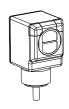
Q40 Sensors dc-Voltage Series



Datasheet

Self-contained, dc-operated sensors





WARNING: Not To Be Used for Personnel Protection

Never use this device as a sensing device for personnel protection. Doing so could lead to serious injury or death. This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A sensor failure or malfunction can cause either an energized or deenergized sensor output condition.

Models

Model ¹	Sensing Mode		Range	LED	Output
Q406E	OPPOSED	Opposed	60 m (200 ft)	Infrared, 950 nm	-
Q40SN6R					NPN
Q40SP6R					PNP
Q40SN6LP	POLAR RETRO	Polarized Retro- reflective	6 m (20 ft)	Visible red, 680 nm	NPN
Q40SP6LP					PNP
Q40SN6FF200	FIXED-FIELD	Fixed Field	200 mm (8 in) cutoff	Infrared, 880 nm	NPN
Q40SP6FF200					PNP
Q40SN6FF400			400 mm (16 in) cutoff		NPN
Q40SP6FF400					PNP
Q40SN6FF600			600 mm (24 in) cutoff		NPN
Q40SP6FF600					PNP

Fixed-Field Mode Overview

Q40 Series self-contained fixed-field sensors are small, powerful, infrared diffuse mode sensors with far-limit cutoff. The high excess gain of these sensors makes it possible for them to detect objects of low reflectivity. The fixed-field design makes them ideal for detecting a part or surface that is directly in front of another surface, while ignoring the surface in the background.

Installation

In the drawings and discussion in *Excess Gain* on page 4 and in *Background Reflectivity and Placement* on page 2, the letters E, R1, and R2 identify how the sensor's three optical elements (Emitter "E," Near Detector "R1," and Far Detector "R2") line up across the face of the sensor. In *Figure 1* on page 2, *Figure 2* on page 2, and *Figure 3* on page 2, these elements align vertically; in *Figure 4* on page 2, they align horizontally. Note how the pattern on the sensor's lens helps to define the sensing axis of the sensor (*Figure 6* on page 4). The sensing axis becomes important in situations like those illustrated in *Figure 3* on page 2 and *Figure 4* on page 2.

[•] To order 4-pin Euro-style QD models: add suffix "Q" (for example, Q406EQ). A model with a QD connector requires a mating cable.



Original Document 116167 Rev. B

¹ Standard 2 m (6.5 ft) cable models are listed.

[•] To order 9 m (30 ft) cable: add suffix "W/30" (for example, Q406E W/30).

Background Reflectivity and Placement

Avoid mirror-like backgrounds that produce specular reflections. A false sensor response occurs if a background surface reflects the sensor's light more to the near detector (R1) than to the far detector (R2). The result is a false ON condition (*Figure 1* on page 2). To correct this problem, use a diffusely reflective (matte) background, or angle either the sensor or the background (in any plane) so the background does not reflect light back to the sensor (see *Figure 2* on page 2). Position the background as far beyond the cutoff distance as possible.

An object beyond the cutoff distance, either stationary (and when positioned as shown in *Figure 3* on page 2), or moving past the face of the sensor in a direction perpendicular to the sensing axis, may cause unwanted triggering of the sensor if more light is reflected to the near detector than to the far detector. The problem is easily remedied by rotating the sensor 90° (*Figure 4* on page 2) to align the sensing axis horizontally. The object then reflects the R1 and R2 fields equally, resulting in no false triggering. A better solution, if possible, may be to reposition the object or the sensor.

Unwanted triggering of the sensor from an object beyond the cutoff can also be caused by attempting to sense a small object that is moving perpendicular to the sensor face, or by an object moving through the off-center position shown in *Figure 3* on page 2. Making the object larger, centering the sensor relative to the object, or rotating the sensor to place the sensing axis perpendicular to the longer dimension of the object (*Figure 4* on page 2) will solve the problem.

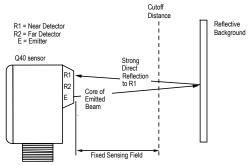


Figure 1. Reflective background - problem

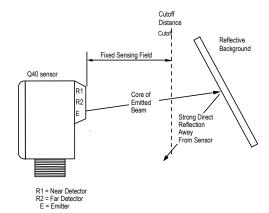


Figure 2. Reflective background - solution

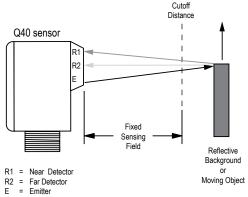


Figure 3. Object beyond cutoff - problem

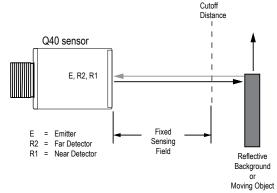
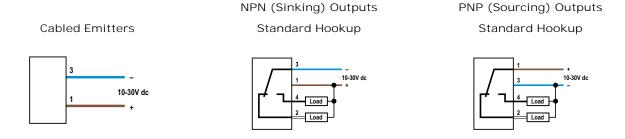


Figure 4. Object beyond cutoff - solution

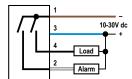
Wiring Diagrams



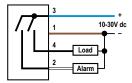


NOTE: QD hookups are functionally identical.

Alarm Hookup



Alarm Hookup



Specifications

Supply Voltage and Current

10 to 30 V dc (10% max. ripple)

Supply current (exclusive of load current):

Emitters: 25 mA Receivers: 20 mA

Polarized Retroreflective: 30 mA

Fixed-Field: 35 mA

Supply Protection Circuitry

Protected against reverse polarity and transient voltages

Output Configuration

SPDT solid-state dc switch; Choose NPN (current sinking) or PNP (current sourcing) models

Light Operate: N.O. output conducts when sensor sees its own (or the emitter's) modulated light

Dark Operate: N.C. output conducts when the sensor sees dark; the N.C. (normally closed) output may be wired as a normally open marginal signal alarm output, depending upon hookup to power supply

(U.S. patent 5087838)

Output Rating

150 mA maximum (each) in standard hookup.

When wired for alarm output, the total load may not exceed 150 mA. OFF-state leakage current: < 1 microamp at 30 V dc

ON-state saturation voltage: < 1V at 10 mA dc; < 1.5 V at 150 mA

Required Overcurrent Protection



WARNING: Electrical connections must be made by qualified personnel in accordance with local and national electrical codes and regulations.

Overcurrent protection is required to be provided by end product application per the supplied table.

Overcurrent protection may be provided with external fusing or via Current Limiting, Class 2 Power Supply.

Supply wiring leads < 24 AWG shall not be spliced.

For additional product support, go to www.bannerengineering.com.

Supply Wiring (AWG)	Required Overcurrent Protection (Amps)		
20	5.0		
22	3.0		
24	2.0		
26	1.0		
28	0.8		
30	0.5		

Output Protection Circuitry

Protected against false pulse on power-up and continuous overload or short circuit of outputs

Output Response Time

Opposed mode: 3 ms ON, 1.5 ms OFF Retro and Fixed-Field: 3 ms ON and OFF



NOTE: 100 ms delay on power-up; outputs do not conduct during this time.

Repeatability

Opposed mode: 375 µs Retro and Fixed-Field: 750 µs

Repeatability and response are independent of signal strength

Indicators

Two LEDs (Green and Amber)

Green ON steady: power to sensor is ON Green flashing: output is overloaded Amber ON steady: N.O. output is conducting

Amber flashing: excess gain marginal (1 to 1.5x) in light condition

Construction

PBT polyester housing; acrylic lens

Environmental Rating

Leakproof design rated NEMA 6P, IEC IP67. QD Models rated IEC IP69K per DIN 40050-9.

2 m (6.5 ft) or 9 m (30 ft) attached cable, or 4-pin Euro-style quickdisconnect fitting

Operating Conditions

Temperature: -40 °C to +70 °C (-40 °F to +158 °F) 90% at +50 °C maximum relative humidity (non-condensing)

Vibration and Mechanical Shock

All models meet Mil. Std. 202F requirements. Method 201A (Vibration; frequency 10 Hz to 60 Hz, max., double amplitude 0.06 inch acceleration 10G). Method 213B conditions H&I. Shock: 75G with unit operating; 100G for non-operation

Certifications

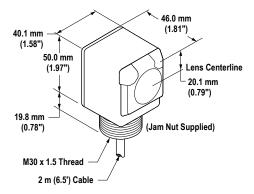




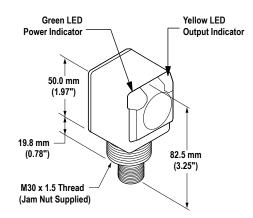


Dimensions

Cabled Models



QD Models



All measurements are listed in millimeters [inches], unless noted otherwise.

Excess Gain

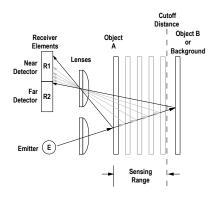
The excess gain curves for these products are available on the Banner website. They show excess gain versus sensing distance for sensors with 200 mm, 400 mm, and 600 mm (8 in, 16 in, and 24 in) cutoffs. Maximum excess gain for all models occurs at a lens-to-object distance of about 40 mm (1.57 in). Sensing at or near this distance makes maximum use of each sensor's available sensing power.

Backgrounds and background objects must always be placed beyond the cutoff distance.

The excess gain curves were generated using a white test card of 90% reflectance. Objects with reflectivity of less than 90% reflect less light back to the sensor, and thus require proportionately more excess gain in order to be sensed with the same reliability as more reflective objects. When sensing an object of very low reflectivity, it may be especially important to sense it at or near the distance of maximum excess gain.

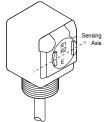
The effects of object reflectivity on cutoff distance, though small, may be important for some applications. Sensing of objects of less than 90% reflectivity causes the cutoff distances to be "pulled" slightly closer to the sensor. For example, an excess gain of 1 for an object that reflects 1/10 as much light as the 90% white card is represented by the heavy horizontal graph line at excess gain = 10. An object of this reflectivity results in far limit cutoffs of approximately 190 mm, 250 mm, and 390 mm (7.48 in, 9.84 in, and 15.4 in) for the 200 mm, 400 mm, and 600 mm (8 in, 16 in, and 24 in) cutoff models, respectively.

For highest sensitivity, the sensor-to-object distance should be such that the object will be sensed at or near the point of maximum excess gain. The background must be placed beyond the cutoff distance. Following these two guidelines makes it possible to detect objects of low reflectivity, even against close-in reflective backgrounds.



Object is sensed if amount of light at R1 is greater than the amount of light at R2

Figure 5. Fixed-field Concept



As a general rule, the most reliable sensing of an object approaching from the side occurs when the line of approach is parallel to the sensing axis.

Figure 6. Fixed-field sensing axis

Quick-Disconnect (QD) Cables

4-Pin Threaded M12/Euro-Style Cordsets							
Model	Length	Style	Dimensions	Pinout (Female)			
MQDC-406	1.83 m (6 ft)						
MQDC-415	4.57 m (15 ft)		M12 x 1	1 (00) 3			
MQDC-430	9.14 m (30 ft)	Straight					
MQDC-450	15.2 m (50 ft)						
MQDC-406RA	1.83 m (6 ft)		, 32 Typ.				
MQDC-415RA	4.57 m (15 ft)		[1.26"]				
MQDC-430RA	9.14 m (30 ft)		30 Typ.	1 = Brown 2 = White			
MQDC-450RA	15.2 m (50 ft)	Right-Angle	M12 x 1	3 = Blue 4 = Black			

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