intended to be used as a substitute for proper heat sinking.

Power Dissipation

As power dissipated in the NCP148 increases, it might become necessary to provide some thermal relief. The maximum power dissipation supported by the device is dependent upon board design and layout. Mounting pad configuration on the PCB, the board material, and the ambient temperature affect the rate of junction temperature rise for the part.

The maximum power dissipation the NCP148 can handle is given by:

 $P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{\left[125^{\circ}C - T_{A}\right]}{\theta_{1\Delta}}$ (eq. 1)

The power dissipated by the NCP148 for given application conditions can be calculated from the following equations:

$$P_D \approx V_{IN} \cdot I_{GND} + I_{OUT} (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$$
 (eq. 2)

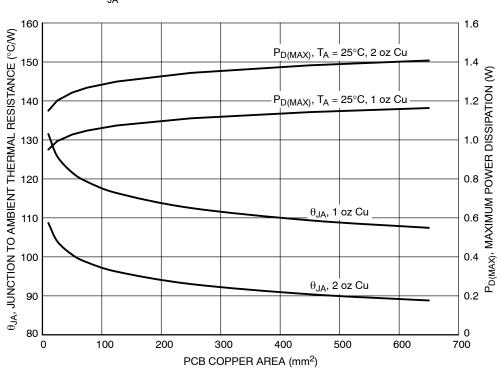


Figure 38. θ_{JA} and $P_{D \text{ (MAX)}}$ vs. Copper Area (CSP4)

Reverse Current

The PMOS pass transistor has an inherent body diode which will be forward biased in the case that $V_{OUT} > V_{IN}$. Due to this fact in cases, where the extended reverse current condition can be anticipated the device may require additional external protection.

Power Supply Rejection Ratio

The NCP148 features very high Power Supply Rejection ratio. If desired the PSRR at higher frequencies in the range $100\ kHz-10\ MHz$ can be tuned by the selection of C_{OUT} capacitor and proper PCB layout.

PCB Layout Recommendations

To obtain good transient performance and good regulation characteristics place $C_{\rm IN}$ and $C_{\rm OUT}$ capacitors close to the device pins and make the PCB traces wide. In order to minimize the solution size, use 0402 or 0201 capacitors with appropriate capacity. Larger copper area connected to the pins will also improve the device thermal resistance. The actual power dissipation can be calculated from the equation above (Equation 2). Expose pad can be tied to the GND pin for improvement power dissipation and lower device temperature.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Nominal Output Voltage	Description	Marking	Rotation	Package	Shipping
NCP148AFCT180T2G	1.8 V		Т	270°		
NCP148AFCT250T2G	2.5 V		V	0°		
NCP148AFCT255T2G (Consult onsemi Sales)	2.55 V	450 mA, Active Discharge	4	180°		5000 or
NCP148AFCT260T2G	2.6 V		V	90°	567JZ	10000 /
NCP148AFCT270T2G	2.7 V		Y	0°	20/32	Tape & Reel
NCP148AFCT280T2G	2.8 V		6	0°		(Note 7)
NCP148AFCT285T2G	2.85 V		4	0°		
NCP148AFCT320T2G (Consult onsemi Sales)	3.2 V		Т	0°		

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.
7. Product processed after April 1, 2023 are shipped with quantity 10000 units / tape & reel.



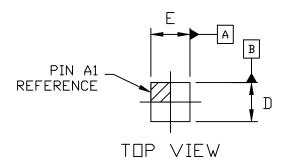




WLCSP4, 0.64x0.64x0.33

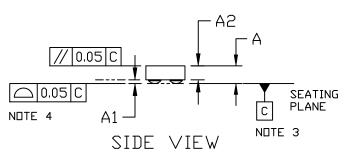
CASE 567JZ **ISSUE B**

DATE 16 MAY 2022

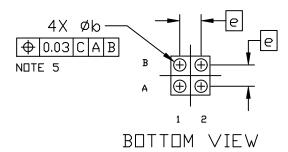


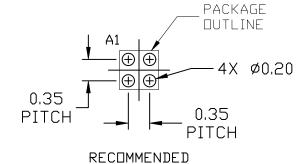
NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 2009.
- 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
- DATUM C, THE SEATING PLANE, IS DEFINED BY THE SPERICAL CROWNS OF THE SOLDER BUMPS.
- COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE SOLDER BUMPS.
- DIMENSION & IS MEASURED AT THE MAXIMUM SOLDER BALL DIAMETER PARALLEL TO DATUM C.



	MILLIMETERS				
DIM	MIN.	MAX.			
Α			0.33		
A1	0.04 0.06 0.08				
A2	0.23 REF				
b	0.180	0.200	0.220		
D	0.610 0.640 0.670				
E	0.610	0.640	0.670		
е	0.35 BSC				





GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM*

XM

= Specific Device Code Х

or may not be present. Some products may

not follow the Generic Marking.

Μ = Date Code

MOUNTING FOOTPRINT * (NSMD PAD TYPE) For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the IN Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SILDERRM/D.

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "=", may

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DESCRIPTION:	WLCSP4, 0.64X0.64x0.33		PAGE 1 OF 1		

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