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CY7S1061G/CY7S1061GE

16-Mbit (1 M words × 16 bit) Static RAM with PowerSnooze[™] and ECC

Features

- High speed □ t_{AA} = 10 ns
- Ultra-low power PowerSnooze^{™[1]} device
 □ Deep Sleep (DS) current I_{DS} = 22-µA maximum
- Low active and standby currents
 - \Box I_{CC} = 90-mA typical
 - □ I_{SB2} = 20-mA typical
- Wide operating voltage range: 1.65 V to 2.2 V, 2.2 V to 3.6 V, and 4.5 V to 5.5 V
- Embedded error-correcting code (ECC) for single-bit error correction
- 1.0-V data retention
- Transistor-transistor logic (TTL) compatible inputs and outputs
- Error indication (ERR) pin to indicate 1-bit error detection and correction
- Available in Pb-free 48-pin TSOP I, 54-pin TSOP II, and 48-ball VFBGA packages

Functional Description

The CY7S1061G/CY7S1061GE is a high-performance CMOS fast static RAM organized as 1,048,576 words by 16 bits. This device features fast access times (10 ns) and a unique ultra-low power Deep Sleep mode. With Sleep mode currents as low as 22 μ A, the CY7S1061G device combines the best features of fast and low-power SRAM in industry-standard package options. The device also features embedded ECC^[2]. ECC logic can detect and correct single-bit error in the accessed location. The CY7S1061GE device includes an ERR pin that signals an error-detection and correction event during a read cycle.

To access devices with a single-chip enable input, assert the chip enable input (CE) LOW. To access dual chip enable devices, assert both chip enable inputs – CE_1 as LOW and CE_2 as HIGH.

To perform data writes, assert the Write Enable ($\overline{\text{WE}}$) input LOW, and provide the data and address on device data pins (I/O_0 through I/O_{15}) and address pins (A_0 through A_{19}) respectively. The Byte High Enable (BHE) and Byte Low Enable (BLE) inputs control byte writes, and write data on the corresponding I/O lines to the memory location specified. BHE controls I/O₈ through I/O₁₅ and BLE controls I/O₀ through I/O₇.

To perform data reads, assert the Output Enable $(\overline{\text{OE}})$ input and provide the required address on the address lines. Read data is accessible on the I/O lines (I/O₀ through I/O₁₅). You can perform byte accesses by asserting the required byte enable signal (BHE or BLE) to read either the upper byte or the lower byte of data from the specified address location.

All I/Os (I/O₀ through I/O₁₅) are placed in a high-impedance state when the device is deselected (CE HIGH for single chip enable devices and \overline{CE}_1 HIGH and \underline{CE}_2 LOW for dual chip enable devices), or the control signals (OE, BLE, BHE) are de-asserted.

The device is placed in a low power Deep Sleep mode when the Deep Sleep pin (DS) is LOW. In this state, the device is disabled for normal operation and is placed in a data retention mode. The device can be activated by de-asserting the Deep Sleep pin (DS HIGH).

The CY7S1061G/CY7S1061G is available in 48-pin TSOP I, 54-pin TSOP II, and 48-ball VFBGA packages.

For a complete list of related resources, click here.

Product Portfolio

				Current Consumption						
Product	Range	V _{CC} Range (V)	Speed (ns)					Deep-Sleep Current (μA)		
			()		f = f _{max}					
				Typ ^[3]	Max	Тур ^[3]	Max	Тур [1]	Max	
CY7S1061G18		1.65 V–2.2 V	15	70	80					
CY7S1061G(E)30	Industrial	2.2 V–3.6 V	10	90	110	20	30	8	22	
CY7S1061G		4.5–5.5 V	10	90	110					

Notes

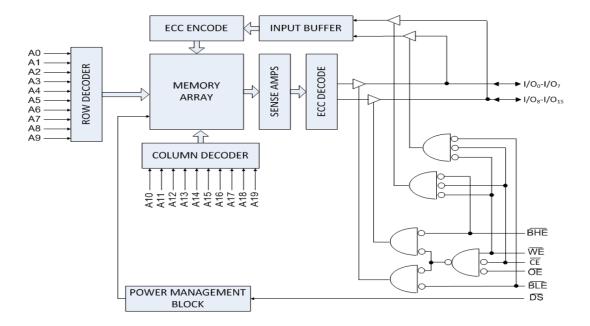
1. Refer to AN89371 for details on PowerSnooze™ feature of this device.

2. This device does not support automatic write-back on error detection.

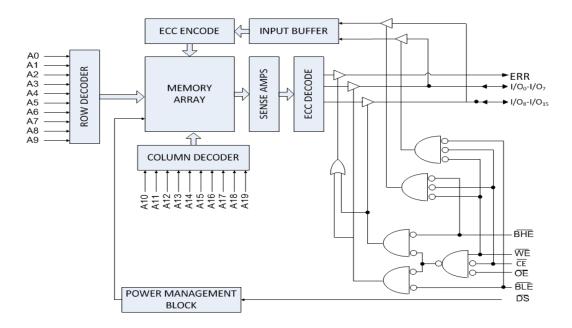
3. Typical values are included only for reference and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ (for a V_{CC} range of 1.65 V–2.2 V), $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$ (for a V_{CC} range of 2.2 V–3.6 V), and $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ (for a V_{CC} range of 4.5 V–5.5 V), $T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$.



Logic Block Diagram – CY7S1061G



Logic Block Diagram – CY7S1061GE





CY7S1061G/CY7S1061GE

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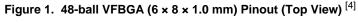
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Pin Configurations



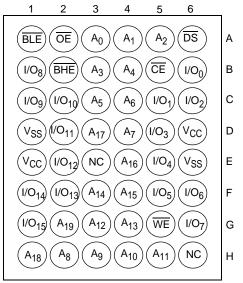
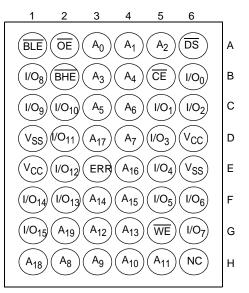


Figure 2. 48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm) Pinout with ERR (Top View) [4]



Note4. NC pins are not connected internally to the die.





Pin Configurations (continued)

Figure 3.	54-pin TSOP	II (22.4 × 11.84 ×	1.0 mm) Pinout ^[5]
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T				
I/O ₁₂	1	54		I/O ₁₁
V _{CC}	2	53		V_{SS}
I/O ₁₃	3	52		I/O ₁₀
I/O ₁₄	4	51		I/O ₉
V _{SS}	5	50		V_{CC}
I/O ₁₅	6	49		I/O ₈
A ₄	7	48		A ₅
A3 🗆	8	47		A ₆
A ₂	9	46		A ₇
	10	45		A ₈
	11	44		A ₉
	12	43		NC
CE ₁	13	42		OE
V _{CC}	14	41		V _{SS}
WE 🗆	15	40		DS
	16	39		BLE
13	17	38		A ₁₀
	18	37		A ₁₁
	19	36		A ₁₂
	20	35		A ₁₃
15	21	34		A ₁₄
., 0 _	22	33		I/O ₇
00	23	32		V _{SS}
	24	31		I/O ₆
., • Z	25	30	H	I/O ₅
- 33 -	26	29	H	V _{CC}
I/O ₃	27	28	μ	I/O ₄

Note 5. NC pins are not connected internally to the die.





Pin Configurations (continued)

	48 🗖 A ₅
	5
A ₃ = 2 A ₂ = 3 A ₁ = 4	
	45 🗖 A ₈
A ₁ = 4 A ₀ = 5 NC = 6	44 – <u>OE</u>
NČ = 6	43 🗖 <u>BHE</u>
	42 🗖 BLE
NO ₀ E 8	42 D BLE 41 D 1/0 ₁₅
I/O ₁ ⊏ 9	40 🗖 I/O ₁₄
$VO_1 = 9$ $VO_2 = 10$ $VO_3 = 11$	40 1/O ₁₄ 39 //O ₁₃
I/O ₃ ⊟ 11	38 🗖 //012
V _{DD} – 12	37 🗖 GND
GND 🗖 13	36 🗖 V 🕫
$1/0_4 = 14$	35 🗖 //()44
$VO_5 = 15$ $VO_6 = 16$	34 = I/O ₁₀
I/O ₆ □ 16	33 🗖 1/O ₉
I/O ₇ 🗖 17	$32 = 1/0_8$
WE = 18 DS = 19 A ₁₉ = 20	31 – NC
DS = 19	30 🗖 A ₉
A ₄₀ = 20	29 – A ₁₀
A ₁₈ = 21	28 🗗 A ₁₁
$A_{18} = 21$ $A_{17} = 22$	$27 - A_{12}$
$A_{16} = 23$	26 P A ₁₃
$A_{15} = 24$	20 A13 25 A14
15 27	25 – A ₁₄

Figure 4. 48-pin TSOP I (12 × 18.4 × 1 mm) Pinout (Top View) ^[6]

Figure 5. 48-pin TSOP I (12 × 18.4 × 1 mm) Pinout, ERR Output at Pin 6 (Top View)

O A	40
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	48 – A ₅
$A_3 = \frac{2}{2}$	47 = A ₆
A ₂ = 3	46 🗖 A7
A1 = 4	45 = <u>A</u>
$A_1 = 4$ $A_0 = 5$ <u>ERR</u> = 6	45 – A ₂ 44 – OE 43 – <u>BHE</u>
$\frac{\text{ERR}}{\text{A}}$	43 B HE
	42 = BLE 41 = I/O ₁₅
I/O₀ ⊟ 8	41 = 1/O ₁₅
I/O1 = 9	40 – 1/O ₁₄
I/O₂ □ 10	40 11/0 ₁₄ 39 11/0 ₁₃ 38 11/0 ₁₂ 37 1 GND
I/O ₃ □ 11	38 – I/O ₁₂
V _{DD} ⊏ 12 GND ⊏ 13	37 = GND
GND = 13	30 Vee
I/O ₄ □ 14	35 - 1/O ₁₁
$I/O_5 = 15$ $I/O_6 = 16$ $I/O_7 = 17$	34 🗖 //010
$1/0_6 = 1_6$	33 = 1/O ₉ 32 = 1/O ₈
	32 = 1/0 ₈
	31 = NC [°]
	30 🗖 A ₉
A ₁₉ = 20	29 – A ₁₀
$ \begin{array}{r} \underline{IO_7} \\ \hline WE \\ \hline S \\ \hline I \\ \hline S \\ \hline S \\ $	28 – A ₁₁
A ₁₇ – 22	27 – A ₁₂
A ₁₆ = 23	26 – A ₁₃
A ₁₅ = 24	25 A ₁₄

Note 6. NC pins are not connected internally to the die.



CY7S1061G/CY7S1061GE

Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature65 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +150 $^\circ\text{C}$	
Ambient temperature with power applied55 °C to +125 °C	
Supply voltage on V_{CC} relative to GND $^{[7]}$ –0.5 V to V_{CC} + 0.5 V	
DC voltage applied to outputs in High Z State $^{[7]}$ 0.5 V to V_CC + 0.5 V	

DC Electrical Characteristics

Over the operating range of -40 °C to +85 °C

DC input voltage [7]	.–0.5 V to V _{CC} + 0.5 V
Current into outputs (LOW)	
Static discharge voltage (MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	>2001 V
Latch-up current	> 140 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	V _{CC}
Industrial	–40 °C to +85 °C	1.65 V to 2.2 V, 2.2 V to 3.6 V, 4.5 V to 5.5 V

D	Description		To at Oas litt		10	ns / 15 ns	5		
Parameter	Desc	ription	Test Conditions		Min	Typ ^[8]	Max	Unit	
		1.65 V to 2.2 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OH} = -0.1 mA		1.4	_	-		
		2.2 V to 2.7 V	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = -1.0 mA		2.0	_	-		
V	Output HIGH	2.7 V to 3.0 V	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = -4.0 mA		2.2	_	-	V	
V _{OH}	voltage	3.0 V to 3.6 V	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = -4.0 mA		2.4	-	-		
		4.5 V to 5.5 V	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = -4.0 mA		2.4	-	-		
		4.5 V to 5.5 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OH} = -0.1 mA		V _{CC} – 0.4 ^[9]	-	-		
		1.65 V to 2.2 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OL} = 0.1 mA		-	-	0.2		
V	Output LOW	2.2 V to 2.7 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OL} = 2 mA		-	-	0.4	V	
VOL	voltage	2.7 V to 3.6 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OL} = 8 mA		-	_	0.4	V	
V[7, 10] Inp			4.5 V to 5.5 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OL} = 8 mA		-	-	0.4	
		1.65 V to 2.2 V	-		1.4	_	V _{CC} + 0.2		
v [7, 10]	Input HIGH voltage	2.2 V to 2.7 V	-		2.0	_	V _{CC} + 0.3	V	
VIH.		2.7 V to 3.6 V	-		2.0	-	V _{CC} + 0.3		
		4.5 V to 5.5 V	-		2.2	_	V _{CC} + 0.5		
		1.65 V to 2.2 V	-		-0.2	-	0.4		
v [7, 10]	Input LOW	2.2 V to 2.7 V	-		-0.3	-	0.6	v	
VIL, , ,	voltage	2.7 V to 3.6 V	-		-0.3	-	0.8		
VOL VOI VIH ^[7, 10] Inp VIL ^[7, 10] Inp I _{IX} Inp		4.5 V to 5.5 V	-		-0.5	_	0.8		
I _{IX}	Input leakage	current	$\begin{array}{l} \text{GND} \leq \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \leq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} (\text{for all pins} \\ \text{V}_{\text{IN}} = \text{GND} (\text{or}) \ \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{IH}} (\text{for} \end{array}$	<u>exc</u> ept DS) DS pin only)	-1.0	-	+1.0	μΑ	
I _{OZ}	Output leakag	ge current	GND <u><</u> V _{OUT} ≤ V _{CC} , Output d	isabled	-1.0	-	+1.0	μA	
1			V _{CC} = Max,	f = 100 MHz	-	90.0	110.0		
ICC	V _{CC} operating supply current			f = 66.7 MHz	-	70.0	80.0	mA	
I _{SB1}	Standby curre	ent – TTL inputs	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Max } V_{\text{CC}}, \ \overline{\text{CE}}^{[11]} \geq V_{\text{IH}}, \ V_{\text{IN}} \geq \\ \text{f} = \text{f}_{\text{MAX}} \end{array}$	$Max V_{CC}, \overline{CE}^{[11]} \ge V_{H}, V_{IN} \ge V_{H} \text{ or } V_{IN} \le V_{II},$		-	40.0	mA	
I _{SB2}	Standby curre	ent – CMOS	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Max V}_{\text{CC}}, \ \overline{\text{CE}}^{[11]} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V} \\ \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V} \text{ or } \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.2 \end{array}$	2 V, f = 0	-	20.0	30.0	mA	
I _{DS}	Deep-Sleep c	urrent	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Max V}_{\text{CC}}, \ \overline{\text{CE}}^{[11]} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \\ \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \ \text{V or V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.2 \end{array}$	V, <u>DS ≤</u> 0.2 V, 2 V, f = 0	-	8.0	22.0	μA	

Notes

7. V_{IL} (min) = -2.0 V and V_{IH} (max) = V_{CC} + 2 V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.

8. Indicates the value for the center of distribution at 3.0 V, 25 °C and not 100% tested. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = 1.8$ V (for a V_{CC} range of 1.65 V–2.2 V), $V_{CC} = 3$ V (for a V_{CC} range of 2.2 V–3.6 V), and $V_{CC} = 5$ V (for a V_{CC} range of 4.5 V–5.5 V), $T_A = 25$ °C.

9. This parameter is guaranteed by design and is not tested.

10. For $\overline{\text{DS}}$ pin, V_{IH} (min) is $V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2$ V and V_{IL} (max) is 0.2 V. 11. For all dual chip enable devices, $\overline{\text{CE}}$ is the logical combination of $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ and CE_2 . When $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ is LOW and CE_2 is HIGH, $\overline{\text{CE}}$ is LOW; when $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ is HIGH or CE_2 is LOW, $\overline{\text{CE}}$ is HIGH.



Capacitance

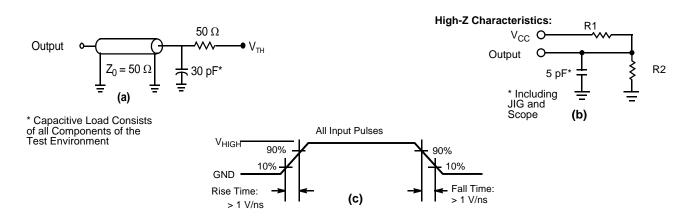
Parameter ^[12]	Description	Test Conditions	All packages	Unit
C _{IN}	Input capacitance	T _A = 25 °C, f = 1 MHz, V _{CC(typ)}	10	pF
C _{OUT}	I/O capacitance	$T_A = 23^{\circ}$ C, $T = T_1 V H 2, V_{CC(typ)}$	10	pF

Thermal Resistance

Parameter ^[12]	Description	Test Conditions	48-ball VFBGA	54-pin TSOP II	48-pin TSOP I	Unit
Θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance (junction to ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch,	31.50	93.63	57.99	°C/W
Θ _{JC}	Thermal resistance (junction to case)	four layer printed circuit board	15.75	21.58	13.42	°C/W

AC Test Loads and Waveforms





Parameters	1.8 V	3.0 V	5.0 V	Unit
R1	1667	317	317	Ω
R2	1538	351	351	Ω
V _{TH}	V _{CC} /2	1.5	1.5	V
V _{HIGH}	1.8	3.0	3.0	V



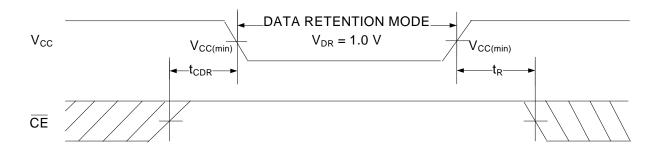
Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range of -40 °C to +85 °C

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{DR}	V _{CC} for data retention		1.0	-	V
I _{CCDR}	Data retention current	$ \begin{array}{l} V_{CC} = V_{DR}, \ \overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V, \ \overline{DS} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V, \\ V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V \ \text{or} \ V_{IN} \leq 0.2 \ V \end{array} $	_	30.0	mA
t _{CDR} ^[14]	Chip deselect to data retention time		0	_	ns
t _R ^[14]	Operation recovery time	$2.2 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{CC}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	10.0	-	ns
'R' '		$V_{CC} \leq 2.2 V$	15.0		ns

Data Retention Waveform





Notes

^{14.} These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.

^{15.} Full device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to V_{CC} (min) \ge 100 μ s or stable at V_{CC} (min) \ge 100 μ s.

^{16.} For all dual chip enable devices, \overline{CE} is the logical combination of \overline{CE}_1 and CE_2 . When \overline{CE}_1 is LOW and CE_2 is HIGH, \overline{CE} is LOW; when \overline{CE}_1 is HIGH or CE_2 is LOW, \overline{CE} is HIGH.

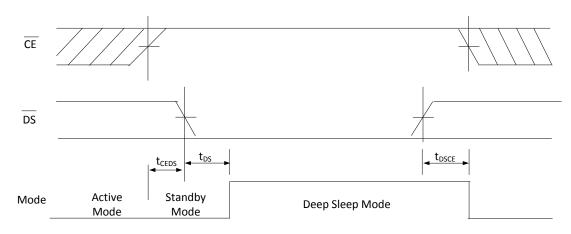


Deep-Sleep Mode Characteristics

Over the Operating Range of -40 °C to +85 °C

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
I _{DS}	Deep Sleep Mode current	$ \begin{array}{l} V_{\mathrm{CC}} = V_{\mathrm{CC}} \mbox{ (max)}, \overline{CE}^{[17]} \geq V_{\mathrm{CC}} - 0.2 \ V, \overline{DS} \leq 0.2 \ V, \\ V_{IN} \geq V_{\mathrm{CC}} - 0.2 \ V \mbox{ or } V_{IN} \leq 0.2 \ V \end{array} $	-	22	μA
t _{CEDS} ^[17, 18]	Time between de-assertion of CE ^[17] and assertion of DS		100	_	ns
t _{DS} ^[17, 18]	DS assertion to Deep Sleep mode transition time		_	1	ms
t _{DSCE} ^[17, 18]	Time between de-assertion of $\overline{\text{DS}}$ and assertion of $\overline{\text{CE}}^{[17]}$		1	-	ms





Notes

 ^{17.} Address, data, and control lines should not toggle within t_{DS}. They should be fixed to one of the logic levels - V_{IH} or V_{IL}.
 18. These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.
 19. For all dual chip enable devices, CE is the logical combination of CE₁ and CE₂. When CE₁ is LOW and CE₂ is HIGH, CE is LOW; when CE₁ is HIGH or CE₂ is LOW, CE is HIGH.



AC Switching Characteristics

Over the operating range of -40 °C to +85 °C

Parameter [20, 2	Preservicitor	10	ns	15 ns		Unit
Parameter 120, 1	^{21]} Description	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read Cycle			L			
t _{power}	V _{CC} (stable) to the first access ^[22, 23]	100.0	_	100.0	-	μs
t _{RC}	Read cycle time	10.0	-	15.0	-	ns
t _{AA}	Address to data valid / ERR valid	-	10.0	-	15.0	ns
t _{OHA}	Data / ERR hold from address change	3.0	_	3.0	-	ns
t _{ACE}	CE LOW to data valid / ERR valid	-	10.0	-	15.0	ns
t _{DOE}	OE LOW to data valid / ERR valid	-	5.0	-	8.0	ns
t _{LZOE}	OE LOW to low Z ^[24, 25, 26]	0	_	1.0	-	ns
t _{HZOE}	OE HIGH to high Z ^[24, 25, 26]	_	5.0	-	8.0	ns
t _{LZCE}	CE LOW to low Z ^[24, 25, 26, 27]	3.0	-	3.0	-	ns
t _{HZCE}	CE HIGH to high Z [24, 25, 26, 27]	-	5.0	-	8.0	ns
t _{PU}	CE LOW to power-up ^[23]	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{PD}	CE HIGH to power-down ^[23]	-	10.0	-	15.0	ns
t _{DBE}	Byte enable to data valid	-	5.0	-	8.0	ns
t _{LZBE}	Byte enable to low Z ^[24, 25]	0	-	1.0	-	ns
t _{HZBE}	Byte disable to high Z ^[24, 25]	-	5.0	-	8.0	ns
Write Cycle ^{[28, 2}	29]					
t _{WC}	Write cycle time	10.0	-	15.0	-	ns
t _{SCE}	CE LOW to write end ^[27]	7.0	-	12.0	_	ns
t _{AW}	Address setup to write end	7.0	-	12.0	-	ns
t _{HA}	Address hold from write end	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{SA}	Address setup to write start	0	-	0	_	ns
t _{PWE}	WE pulse width	7.0	-	12.0	_	ns
t _{SD}	Data setup to write end	5.0	-	8.0	-	ns
t _{HD}	Data hold from write end	0	-	0	_	ns
t _{LZWE}	WE HIGH to low Z ^[24, 25, 26]	3.0	-	3.0	_	ns
t _{HZWE}	WE LOW to high Z ^[24, 25, 26]	_	5.0	_	8.0	ns
t _{BW}	Byte Enable to End of Write	7.0	-	12.0	_	ns

Notes

22. t_{POWER} gives the minimum amount of time that the power supply is at stable V_{CC} until the first memory access is performed.

23. These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.

24. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZVE}, and t_{HZEE} are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF, as shown in part (b) of Figure 6 on page 8. Hi-Z, Lo-Z transition is measured ±200 mV from steady state voltage.

25. At any temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE} , t_{HZBE} is less than t_{LZDE} , t_{HZDE} is less than t_{LZOE} , and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZWE} for any device. 26. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters. 27. Eor all dual chip enable devices, \overrightarrow{CE} is the logical combination of \overrightarrow{CE}_1 and \overrightarrow{CE}_2 . When \overrightarrow{CE}_1 is LOW and \overrightarrow{CE}_2 is HIGH, \overrightarrow{CE} is LOW; when \overrightarrow{CE}_1 is HIGH or \overrightarrow{CE}_2 is LOW, CE is HIGH.

28. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE} = V_{|L}$, $\overline{CE} = V_{|L}$, and \overline{BHE} or $\overline{BLE} = V_{|L}$. These signals must be LOW to initiate a write, and the HIGH transition of any of these signals can terminate the operation. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

29. The minimum write pulse width for Write Cycle No. 2 (WE controlled, OE LOW) should be the sum of tHZWE and tSD.

^{20.} Test conditions assume signal transition time (rise/fall) of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5 V (for V_{CC} ≥ 3 V) and V_{CC}/2 (for V_{CC} < 3 V), and input pulse levels of 0 to 3 V (for V_{CC} ≥ 3 V), and 0 to V_{CC} (for V_{CC} < 3 V). Test conditions for the read cycle use the output loading shown in part (a) of Figure 6 on page 8, unless specified otherwise 21. DS must be HIGH for chip access. Refer to AN89371 for details.</p>



Switching Waveforms

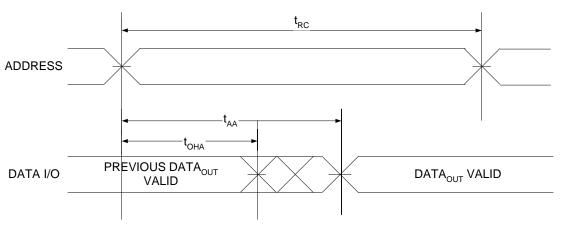
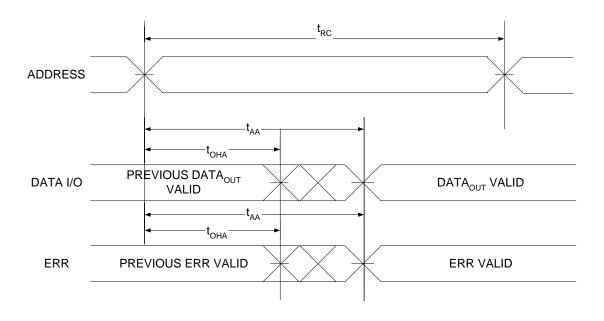


Figure 9. Read Cycle No. 1 of CY7S1061G (Address Transition Controlled) ^[30, 31]





Notes

30. The device is continuously selected. $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, \overline{BHE} or \overline{BLE} or both = V_{IL} . 31. WE is HIGH for read cycle.





Switching Waveforms (continued)

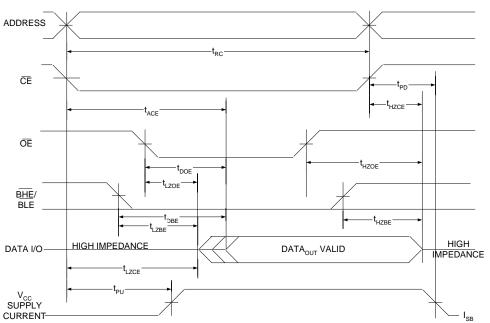
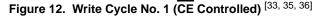
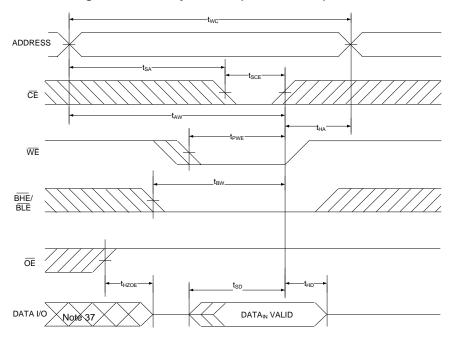


Figure 11. Read Cycle No. 3 (DE Controlled) ^[32, 33, 34]





- Notes 32. WE is HIGH for read cycle. 33. Eor all dual chip enable devices, \overline{CE} is the logical combination of \overline{CE}_1 and \overline{CE}_2 . When \overline{CE}_1 is LOW and \overline{CE}_2 is HIGH, \overline{CE} is LOW; when \overline{CE}_1 is HIGH or \overline{CE}_2 is LOW, \overline{CE} is HIGH. 34. A literature wild prior to or coincident with \overline{CE} LOW transition.
- 35. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE} = V_{|L|}$, $\overline{CE} = V_{|L|}$ and \overline{BHE} or $\overline{BLE} = V_{|L|}$. These signals must be LOW to initiate a write, and the HIGH transition of any of these signals can terminate the operation. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
- 36. Data I/O is in high-impedance state if $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$, or $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ or \overline{BHE} , and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IH}$. 37. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

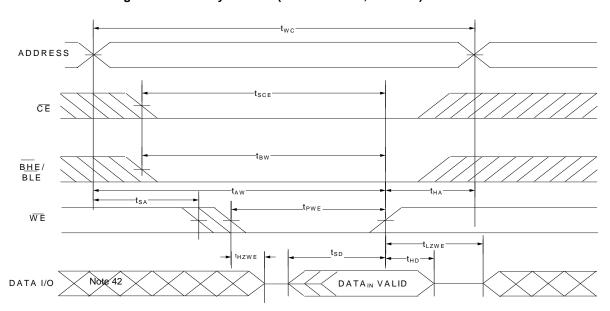
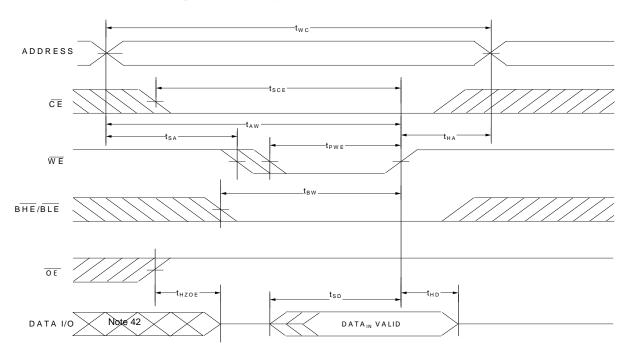


Figure 13. Write Cycle No. 2 (WE Controlled, OE LOW) ^[38, 39, 40, 41]

Figure 14. Write Cycle No. 3 (WE controlled) ^[38, 40, 41]



Notes

- 38. For all dual chip enable devices, CE is the logical combination of CE₁ and CE₂. When CE₁ is LOW and CE₂ is HIGH, CE is LOW; when CE₁ is HIGH or CE₂ is LOW, CE is HIGH.
- 39. The minimum write pulse width for Write Cycle No. 2 (WE controlled, OE LOW) should be sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD}.
 40. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE = V_{IL}, CE = V_{IL} and BHE or BLE = V_{IL}. These signals must be LOW to initiate a write, and the HIGH transition of any of these signals can terminate the operation. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the operation. the write.
- 41. Data I/O is in high-impedance state if $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$, or $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ or \overline{BHE} , and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IH}$. 42. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

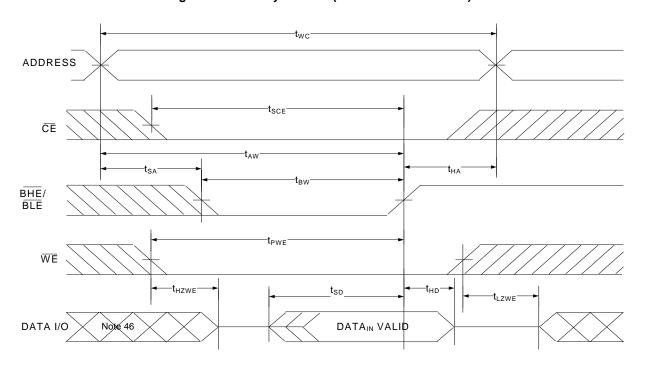


Figure 15. Write Cycle No. 3 (BLE or BHE Controlled) ^[43, 44, 45]

Notes

43. For all dual chip enable devices, \overline{CE} is the logical combination of \overline{CE}_1 and CE_2 . When \overline{CE}_1 is LOW and CE_2 is HIGH, \overline{CE} is LOW; when \overline{CE}_1 is HIGH or CE_2 is LOW, \overline{CE} is HIGH.

4. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE} = V_{|L}$, $\overline{CE} = V_{|L}$ and \overline{BHE} or $\overline{BLE} = V_{|L}$. These signals must be LOW to initiate a write, and the HIGH transition of any of these signals can terminate the operation. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

45. Data I/O is in high-impedance state if $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$, or $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$, or \overline{BHE} , and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IH}$. 46. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.





Truth Table

DS	CE	OE	WE	BLE	BHE	1/0 ₀ -1/0 ₇	I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅	Mode	Power
Н	Н	X ^[47]	X ^[47]	X ^[47]	X ^[47]	High-Z	High-Z	Standby	Standby (I _{SB})
Н	L	L	Н	L	L	Data out	Data out	Read all bits	Active (I _{CC})
Н	L	L	Н	L	Н	Data out	High-Z	Read lower bits only	Active (I _{CC})
Н	L	L	Н	Н	L	High-Z	Data out	Read upper bits only	Active (I _{CC})
Н	L	Х	L	L	L	Data in	Data in	Write all bits	Active (I _{CC})
Н	L	Х	L	L	Н	Data in	High-Z	Write lower bits only	Active (I _{CC})
Н	L	Х	L	Н	L	High-Z	Data in	Write upper bits only	Active (I _{CC})
Н	L	Н	Н	Х	Х	High-Z	High-Z	Selected, outputs disabled	Active (I _{CC})
L ^[48]	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	High-Z	High-Z	Deep Sleep	Deep-Sleep Ultra Low Power (I _{DS})
L	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	-	-	Invalid mode ^[49]	-
Н	L	Х	Х	Н	Н	High-Z	High-Z	Selected, outputs disabled	Active (I _{CC})

ERR Output – CY7S1061GE

Output ^[50]	Mode	
0	Read operation, no single-bit error in the stored data.	
1	Read operation, single-bit error detected and corrected.	
High-Z	Device deselected or outputs disabled or Write operation	

Notes

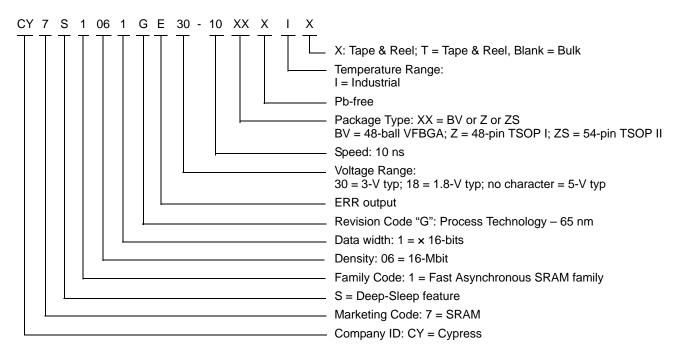
^{47.} The input voltage levels on these pins should be either at V_{IH} or V_{IL} . 48. V_{IL} on DS must be \leq 0.2 V. 49. This mode does not guarantee data retention. Power cycling needs to be performed for the device to return to normal operation. 50. ERR is an Output pin. If not used, this pin should be left floating.



Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Voltage Range	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type All (Pb-free)	ERR Pin/ Ball	Operating Range
15	1.65 V–2.2 V	CY7S1061G18-15ZSXI	51-85160	54-pin TSOP II	No	
10	1.00 V-2.2 V	CY7S1061G18-15ZSXIT	51-05100		NO	
		CY7S1061G30-10ZSXI	51-85160	54-pin TSOP II	No	
		CY7S1061G30-10ZSXIT	51-05100		NO	
		CY7S1061G30-10BVXI) 48-ball VFBGA	No	
	2.2 V–3.6 V	CY7S1061G30-10BVXIT	51-85150			
		CY7S1061GE30-10BVXI			Yes	Industrial
10	2.2 V-3.0 V	CY7S1061GE30-10BVXIT			165	industriai
10		CY7S1061G30-10ZXI		3 48-pin TSOP I	No	
		CY7S1061G30-10ZXIT	51-85183			
		CY7S1061GE30-10ZXI	51-05105		Yes	
		CY7S1061GE30-10ZXIT			ies	-
	4.5 V–5.5 V	CY7S1061GE-10ZXI	51-85183	48-pin TSOP I	Vee	
	4.5 V-5.5 V	CY7S1061GE-10ZXIT	51-05165		Yes	

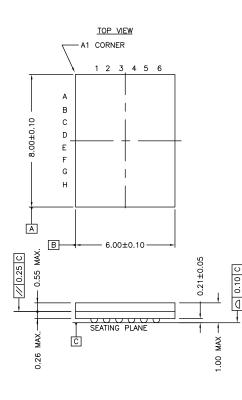
Ordering Code Definitions

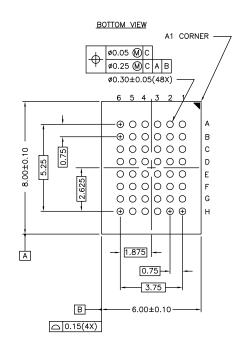




Package Diagrams

Figure 16. 48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm) BV48/BZ48 Package Outline



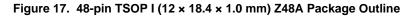


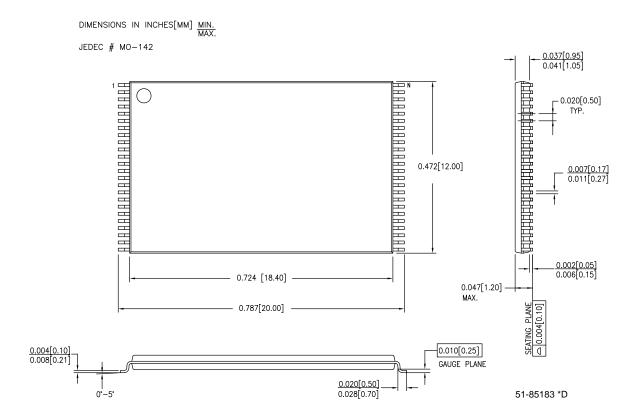
NOTE: PACKAGE WEIGHT: See Cypress Package Material Declaration Datasheet (PMDD) posted on the Cypress web.

51-85150 *H



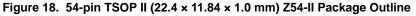
Package Diagrams (continued)

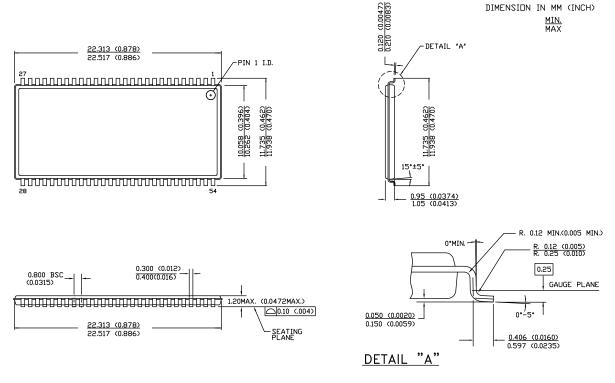






Package Diagrams (continued)





51-85160 *E





Acronyms

Acronym	Description
BHE	Byte High Enable
BLE	Byte Low Enable
CE	Chip Enable
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
I/O	Input/output
OE	Output Enable
SRAM	Static random access memory
TTL	Transistor-transistor logic
VFBGA	Very fine-pitch ball grid array
WE	Write Enable

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degree Celsius
MHz	megahertz
μA	microampere
μS	microsecond
mA	milliampere
mm	millimeter
ns	nanosecond
Ω	ohm
%	percent
pF	picofarad
V	volt
W	watt



Document History Page

Document Title: CY7S1061G/CY7S1061GE, 16-Mbit (1 M words × 16 bit) Static RAM with PowerSnooze™ and ECC Document Number: 001-79707

Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
*M	4791835	NILE	06/10/2015	Changed datasheet status to Final
*N	5436633	VINI	09/15/2016	Updated DC Electrical Characteristics: Updated VOH values for the voltage range $V_{CC} = 2.7V$ to 3.6V. Updated Note 7. Updated Ordering Code Definitions: Added Tape and Reel parts. Updated Copyright and Disclaimer.



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