

# Memory FeRAM

# 4 K (512 $\times$ 8) Bit I<sup>2</sup>C

# MB85RC04V

# DESCRIPTION

The MB85RC04V is an FeRAM (Ferroelectric Random Access Memory) chip in a configuration of 512 words  $\times$  8 bits, using the ferroelectric process and silicon gate CMOS process technologies for forming the nonvolatile memory cells.

Unlike SRAM, the MB85RC04V is able to retain data without using a data backup battery.

The read/write endurance of the nonvolatile memory cells used for the MB85RC04V has improved to be at least 10<sup>12</sup> cycles, significantly outperforming other nonvolatile memory products in the number.

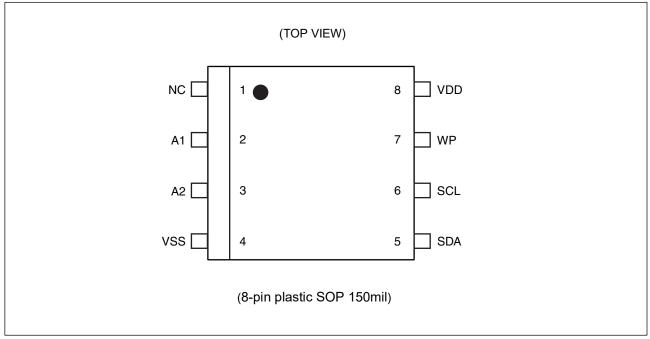
The MB85RC04V does not need a polling sequence after writing to the memory such as the case of Flash memory or  $E^2PROM$ .

# FEATURES

<ul> <li>Bit configuration</li> <li>Two-wire serial interface</li> <li>Operating frequency</li> <li>Read/write endurance</li> </ul>	: 512 words × 8 bits : Fully controllable by two ports: serial clock (SCL) and serial data (SDA). : 1 MHz (Max) : 10 <sup>12</sup> times / byte
Data retention	: 10 years ( + 85 °C), 95 years ( + 55 °C), over 200 years ( + 35 °C)
Operating power supply voltag	e: 3.0 V to 5.5 V
Low-power consumption	: Operating power supply current 90 μA (Typ @1 MHz) Standby current 5 μA (Typ)
Operation ambient temperature	e range
	: -40 °C to +85 °C
• Package	: 8-pin plastic SOP 150mil RoHS compliant

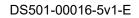
Fujitsu Semiconductor Memory Solutions Limited has changed its name to RAMXEED Limited. RAMXEED Limited will continue to offer and support existing products while maintaining Fujitsu's part number unchanged.

# ■ PIN ASSIGNMENT

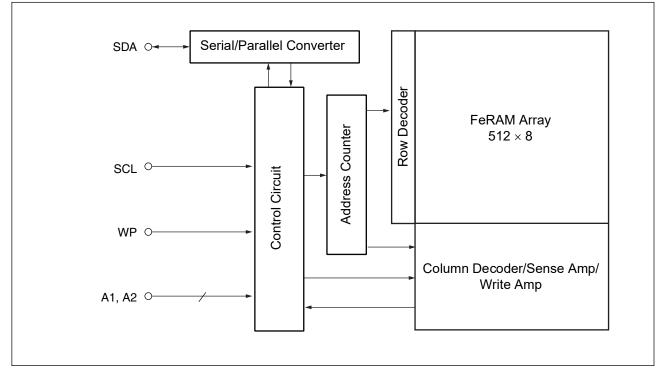


# ■ PIN FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTIONS

Pin Number	Pin Name	Functional Description
1	NC	No Connect pin Leave this pin open, or connect to VDD or VSS.
2, 3	A1, A2	Device Address pins The MB85RC04V can be connected to the same data bus up to 4 devices. Device addresses are used in order to identify each of these devices. Connect these pins to VDD pin or VSS pin externally. Only if the combination of VDD and VSS pins matches Device Address Code inputted from the SDA pin, the device operates. In the open pin state, A1 and A2 pins are internally pulled-down and recognized as the "L" level.
4	VSS	Ground pin
5	SDA	Serial Data I/O pin This is an I/O pin which performs bidirectional communication for both memory address and writing/reading data. It is possible to connect multiple devices. It is an open drain output, so a pull-up resistor is required to be connected to the ex- ternal circuit.
6	SCL	Serial Clock pin This is a clock input pin for input/output serial data. Data is sampled on the ris- ing edge of the clock and output on the falling edge.
7	WP	Write Protect pin When the Write Protect pin is the "H" level, the writing operation is disabled. When the Write Protect pin is the "L" level, the entire memory region can be overwritten. The reading operation is always enabled regardless of the Write Protect pin input level. The Write Protect pin is internally pulled down to VSS pin, and that is recognized as the "L" level (write enabled) when the pin is the open state.
8	VDD	Supply Voltage pin



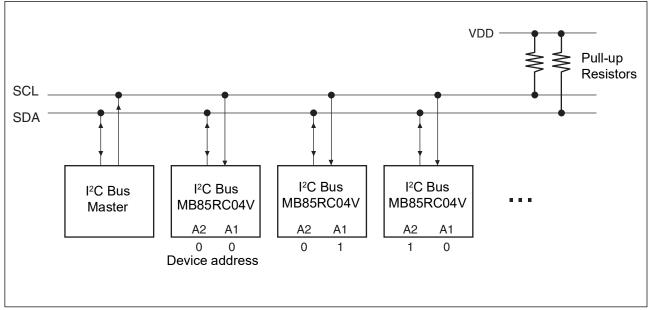
#### BLOCK DIAGRAM



### ■ I<sup>2</sup>C (Inter-Integrated Circuit)

The MB85RC04V has the two-wire serial interface; the I<sup>2</sup>C bus, and operates as a slave device. The I<sup>2</sup>C bus defines communication roles of "master" and "slave" devices, with the master side holding the authority to initiate control. Furthermore, the I<sup>2</sup>C bus connection is possible where a single master device is connected to multiple slave devices in a party-line configuration. In this case, it is necessary to assign a unique device address to the slave device, the master side starts communication after specifying the slave to communicate by addresses.







# ■ I<sup>2</sup>C COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

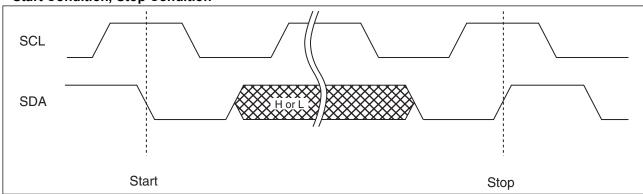
The I<sup>2</sup>C bus is a two wire serial interface that uses a bidirectional data bus (SDA) and serial clock (SCL). A data transfer can only be initiated by the master, which will also provide the serial clock for synchronization. The SDA signal should change while the SCL is the "L" level. However, as an exception, when starting and stopping communication sequence, the SDA is allowed to change while the SCL is the "H" level.

#### Start Condition

To start read or write operations by the I<sup>2</sup>C bus, change the SDA input from the "H" level to the "L" level while the SCL input is in the "H" level.

Stop Condition

To stop the I<sup>2</sup>C bus communication, change the SDA input from the "L" level to the "H" level while the SCL input is in the "H" level. In the reading operation, inputting the stop condition finishes reading and enters the standby state. In the writing operation, inputting the stop condition finishes inputting the rewrite data and enters the standby state.



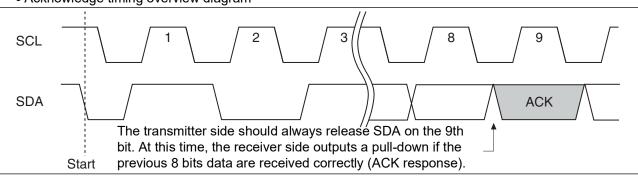
#### Start Condition, Stop Condition

Note : At the write operation, the FeRAM device does not need the programming wait time (twc) after issuing the Stop Condition.

# ■ ACKNOWLEDGE (ACK)

In the I<sup>2</sup>C bus, serial data including memory address or memory information is sent and received in units of 8 bits. The acknowledge signal indicates that every 8 bits of the data is successfully sent and received. The receiver side usually outputs the "L" level every time on the 9th SCL clock after each 8 bits are successfully transmitted and received. On the transmitter side, the bus is temporarily released to Hi-Z every time on this 9th clock to allow the acknowledge signal to be received and checked. During this Hi-Z released period, the receiver side pulls the SDA line down to indicate the "L" level that the previous 8 bits communication is successfully received.

In case the slave side receives Stop condition before sending or receiving the ACK "L" level, the slave side stops the operation and enters to the standby state. On the other hand, the slave side releases the bus state after sending or receiving the NACK "H" level. The master side generates Stop condition or Start condition in this released bus state.



#### Acknowledge timing overview diagram



## MEMORY ADDRESS STRUCTURE

The MB85RC04V has the memory address buffer to store the 9-bit information for the memory address. As for byte write, page write and random read commands, the complete 9-bit memory address is configured by inputting the memory upper address (1 bit) and the memory lower address (8 bits), and saved to the memory address buffer. Then access to the memory is performed.

As for a current address read command, the complete 9-bit memory address is configured and saved to the memory address buffer, by inputting the memory upper address (1 bit) and the memory lower address (8 bits) which has saved in the memory address buffer. Then access to the memory is performed.

# DEVICE ADDRESS WORD

Following the start condition, the 8 bit device address word is input. Inputting the device address word decides whether writing or reading operation. However, the clock is always driven by the master. The device address word (8 bits) consists of a device Type code (4 bits), device address code (2 bits), memory upper address code (1 bit), and a Read/Write code (1 bit).

Device Type Code (4 bits)

The upper 4 bits of the device address word are a device type code that identifies the device type, and are fixed at "1010" for the MB85RC04V.

• Device Address Code (2 bits): A1, A2

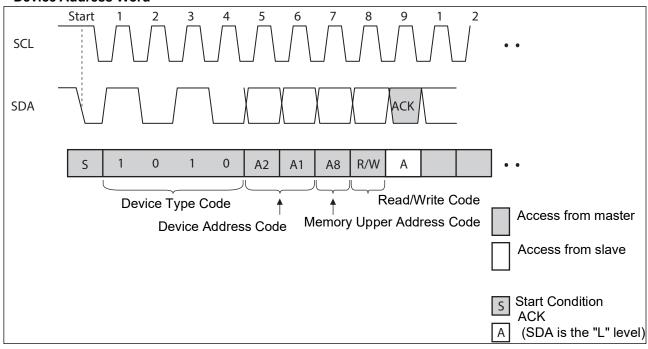
Following the device type code, the 2 bits of the device address code are input in order of A2 and A1. The device address code identifies one device from up to 4 devices connected to the bus. Each MB85RC04V is given a unique 2 bits code on the device address pin (external hardware pin A2 and A1). The slave only responds if the received device address code is equal to this unique 2 bits code.

• Memory Upper Address Code (1 bit): A8

Following the device address code, the 1-bit memory upper address code are input. This bit is not the setting bit for the slave address, but the upper 1-bit setting bit for the memory address.

• Read/Write Code (1 bit)

The 8th bit of the device address word is the R/W (Read/Write) code. When the R/W code is "0" input, a write operation is enabled, and the R/W code is "1" input, a read operation is enabled for the MB85RC04V. If the device type code is not "1010" or the device address code is not equal to the setting of the external device address pins, the Read/Write operation is not performed and the standby state is chosen.



#### Device Address Word

# DATA STRUCTURE

The master inputs the device address word (8 bits) following the start condition, and then the slave outputs the Acknowledge "L" level on the 9th bit. After confirming the Acknowledge response, the sequential 8-bit memory lower address is input, to the byte write, page write and random read commands.

As for the current address read command, inputting the memory lower address is not performed, and the address buffer lower 8-bit is used as the memory lower address.

When inputting the memory lower address is finished, the slave outputs the Acknowledge "L" level on the 9th bit again.

Afterwards, the input and the output data continue in 8-bit units, and then the Acknowledge "L" level is output for every 8-bit data.

# ■ FeRAM ACKNOWLEDGE -- POLLING NOT REQUIRED

The MB85RC04V performs the high speed write operations, so any waiting time for an ACK\* by the acknowledge polling does not occur.

\*: In E<sup>2</sup>PROM, the Acknowledge Polling is performed as a progress check whether rewriting is executed or not. It is normal to judge by the 9th bit of Acknowledge whether rewriting is performed or not after inputting the start condition and then the device address word (8 bits) during rewriting.

### ■ WRITE PROTECT (WP)

The entire memory array can be write protected by setting the WP pin to the "H" level. When the WP pin is set to the "L" level, the entire memory array will be rewritten. Reading is allowed regardless of the WP pin's "H" level or "L" level.

Do not change the WP signal level during the communication period from the start condition to the stop condition.

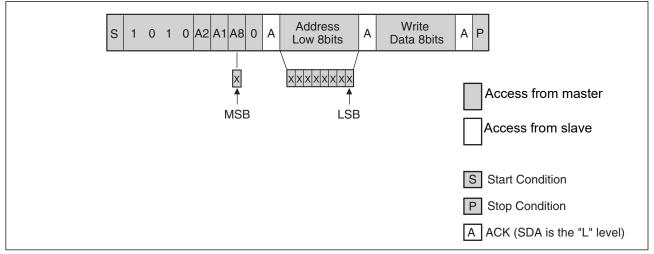
Note : The WP pin is pulled down internally to the VSS pin, therefore if the WP pin is open, the pin status is recognized as the "L" level (write enabled).



# COMMAND

Byte Write

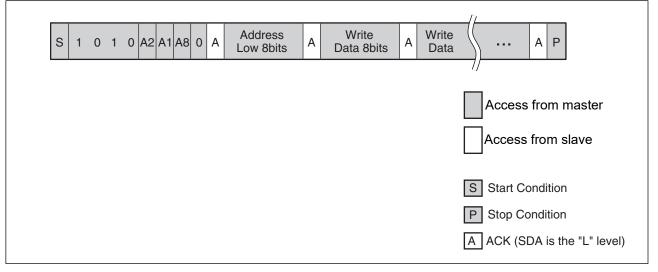
If the device address word (R/W "0" input) is sent after the start condition, the slave responds with an ACK. After this ACK, write memory addresses and write data are sent in the same way, and the write ends by generating a stop condition at the end.



#### Page Write

If additional 8 bits are continuously sent after the same command (except stop condition) as Byte Write, a page write is performed. The memory address rolls over to first memory address ( $000_H$ ) at the end of the address. Therefore, if more than 512bytes are sent, the data is overwritten in order starting from the start of the memory address that was written first.

As the FeRAM performs the high-speed write operations, the data will be written to FeRAM right after the ACK response finished.

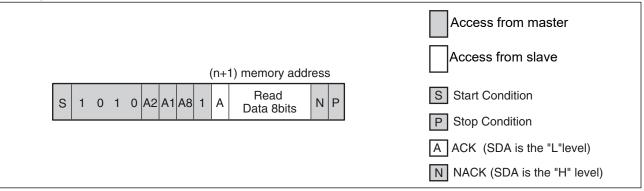




#### Current Address Read

If the last write or read operation finishes successfully up to the end of stop condition, the memory address that was accessed last remains in the memory address buffer (the length is 9 bits).

When sending this command without turning the power off, it is possible to read from the memory address n+1 which adds 1 to the total 9-bit memory address n, which consists of the 1-bit memory upper address from the device address word input and the lower 8-bit of the memory address buffer. If the memory address n is the last address, it is possible to read with rolling over to the head of the memory address (000H). The current address (address that the memory address buffer indicates) is undefined immediately after turning the power on.

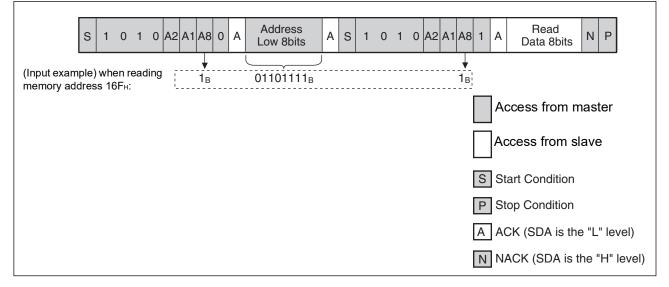


#### Random Read

The one byte of data from the memory address saved in the memory address buffer can be read out synchronously to SCL by specifying the address in the same way as for a write, and then issuing another start condition and sending the Device Address Word (R/W "1" input).

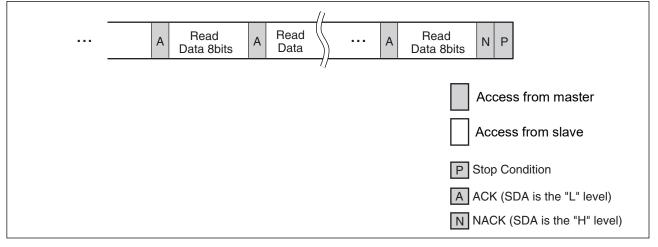
Setting values for the first and the second memory upper address codes should be the same (an example is shown in below).

The final NACK (SDA is the "H" level) is issued by the receiver that receives the data. In this case, this bit is issued by the master side.



#### Sequential Read

Data can be received continuously following the Device address word (R/W "1" input) after specifying the address in the same way as for Random Read. If the read reaches the end of address, the read address automatically rolls over to the first memory address ( $000_{H}$ ) and keeps reading.



#### Device ID

The Device ID command reads fixed Device ID. The size of Device ID is 3 bytes and consists of manufacturer ID and product ID. The Device ID is read-only and can be read out by following sequences.

- a) The master sends the Reserved Slave ID F8 $_{\rm H}$  after the START condition.
- b) The master sends the device address word after the ACK response from the slave. In this device address word, the memory upper address (one bit) and R/W code are "Don't care" value.
- c) The master re-sends the START condition followed by the Reserved Slave ID F9<sub>H</sub> after the ACK response from the slave.
- d) The master read out the Device ID succeedingly in order of Data Byte 1st / 2nd / 3rd after the ACK response from the slave.
- e) The master responds the NACK (SDA is the "H" level) after reading 3 bytes of the Device ID. In case the master respond the ACK after reading 3 bytes of the Device ID, the master re-reading the Device ID from the 1st byte.

S Reserved Slave ID A 1 0 1 0 A2A1 (F8 <sub>H</sub> )	A8 <sup>R</sup> / <sub>W</sub> A S <sup>Reser</sup> Slave (F9)	ID A Data Byte	A Data Byte 2nd A Data Byte N P				
Access from master							
			Access from slave				
			S Start Condition				
			P Stop Condition				
			A ACK (SDA is the "L" level)				
			N NACK (SDA is the "H" level)				
Data Byte 1st	Data E	Syte 2nd	Data Byte 3rd				
Manufacture ID = $00A_H$ Product ID = $010_H$							
11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4	3 2 1 0	11 10 9 8	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0				
Fujitsu Semiconduct	or	Density = 0 <sub>H</sub>	Proprietary use				
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0				

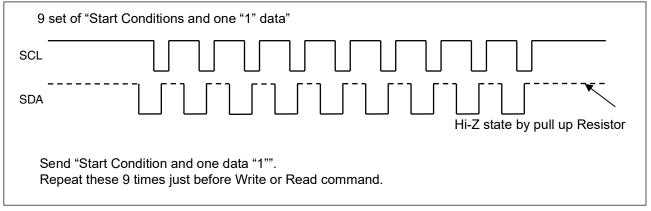


# ■ SOFTWARE RESET SEQUENCE OR COMMAND RETRY

In case the malfunction has occurred after power on, the master side stopped the I<sup>2</sup>C communication during processing, or unexpected malfunction has occurred, execute the following (1) software recovery sequence just before each command, or (2) retry command just after failure of each command.

#### (1) Software Reset Sequence

Since the slave side may be outputting "L" level, do not force to drive "H" level, when the master side drives the SDA port. This is for preventing a bus conflict. The additional hardware is not necessary for this software reset sequence.



#### (2) Command Retry

Command retry is useful to recover from failure response during I<sup>2</sup>C communication.



# ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Ra	Unit	
Faldillelei	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage*	Vdd	- 0.5	+6.0	V
Input voltage*	VIN	- 0.5	$V_{\text{DD}} + 0.5 \ ( \le 6.0 )$	V
Output voltage*	Vout	- 0.5	$V_{\text{DD}} + 0.5 \ ( \le 6.0 )$	V
Operation ambient temperature	TA	- 40	+ 85	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	- 55	+ 125	°C

\*: These parameters are based on the condition that VSS is 0 V.

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol		Unit		
Falanielei	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Onit
Power supply voltage*1	Vdd	3.0		5.5	V
Operation ambient temperature*2	TA	- 40		+ 85	°C

\*1: These parameters are based on the condition that VSS is 0 V.

\*2: Ambient temperature when only this device is working. Please consider it to be the almost same as the package surface temperature.

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure. No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their representatives beforehand.



# ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# 1. DC Characteristics

# (within recommended operating conditions)

Parameter	Symbol Condition			Value			
Falameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	
Input leakage current*1	Lu	$V_{IN} = 0 V \text{ to } V_{DD}$			1	μΑ	
Output leakage current*2	ILO	$V_{OUT} = 0 V to V_{DD}$			1	μA	
Operating power supply current	IDD	SCL = 400 kHz	—	40	80	μA	
		SCL = 1000 kHz	—	90	130	μA	
Standby current	Isb	SCL, SDA = $V_{DD}$ WP = 0 V or $V_{DD}$ or Open Under Stop Condition $T_A = +25 \text{ °C}$	_	5	10	μA	
"H" level input voltage	Vін	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V to 5.5 V	$V_{\text{DD}} \times 0.8$		5.5	V	
"L" level input voltage	VIL	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V to 5.5 V	Vss		$V_{\text{DD}} \times 0.2$	V	
"L" level output voltage	Vol	lo∟ = 3 mA	—		0.4	V	
Input resistance for	RIN	VIN = VIL (Max)	50			kΩ	
WP, A1, and A2 pins		VIN = VIH (Min)	1			MΩ	

\*1: Applicable pin: SCL,SDA

\*2: Applicable pin: SDA



#### 2. AC Characteristics

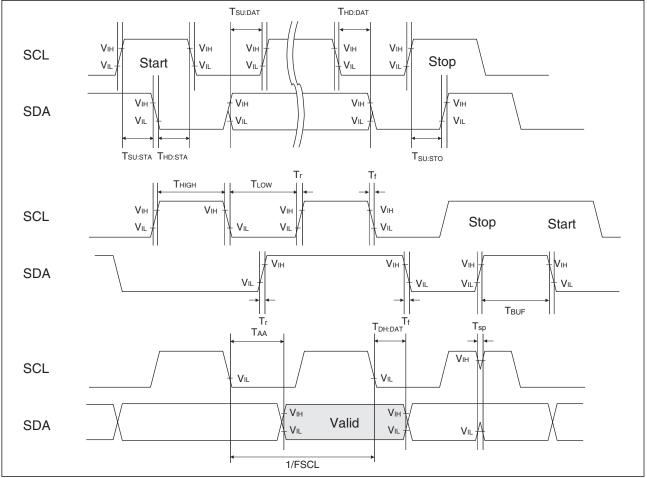
				Va	lue			
Parameter	Symbol	• • • • • • •	DARD DE	FAST	MODE	-	MODE US	Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Мах	
SCL clock frequency	FSCL	0	100	0	400	0	1000	kHz
Clock high time	Тнідн	4000		600		400		ns
Clock low time	TLOW	4700		1300		600		ns
SCL/SDA rising time	Tr		1000		300		300	ns
SCL/SDA falling time	Tf		300		300		100	ns
Start condition hold	THD:STA	4000		600		250		ns
Start condition setup	Tsu:sta	4700		600		250		ns
SDA input hold	THD:DAT	0		0		0		ns
SDA input setup	TSU:DAT	250		100		100		ns
SDA output hold	TDH:DAT	0		0		0		ns
Stop condition setup	Tsu:sto	4000		600		250		ns
SDA output access after SCL falling	ΤΑΑ		3000		900		550	ns
Pre-charge time	TBUF	4700		1300		500		ns
Noise suppression time (SCL and SDA)	Tsp		50		50		50	ns

AC characteristics were measured under the following measurement conditions.

Power supply voltage	: STANDARD MODE and FAST MODE	3.0 V to 5.5 V
	: FAST MODE PLUS	4.5 V to 5.5 V
Operation ambient temperature	$:-40\ ^\circ C$ to $\ +85\ ^\circ C$	
Input voltage magnitude	: $V_{\text{DD}} \times 0.2$ to $V_{\text{DD}} \times 0.8$	
Input rising time	: 5 ns	
Input falling time	: 5 ns	
Input judge level	: V <sub>DD</sub> /2	
Output judge level	: V <sub>DD</sub> /2	



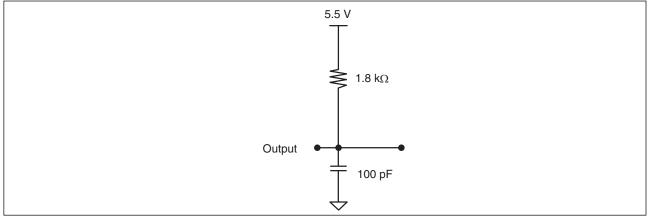
# 3. AC Timing Definitions



#### 4. Pin Capacitance

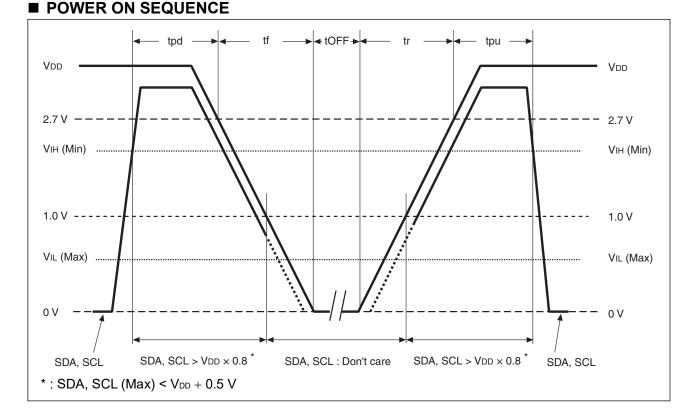
Parameter	Parameter Symbol Conditions		Conditions				
Falameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
I/O capacitance	Cı/o	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = V_{OUT} = 0 V,$	—		15	pF	
Input capacitance	CIN	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}, T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$			15	pF	

# 5. AC Test Load Circuit





# MB85RC04V



Parameter	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Condition
Falameter	Symbol	Min	Max		Condition
SDA, SCL level hold time during power down	tpd	85		ns	—
SDA, SCL level hold time during	tou	85		ns	$V_{\text{DD}} = 5.0V \pm 0.5V$ Operation
power up	tpu	0.5		ms	$V_{\text{DD}} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$ Operation
Power supply rising time	tr	0.5	50	me	$V_{\text{DD}} = 5.0V \pm 0.5V$ Operation
	u	0.005	50	ms	$V_{\text{DD}} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$ Operation
Power supply falling time	tf	0.5	50	ms	_
Power off time	tOFF	50		ms	—

If the device does not operate within the specified conditions of read cycle, write cycle or power on/off sequence, memory data can not be guaranteed.

# FeRAM CHARACTERISTICS

ltem	Min	Max	Unit	Parameter
Read/Write Endurance*1	10 <sup>12</sup>	—	Times/byte	Operation Ambient Temperature $T_A = +85 \ ^{\circ}C$
	10		Operation Ambient Temperature $T_A = +85 \ ^{\circ}C$	
Data Retention*2	95		Years	Operation Ambient Temperature $T_A = +55 \text{ °C}$
	≥ <b>200</b>			Operation Ambient Temperature $T_A = +35 \text{ °C}$

\*1 : Total number of reading and writing defines the minimum value of endurance, as an FeRAM memory operates with destructive readout mechanism.

\*2 : Minimum values define retention time of the first reading/writing data right after shipment, and these values are calculated by qualification results.



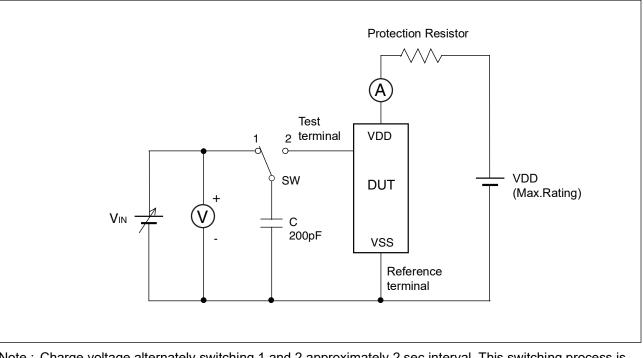
# NOTE ON USE

- We recommend programming of the device after reflow. Data written before reflow cannot be guaranteed.
- During the access period from the start condition to the stop condition, keep the level of WP, A1, and A2 pins to the "H" level or the "L" level.

# ■ ESD AND LATCH-UP

Test	DUT	Value
ESD HBM (Human Body Model) JESD22-A114 compliant	MB85RC04VPNF-G-JNE1	≥  2000 V
ESD MM (Machine Model) JESD22-A115 compliant	MB85RC04VPNF-G-JNERE1 MB85RC04VPNF-G-AMERE2	≥  200 V
Latch-Up (C-V Method) Proprietary method	MB85RC04VPNF-G-AME2	≥  200 V

• C-V method of Latch-Up Resistance Test



Note : Charge voltage alternately switching 1 and 2 approximately 2 sec interval. This switching process is considered as one cycle.

Repeat this process 5 times. However, if the latch-up condition occurs before completing 5 times, this test must be stopped immediately.

# ■ REFLOW CONDITIONS AND FLOOR LIFE

[ JEDEC MSL ] : Moisture Sensitivity Level 3 (IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020E)

### ■ CURRENT STATUS ON CONTAINED RESTRICTED SUBSTANCES

This product complies with the regulations of REACH Regulations, EU RoHS Directive and China RoHS.



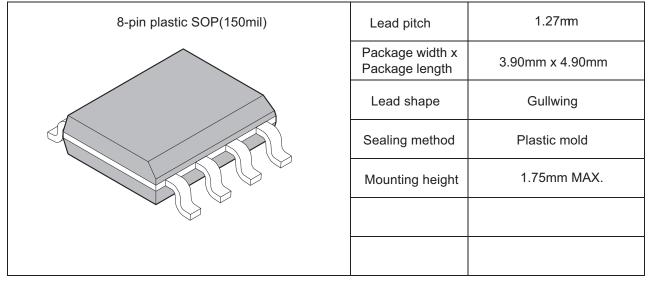
# ■ ORDERING INFORMATION

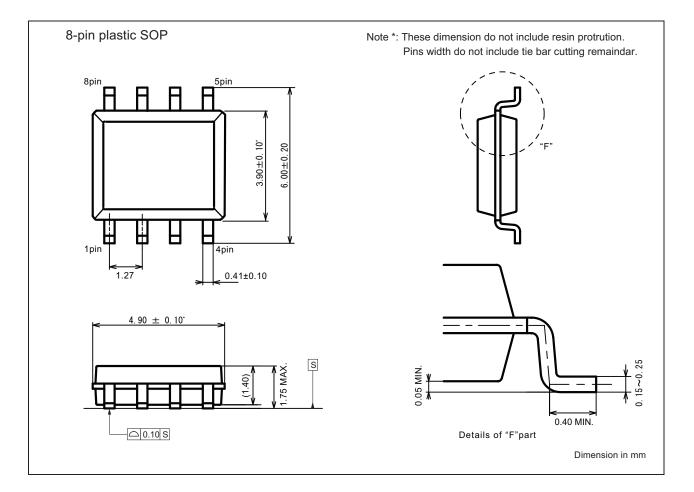
Part number	Package	Shipping form	Minimum shipping quantity
MB85RC04VPNF-G-JNE1	8-pin, plastic SOP, 150mil	Tube	*
MB85RC04VPNF-G-JNERE1	8-pin, plastic SOP, 150mil	Embossed Carrier tape	1500
MB85RC04VPNF-G-AMERE2	8-pin, plastic SOP, 150mil	Embossed Carrier tape	1500
MB85RC04VPNF-G-AME2	8-pin, plastic SOP, 150mil	Tray	*

\*: Please contact our sales office about minimum shipping quantity.



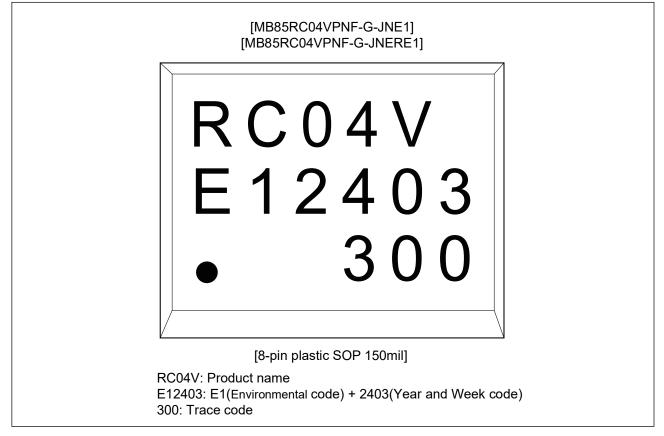
# PACKAGE DIMENSION

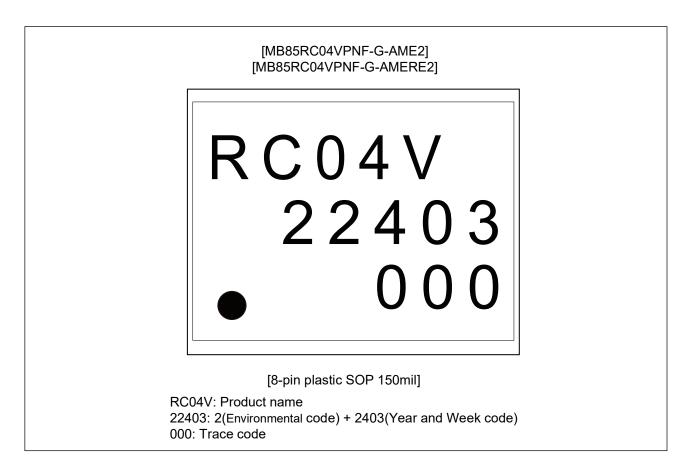






#### MARKING





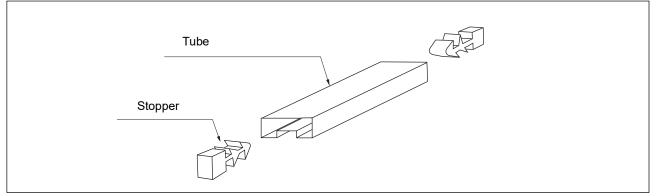


# PACKING INFORMATION

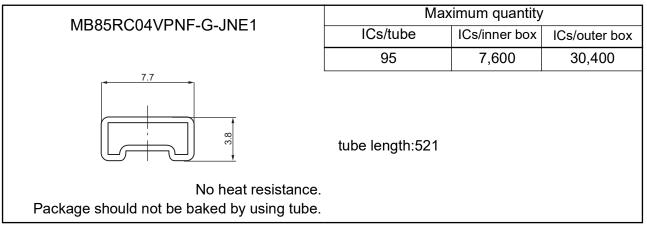
# 1. Tube (MB85RC04VPNF-G-JNE1)

#### 1.1 Tube Dimensions

• Tube/stopper shape (example)

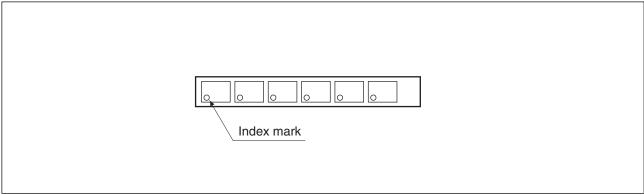


#### • Tube cross-sections and Maximum quantity



(Dimensions in mm)

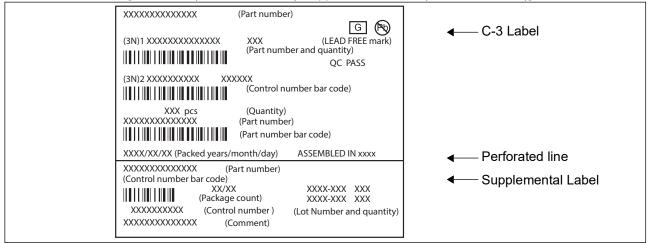
• Direction of index in tube





#### 1.2 Product label indicators (an example)

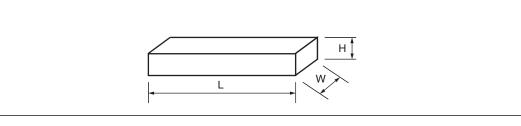
Label I: Label on Inner box/Moisture Barrier Bag/ (It sticks it on the reel for the emboss taping) [C-3 Label (50mm × 100mm) Supplemental Label (20mm × 100mm)]





#### 1.3 Dimensions for Containers

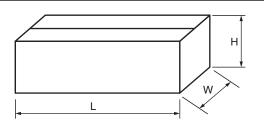
#### (1) Dimensions for inner box



L	W	Н
540	125	75
		(Dimensions in mm)

(Dimensions in mm)

#### (2) Dimensions for outer box



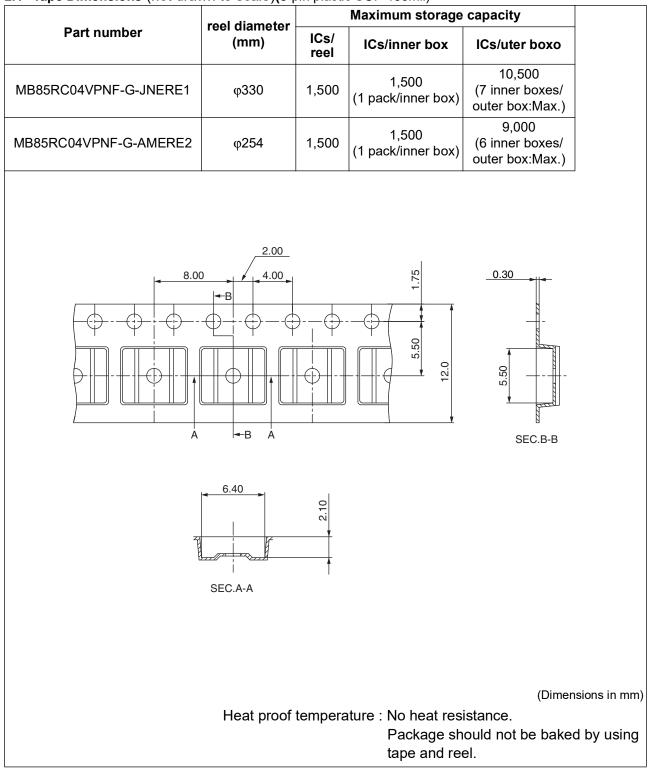
L	W	Н
565	270	180

(Dimensions in mm)



# 2. Emboss Tape(MB85RC04VPNF-G-JNERE1/MB85RC04VPNF-G-AMERE2)

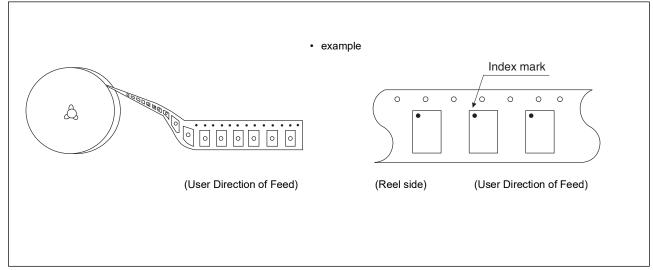
2.1 Tape Dimensions (not drawn to scale)(8-pin plastic SOP 150mil)



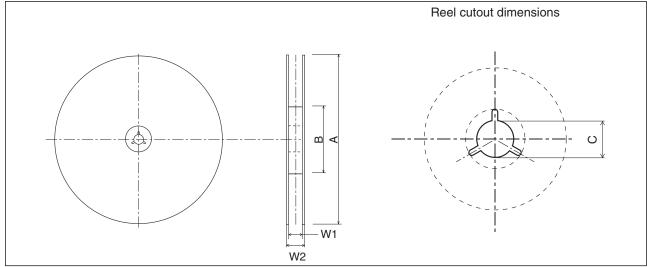


#### 2.2 IC orientation

8-pin plastic SOP 150mil



#### 2.3 Reel dimensions



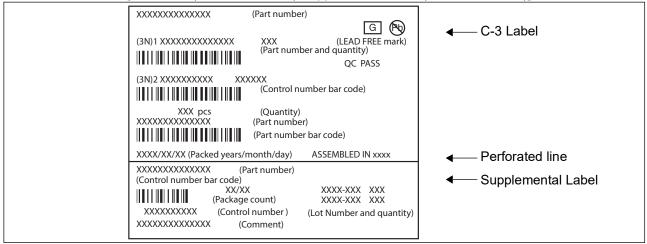
1 Jumor	nsions	in	mm
- I JIIII EI	1510115		
Dinner	1010110		

Part number	Α	В	С	W1	W2
MB85RC04VPNF-G-JNERE1	330	100	13	12.4	17.2
MB85RC04VPNF-G-AMERE2	254	100	13	13.5	17.5



#### 2.4 Product label indicators (an example)

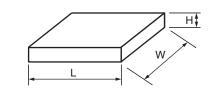
Label I: Label on Inner box/Moisture Barrier Bag/ (It sticks it on the reel for the emboss taping) [C-3 Label (50mm × 100mm) Supplemental Label (20mm × 100mm)]





#### 2.5 Dimensions for Containers

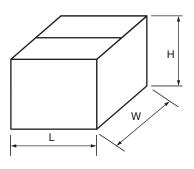
#### (1) Dimensions for inner box



Part number	L	W	Н
MB85RC04VPNF-G-JNERE1	365	345	40
MB85RC04VPNF-G-AMERE2	265	260	50

(Dimensions in mm)

#### (2) Dimensions for outer box



Part number	L	W	Н
MB85RC04VPNF-G-JNERE1	415	400	315
MB85RC04VPNF-G-AMERE2	565	270	180

(Dimensions in mm)

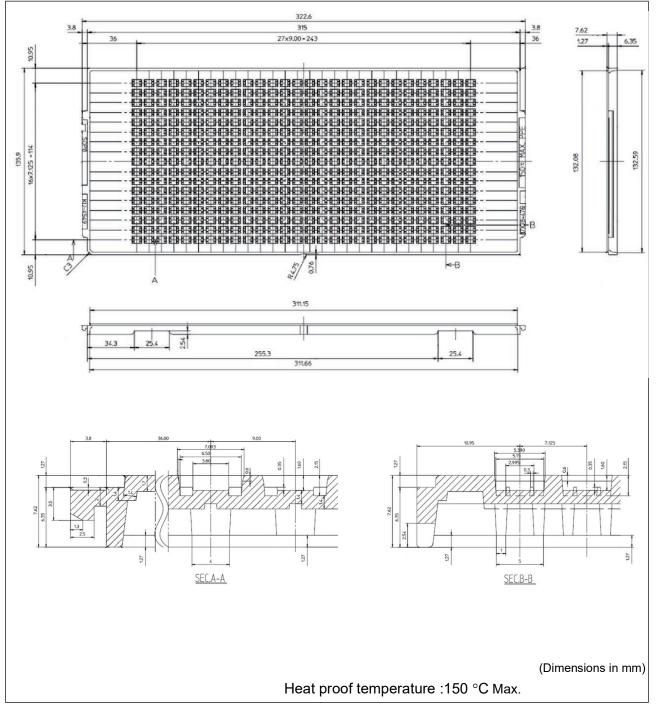


# 3. Tray(MB85RC04VPNF-G-AME2)

#### 3.1 Tray Storage Capacity

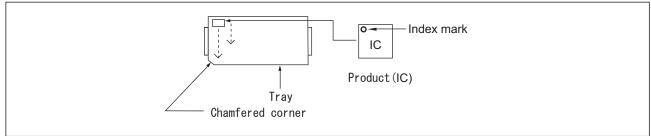
Maximum storage capacity			
ICs/tray ICs/inner box ICs/outer box			
476	4,760 (Max:10 trays/inner box)	19,040 (Max: 4 inner boxes/outer box)	

#### 3.2 Tray Dimensions (JEDEC Standard)



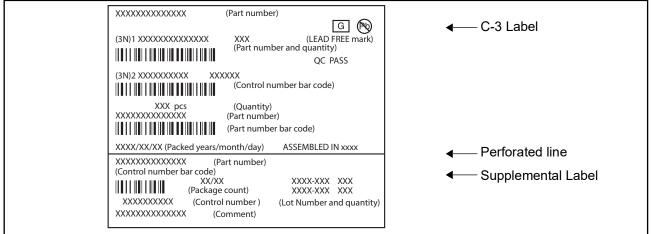


#### 3.3 IC Orientation



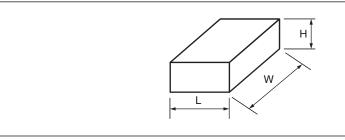
#### 3.4 Product label indicators (an example)

### Label on Inner box/Moisture Barrier Bag [C-3 Label (50mm x 100mm) Supplemental Label (20mm x 100mm)]



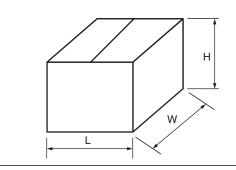
#### 3.5 Dimensions for Containers

#### (1) Dimensions for inner box



L	W	Н
165	360	75
		(Dimensions in mm)

#### (2) Dimensions for outer box



L	W	Н
355	385	195
		(Dimensions in mm)

DS501-00016-5v1-E



# ■ MAJOR CHANGES IN THIS EDITION

A change on a page is indicated by a vertical line drawn on the left side of that page.

Page	Section	Results
	ORDERING INFORMATION	Following new part numbers are added.
17		MB85RC04VPNF-G-AME2
		MB85RC04VPNF-G-AMERE2
	MARKING	Following part numbers are added.
19		MB85RC04VPNF-G-AME2
		MB85RC04VPNF-G-AMERE2
23	■ PACKING INFORMATION 2.	New part number is added.
25		MB85RC04VPNF-G-AMERE2
27	■ PACKING INFORMATION 3.	New part number is added.
		MB85RC04VPNF-G-AME2



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Kaga FEI:

MB85RC04VPNF-G-JNERE1 MB85RC04VPNF-G-JNE1 MB85RC04VPNF-G-AMERE1 MB85RC04VPNF-G-AME1