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FL6630 Single-Stage Primary-Side-Regulation PWM Controller for PFC and LED Dimmable Driving

Features

- Compatible with Traditional TRIAC Control (No need to change existing lamp infrastructure: wall switch & wire)
- Compatible with Non-Dimming Lamp Designs
- Cost-Effective Solution without Input Bulk Capacitor and Feedback Circuitry
- Power Factor Correction (PFC)
- Accurate Constant-Current (CC) Control, Independent Online Voltage, Output Voltage, Magnetizing Inductance Variation
- Line Voltage Compensation for CC Control
- Linear Frequency Control for Better Efficiency and Simple Design
- Open-LED Protection
- Short-LED Protection
- Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limiting
- Over-Temperature Protection with Auto Restart
- Low Startup Current: 20 µA
- Low Operating Current: 5 mA
- SOP-8 Package Available
- Application Voltage Range: 80 V_{AC} ~ 308 V_{AC}

Applications

LED Lighting System

Description

This highly integrated PWM controller, FL6630, provides several features to enhance the performance of singlestage flyback converters. The proprietary topology, TRUECURRENT[®], enables the simplified circuit design for LED lighting applications.

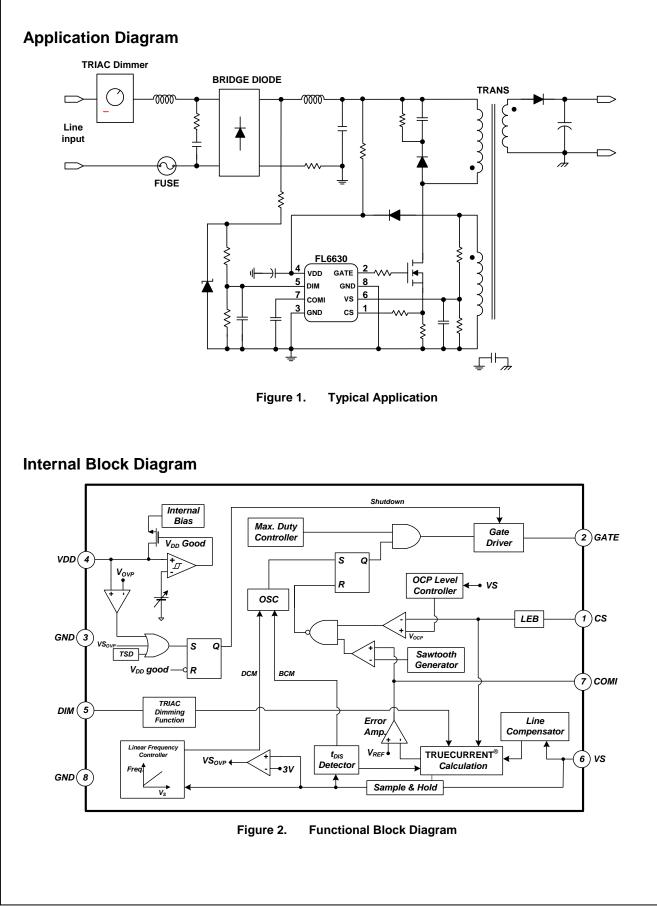
TRIAC dimming is smoothly managed by dimming brightness control without flicker. By using single-stage topology with primary-side regulation, an LED lighting board can be implemented with few external components and minimized cost. It does not require an input bulk capacitor or feedback circuitry. To implement good power factor and low total harmonic distortion, constant on-time control is utilized with an external capacitor connected to the COMI pin.

Precise constant-current control regulates accurate output current versus changes in input voltage and output voltage. The operating frequency is proportionally changed by the output voltage to guarantee Discontinuous Conduction Mode (DCM) operation with higher efficiency and simpler design. The FL6630 provides protections such as open-LED, short-LED, and over-temperature protections. Current-limit level is automatically reduced to minimize output current and protect external components in a short-LED condition.

The FL6630 controller is available in an 8-pin Small Outline Package (SOP).

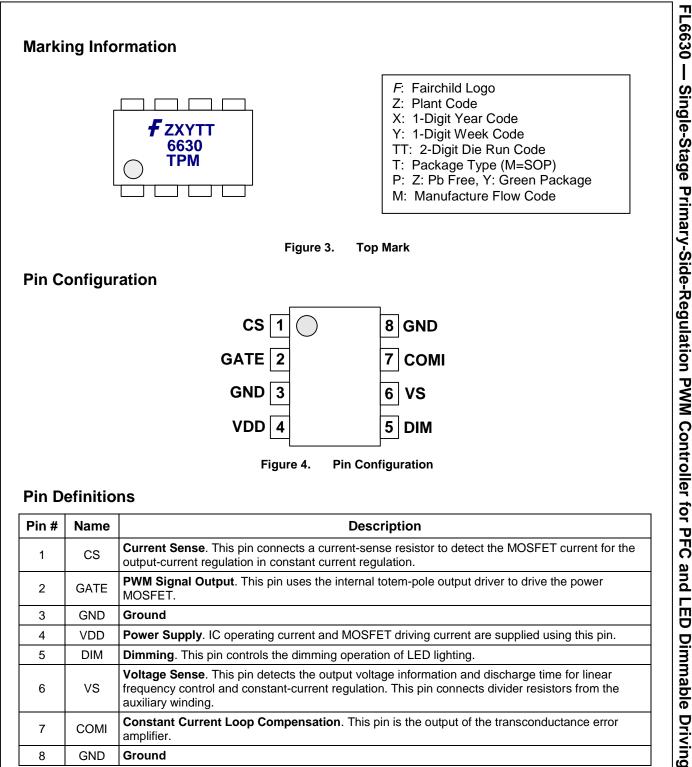
| Part Number | Operating Temperature Range | Package | Packing Method | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| FL6630MX | -40°C to +125°C | 8-Lead, Small Outline Package (SOP-8) | Tape & Reel | | | |

Ordering Information



FL6630 — Single-Stage Primary-Side-Regulation PWM Controller for PFC and LED Dimmable Driving

www.fairchildsemi.com



COMI

GND

amplifier.

Ground

7

8

Constant Current Loop Compensation. This pin is the output of the transconductance error

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|-------------------|--|------|------|-------|
| V_{VDD} | DC Supply Voltage ^(1,2) | | 30 | V |
| V _{VS} | VS Pin Input Voltage | -0.3 | 7.0 | V |
| V _{CS} | CS Pin Input Voltage | -0.3 | 7.0 | V |
| V _{DIM} | DIM Pin Input Voltage | -0.3 | 7.0 | V |
| V _{COMI} | COMI Pin Input Voltage | -0.3 | 7.0 | V |
| V_{GATE} | GATE Pin Input Voltage | -0.3 | 30.0 | V |
| PD | Power Dissipation (T _A <50°C) | | 633 | mW |
| heta ja | Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Air) | | 158 | °C /W |
| heta JC | Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case) | | 39 | °C /W |
| TJ | Maximum Junction Temperature | | 150 | °C |
| T _{STG} | Storage Temperature Range | -55 | 150 | °C |
| ΤL | Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 Seconds) | | 260 | °C |

Notes:

1. Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device.

2. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are given with respect to the GND pin.

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------|-------------------------------|------|------|------|
| T _A | Operating Ambient Temperature | -40 | 125 | °C |

Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{\text{DD}}{=}20$ V and $T_{\text{A}}{=}25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------------|--|---|-------|-------|-------|------|
| VDD Sectio | n n | | | | | |
| V _{DD-ON} | Turn-On Threshold Voltage | | 14.5 | 16.0 | 17.5 | V |
| V _{DD-OFF} | Turn-Off Threshold Voltage | | 6.75 | 7.75 | 8.75 | V |
| I _{DD-OP} | Operating Current | Maximum Frequency, $C_{LOAD} = 1 \text{ nF}$ | 3 | 4 | 5 | mA |
| I _{DD-ST} | Startup Current | $V_{DD} = V_{DD-ON} - 0.16 \text{ V}$ | | 2 | 20 | μA |
| VOVP | V _{DD} Over-Voltage-Protection | | 22.0 | 23.5 | 25.0 | V |
| Gate Section | on | | | | | |
| V _{OL} | Output Voltage Low | $V_{DD} = 20 \text{ V}, I_{GATE} = -1 \text{ mA}$ | | | 1.5 | V |
| V _{OH} | Output Voltage High | $V_{DD} = 10 \text{ V}, I_{GATE} = +1 \text{ mA}$ | 5 | | | V |
| Isource | Peak Sourcing Current | V _{DD} = 10 ~ 20 V | | 60 | | mA |
| I _{sink} | Peak Sinking Current | V _{DD} = 10 ~ 20 V | | 180 | | mA |
| tr | Rising Time | C _{LOAD} = 1 nF | 100 | 150 | 200 | ns |
| t _f | Falling Time | C _{LOAD} = 1 nF | 20 | 60 | 100 | ns |
| VCLAMP | Output Clamp Voltage | | 12 | 15 | 18 | V |
| Oscillator S | Section | | | | | |
| f _{MAX-CC} | Maximum Frequency in CC | V _{DD} = 10 V, 20 V | 60 | 65 | 70 | kHz |
| f _{MIN-CC} | Minimum Frequency in CC | V _{DD} = 10 V, 20 V | 21.0 | 23.5 | 26.0 | kHz |
| VS_{MAX-CC} | $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize S}}$ for Maximum Frequency in CC | f = f _{MAX} -2 kHz | 2.73 | 2.80 | 2.96 | V |
| VS _{MIN-CC} | V _S for Minimum Frequency in CC | f = f _{MIN} +10 kHz | 0.55 | 1.10 | 1.15 | V |
| t _{ON(MAX)} | Maximum Turn-On Time | | 12 | 14 | 16 | μS |
| Current Se | nse Section | | | | | |
| V _{RV} | Reference Voltage | | 2.475 | 2.500 | 2.525 | V |
| V _{CCR} | EAI Voltage for Constant Current Regulation | V _{CS} = 0.44 V | 2.38 | 2.43 | 2.48 | V |
| t _{LEB} | Leading-Edge Blanking Time | | | 300 | | ns |
| t _{MIN} | Minimum On Time in CC | $V_{COMI} = 0 V$ | | 600 | | ns |
| t _{PD} | Propagation Delay to GATE | | 50 | 100 | 150 | ns |
| t _{tdis-BNK} | t _{DIS} Blanking Time of VS | | | 1.5 | | μS |
| I _{COMI-BNK} | VS Current for COMI Blanking | | | 100 | | μA |
| Current-Err | or Amplifier Section | | | | | |
| Gm | Transconductance | | | 85 | | μmho |
| I _{COMI-SINK} | COMI Sink Current | $V_{EAI} = 3 V, V_{COMI} = 5 V$ | 28 | | 38 | μA |
| ICOMI-SOURCE | COMI Source Current | $V_{EAI} = 2 V, V_{COMI} = 0 V$ | 28 | | 38 | μA |
| V _{COMI-HGH} | COMI High Voltage | $V_{EAI} = 2 V$ | 4.9 | | | V |
| V _{COMI-LOW} | COMI Low Voltage | $V_{EAI} = 3 V$ | | | 0.1 | V |

FL6630 — Single-Stage Primary-Side-Regulation PWM Controller for PFC and LED Dimmable Driving

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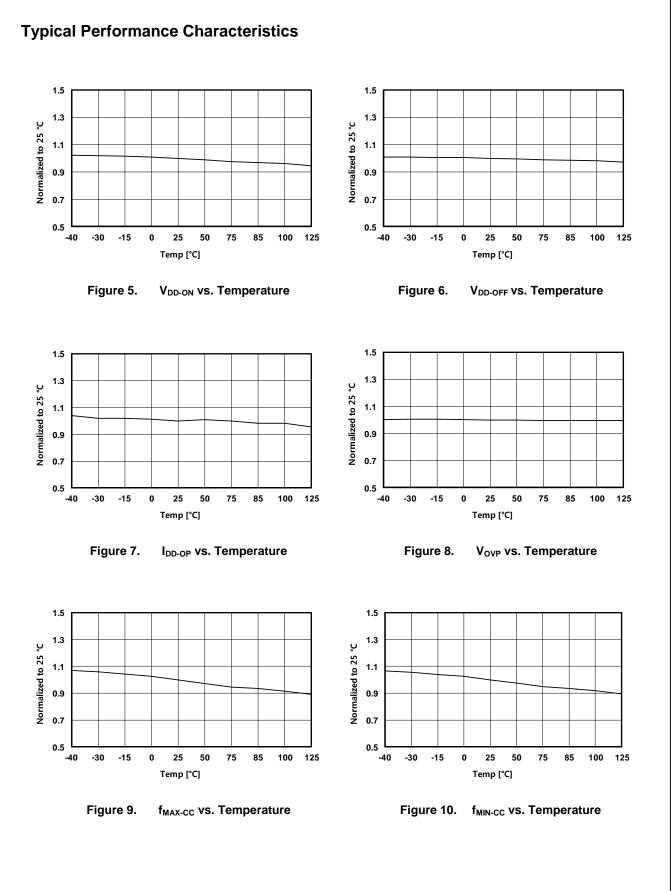
Electrical Characteristics

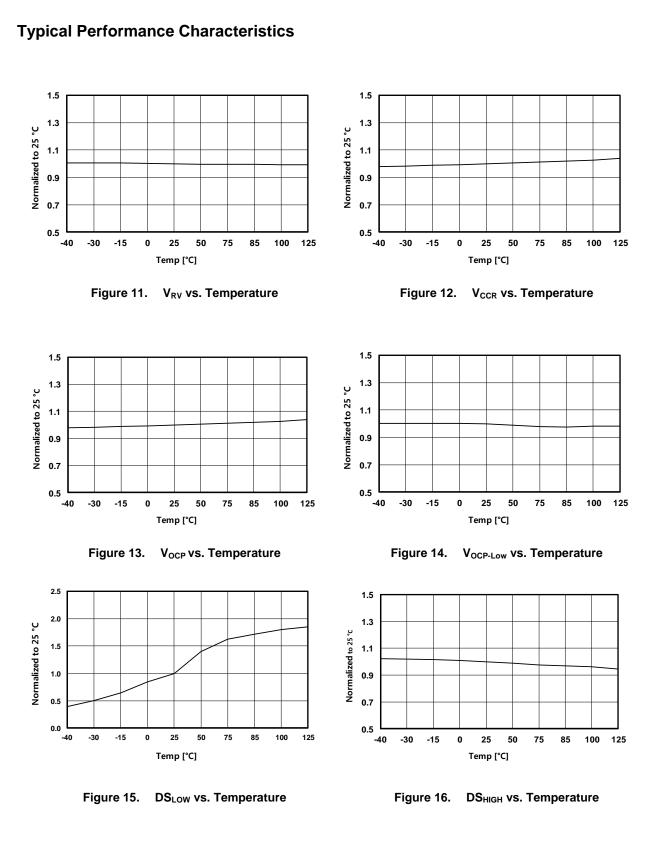
 V_{DD} =15 V, T_{J} =-40 to +125°C, unless otherwise specified. Currents are defined as positive into the device and negative out of device.

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------------|--|-----------|------|------|------|------|
| Over-Curre | ent Protection Section | 1 | | | 1 | 1 |
| V _{OCP} | V _{CS} Threshold Voltage for OCP | | 0.60 | 0.67 | 0.74 | V |
| VLowOCP | V _{CS} Threshold Voltage for Low OCP | | 0.13 | 0.18 | 0.23 | V |
| t _{startup} | Startup Time | | | 13 | | ms |
| $V_{\text{LowOCP-EN}}$ | VS Threshold Voltage to Enable Low OCP Level | | | 0.40 | | V |
| VLowOCP-DIS | VS Threshold Voltage to Disable Low OCP Level | | | 0.60 | | V |
| V _{VS-OVP} | V _S Level for Output Over-Voltage Protection | | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.1 | V |
| Over-Temp | perature Protection Section | | | | • | |
| T _{OTP} | Threshold Temperature for OTP ⁽³⁾ | | 140 | 150 | 160 | °C |
| T _{OTP-HYS} | Restart Junction Temperature Hysteresis | | | 10 | | °C |
| Dimming S | Section | | | | | |
| V _{DIM-LOW} | Maximum V _{DIM} at Low Dimming Angle Range | | 2.45 | 2.50 | 2.55 | V |
| V _{DIM-HIGH} | Maximum V _{DIM} at High Dimming Angle Range | | 3.43 | 3.50 | 3.57 | V |
| DSLOW | V _{DIM} vs. V _{cs,offset} Slope at Low Dimming Angle Range | | | 0.19 | | V/V |
| DS _{HIGH} | V _{DIM} vs. V _{cs,offset} Slope at High Dimming Angle Range | | | 0.58 | | V/V |

Note:

3. If over-temperature protection is activated, the power system enters Auto Recovery Mode and output is disabled. Device operation above the maximum junction temperature is NOT guaranteed.





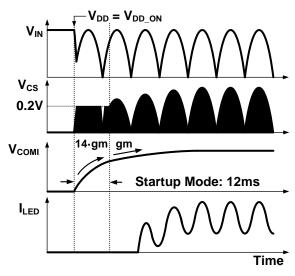
FL6630 — Single-Stage Primary-Side-Regulation PWM Controller for PFC and LED Dimmable Driving

Functional Description

FL6630 is AC-DC dimmable PWM controller for LED lighting applications. TRUECURRENT[®] technique and internal line compensation regulates accurate LED current independent of input voltage, output voltage, and magnetizing inductance variations. The TRIAC dim function block provides smooth brightness dimming control compatible with a conventional TRIAC dimmer. The linear frequency control in the oscillator reduces conduction loss and maintains DCM operation in a wide range of output voltages, which implements high power factor correction in a single-stage flyback topology. A variety of protections; such as short-LED protection, open-LED protection, over-temperature protection, and cycle-by-cycle current limitation; stabilize system operation and protect external components.

Startup

Powering at startup is slow due to the low feedback loop bandwidth in the PFC converter. To boost power during startup, an internal oscillator counts 12 ms to define Startup Mode. During Startup Mode, turn-on time is determined by Current Mode control with a 0.2 V CS voltage limit and transconductance becomes 14 times larger, as shown in Figure 17. After Startup Mode, turn-on time is controlled by Voltage Mode using the COMI voltage and the error amplifier transconductance is reduced to 85 μ mho.





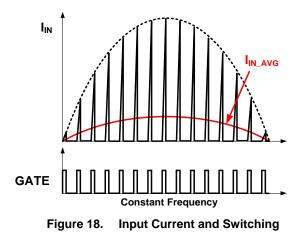
Constant-Current Regulation

The output current is estimated using the peak drain current and inductor current discharge time because output current is same as the average of the diode current in steady state. The peak value of the drain current is determined by the CS pin. The inductor discharge time (t_{DIS}) is sensed by a t_{DIS} detector. Using three sources of information (peak drain current, inductor discharging time, and operating switching period), a TRUECURRENT[®] block calculates estimated output current. The output of the calculation is

compared with an internal precise reference to generate an error voltage (V_{COMI}), which determines turn-on time in Voltage Mode control. With Fairchild's innovative TRUECURRENT[®] technique, constant current output can be precisely controlled.

PFC and THD

In a conventional boost converter, Boundary Conduction Mode (BCM) is generally used to keep input current in phase with input voltage for Power Factor (PF) and Total Harmonic Distortion (THD). However, in flyback / buck boost topology, constant turn-on time and constant frequency in Discontinuous Conduction Mode (DCM) can implement high PF and low THD, as shown in Figure 18. Constant turn-on time is maintained by an internal error amplifier and a large external capacitor (typically >1 μ F) at the COMI pin. Constant frequency and DCM operation are managed by linear frequency control.



Linear Frequency Control

DCM should be guaranteed for high power factor in flyback topology. To maintain DCM in the wide range of output voltage, frequency is linearly adjusted by output voltage in linear frequency control. Output voltage is detected by auxiliary winding and resistive divider connected to the VS pin, as shown in Figure 19.

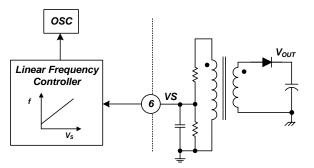


Figure 19. Linear Frequency Control

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When output voltage decreases, secondary diode conduction time is increased and the linear frequency control lengthens switching period, which retains DCM operation in the wide output voltage range, as shown in Figure 20. The frequency control lowers primary rms current for better power efficiency in full-load condition.

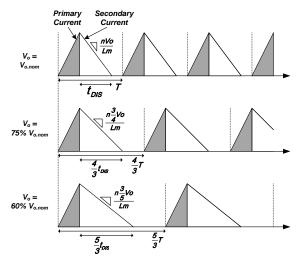


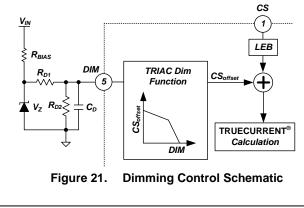
Figure 20. Primary and Secondary Current

BCM Control

The end of secondary diode conduction time can be over a switching period set by linear frequency control. In this case, FL6630 doesn't allow CCM and operation mode changes from DCM to BCM. Therefore, FL6630 originally eliminates sub-harmonic distortion in CCM.

Dimming Control

TRIAC dimmable control is implemented by simple and noise-immune external passive components and an internal dimming function block. Figure 21 shows dimming angle detection and the internal dimming control block. Dimming angle is sensed by Zener diode and Zener diode voltage is divided by two resistors (R_{D1} and R_{D2}) to fit the sensing range of the DIM pin. The detected signal is filtered by capacitor C_D to provide DC voltage into the DIM pin. The internal dimming control adds CS_{offset} to the peak current value as the input of TRUECURRENT[®] calculation block. When the dimming angle is small, lowered DIM voltage increases CS_{offset} , which makes calculated output current larger and reduces turn-on time to dim the LED brightness.



To disable the dimming function, a 1 nF filter capacitor can be added at the DIM pin. An internal current source (~7.5 μ A) on the DIM pin charges the filter capacitor up to 4 V. FL6630 goes into IC Test Mode when DIM voltage is over 6 V; so the maximum DIM voltage should be limited to less than 5 V.

Short-LED Protection

In a short-LED condition, the switching MOSFET and secondary diode are usually stressed by the high powering current. However, FL6630 changes the OCP level in a short-LED condition. When V_S is lower than 0.4 V, the OCP level becomes down to 0.2 V from 0.7 V, as shown in Figure 22, so that powering is limited and external components' current stress is relieved.

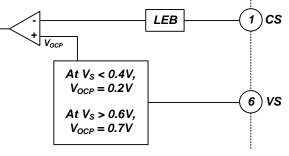


Figure 22. Internal OCP Block

Figure 23 shows operational waveforms in short-LED condition. Output voltage is quickly lowered to 0 V after the LED-short event. The reflected auxiliary voltage is also 0 V, making V_S less than 0.4 V. The 0.2 V OCP level limits primary-side current and V_{DD} hiccups up and down in between UVLO hysteresis.

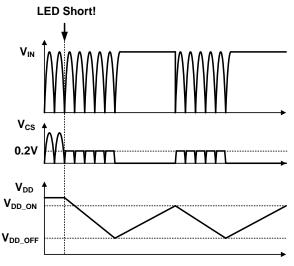
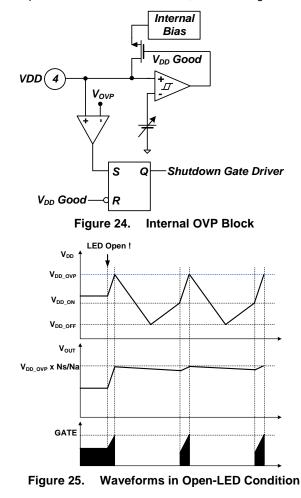


Figure 23. Waveforms in Short-LED Condition

Open-LED Protection

FL6630 protects external components, such as diodes and capacitors on the secondary side, in the open-LED condition. During switch-off, the V_{DD} capacitor is charged up to the auxiliary winding voltage, which is applied as the reflected output voltage. Because the V_{DD} voltage has output voltage information, the internal voltage comparator on the VDD pin can trigger output Over-Voltage Protection (OVP), as shown in Figure 24. When at least one LED is open-circuited, output load impedance becomes very high and output capacitor is quickly charged up to $V_{OVP} \times Ns / Na$. Then switching is shut down and V_{DD} block goes into "Hiccup" Mode until the open-LED condition is removed, shown in Figure 25.



Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

The turn-on and turn-off thresholds are fixed internally at 16 V and 7.5 V, respectively. During startup, the V_{DD} capacitor must be charged to 16 V through the startup resistor to enable the FL6630. The V_{DD} capacitor continues to supply V_{DD} until power can be delivered from the auxiliary winding of the main transformer. V_{DD} must not drop below 7.5 V during this startup process. This UVLO hysteresis window ensures that the V_{DD} capacitor is adequate to supply V_{DD} during startup.

Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)

The built-in temperature-sensing circuit shuts down PWM output if the junction temperature exceeds 150°C. While PWM output is shut down, the V_{DD} voltage gradually drops to the UVLO voltage. Some of the internal circuits are shut down and V_{DD} gradually starts increasing again. When V_{DD} reaches 16 V, all the internal circuits start operating. If the junction temperature is still higher than 140°C, the PWM controller shuts down immediately.



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