

# KAF-0402

## 768 (H) x 512 (V) Full Frame CCD Image Sensor

### Description

The KAF-0402 Image Sensor is a high performance area CCD (charge-coupled device) image sensor with 768 (H) x 512 (V) photoactive pixels designed for a wide range of image sensing applications.

The sensor incorporates true two-phase CCD technology, simplifying the support circuits required to drive the sensor as well as reducing dark current without compromising charge capacity. The sensor also utilizes the TRUESENSE Transparent Gate Electrode to improve sensitivity compared to the use of a standard front side illuminated polysilicon electrode.

Optional microlenses focus the majority of the light through the transparent gate, increasing the optical response further.

**Table 1. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Parameter	Typical Value
Architecture	Full Frame CCD, Enhanced Response
Total Number of Pixels	784 (H) x 520 (V)
Number of Active Pixels	768 (H) x 512 (V) = approx. 0.4 Mp
Pixel Size	9.0 $\mu\text{m}$ (H) x 9.0 $\mu\text{m}$ (V)
Active Image Size	6.91 mm (H) x 4.6 mm (V) 8.3 mm (Diagonal) 1/2" Optical Format
Die Size	8.4 mm (H) x 5.5 mm (V)
Aspect Ratio	3:2
Saturation Signal	100,000 electrons
Quantum Efficiency (with Microlens)	Peak: 77% 400 nm: 45%
Quantum Efficiency (No Microlens)	Peak: 65% 400 nm: 30%
Output Sensitivity	10 $\mu\text{V}/\text{e}^-$
Read Noise	15 electrons
Dark Current	< 10 pA/cm <sup>2</sup> at 25°C
Dark Current Doubling Temperature	6.3°C
Dynamic Range	76 dB
Charge Transfer Efficiency	> 0.99999
Blooming Suppression	None
Maximum Data Rate	10 MHz
Package	CERDIP Package (Sidebrazed)
Cover Glass	Clear or AR Coated, 2 Sides

NOTE: Parameters above are specified at T = 25°C unless otherwise noted.



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**Figure 1. KAF-0402 Full Frame CCD Image Sensor**

### Applications

- Digitization
- Medical
- Scientific

### ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 2 of this data sheet.

# KAF-0402

## ORDERING INFORMATION

**Table 2. ORDERING INFORMATION – KAF-0402 IMAGE SENSOR**

Part Number	Description	Marking Code
KAF-0402-AAA-CB-B1	Monochrome, No Microlens, CERDIP Package (Sidebrazed), Clear Cover Glass (No Coatings), Grade 1	KAF-0402-AAA Serial Number
KAF-0402-AAA-CB-AE	Monochrome, No Microlens, CERDIP Package (Sidebrazed), Clear Cover Glass (No Coatings), Engineering Sample	
KAF-0402-AAA-CP-B1	Monochrome, No Microlens, CERDIP Package (Sidebrazed), Taped Clear Cover Glass (No Coatings), Grade 1	
KAF-0402-AAA-CP-B2	Monochrome, No Microlens, CERDIP Package (Sidebrazed), Taped Clear Cover Glass (No Coatings), Grade 2	
KAF-0402-AAA-CP-AE	Monochrome, No Microlens, CERDIP Package (Sidebrazed), Taped Clear Cover Glass (No Coatings), Engineering Sample	
KAF-0402-ABA-CD-B1	Monochrome, Telecentric Microlens, CERDIP Package (Sidebrazed), Clear Cover Glass with AR Coating (Both Sides), Grade 1	KAF-0402-ABA Serial Number
KAF-0402-ABA-CD-B2	Monochrome, Telecentric Microlens, CERDIP Package (Sidebrazed), Clear Cover Glass with AR Coating (Both Sides), Grade 2	
KAF-0402-ABA-CD-AE	Monochrome, Telecentric Microlens, CERDIP Package (Sidebrazed), Clear Cover Glass with AR Coating (Both Sides), Engineering Sample	
KAF-0402-ABA-CP-B1	Monochrome, Telecentric Microlens, CERDIP Package (Sidebrazed), Taped Clear Cover Glass (No Coatings), Grade 1	
KAF-0402-ABA-CP-B2	Monochrome, Telecentric Microlens, CERDIP Package (Sidebrazed), Taped Clear Cover Glass (No Coatings), Grade 2	
KAF-0402-ABA-CP-AE	Monochrome, Telecentric Microlens, CERDIP Package (Sidebrazed), Taped Clear Cover Glass (No Coatings), Engineering Sample	

**Table 3. ORDERING INFORMATION – EVALUATION SUPPORT**

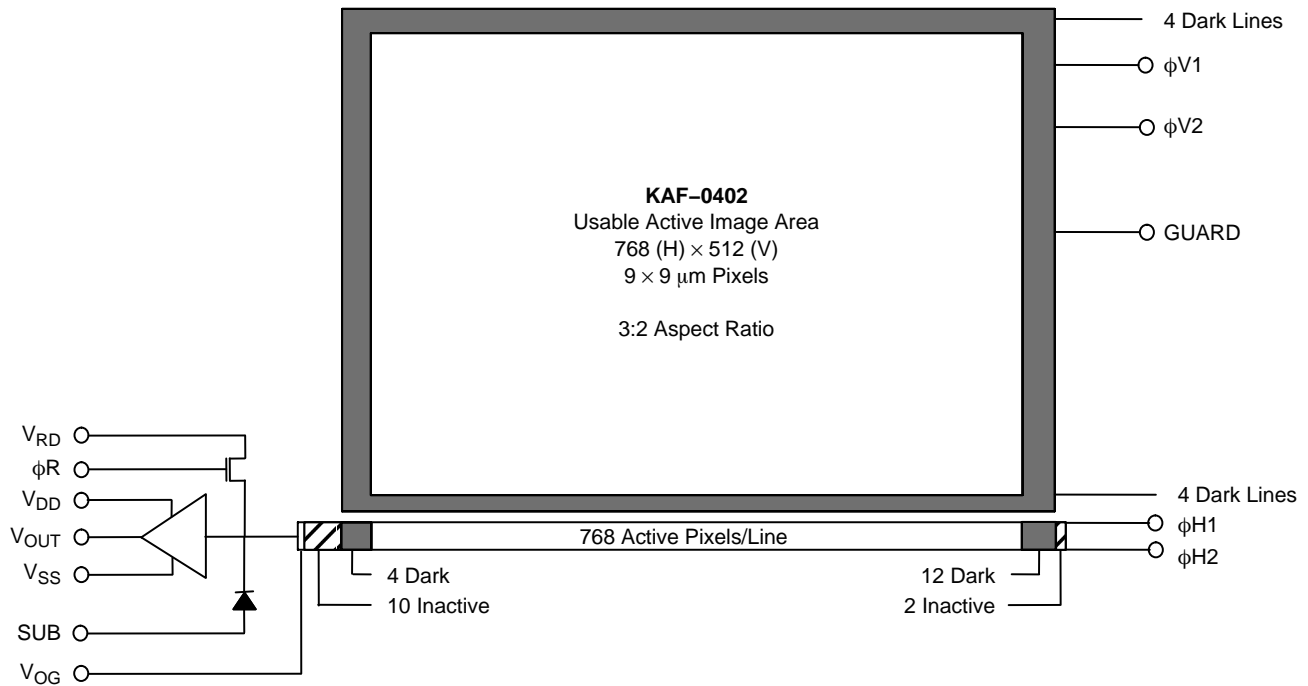
Part Number	Description
KAF-0402-12-5-A-EVK	Evaluation Board (Complete Kit)

See the ON Semiconductor *Device Nomenclature* document (TND310/D) for a full description of the naming convention used for image sensors. For reference documentation, including information on evaluation kits, please visit our web site at [www.onsemi.com](http://www.onsemi.com).

# KAF-0402

## DEVICE DESCRIPTION

### Architecture



**Figure 2. Block Diagram**

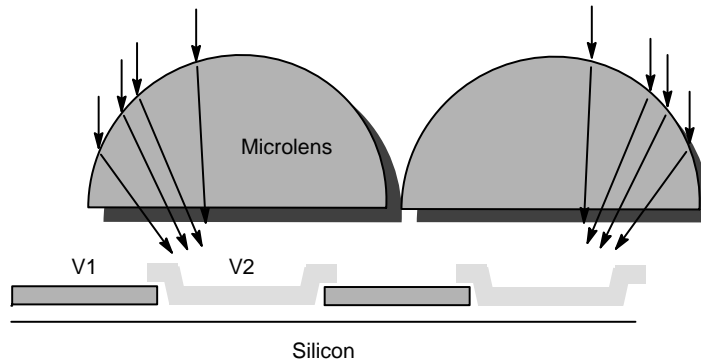
The sensor consists of 784 parallel (vertical) CCD shift registers each 520 elements long. These registers act as both the photosensitive elements and as the transport circuits that allow the image to be sequentially read out of the sensor. The parallel (vertical) CCD registers transfer the image one

line at a time into a single 796-element (horizontal) CCD shift register. The horizontal register transfers the charge to a single output amplifier. The output amplifier is a two-stage source follower that converts the photo-generated charge to a voltage for each pixel.

### Microlenses

Microlenses are formed along each row. They are effectively half of a cylinder centered on the transparent gates, extending continuously in the row direction. They act

to direct the photons away from the polysilicon gate and through the transparent gate. This increases the response, especially at the shorter wavelengths (< 600 nm).



**Figure 3. Microlens**



Physical Description

Pin Description and Device Orientation

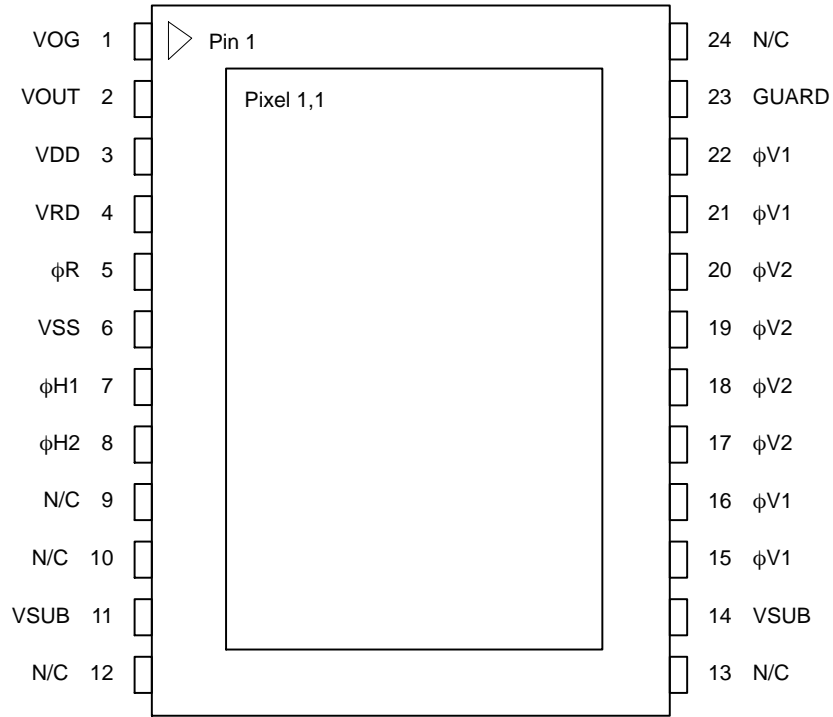


Figure 5. Pinout Diagram

Table 4. PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin	Name	Description
1	VOG	Output Gate
2	VOUT	Video Output
3	VDD	Amplifier Supply
4	VRD	Reset Drain
5	φR	Reset Clock
6	VSS	Amplifier Supply Return
7	φH1	Horizontal CCD Clock – Phase 1
8	φH2	Horizontal CCD Clock – Phase 2
9	N/C	No Connection
10	N/C	No Connection
11	VSUB	Substrate
12	N/C	No Connection

Pin	Name	Description
13	N/C	No Connection
14	VSUB	Substrate
15	φV1	Vertical CCD Clock – Phase 1
16	φV1	Vertical CCD Clock – Phase 1
17	φV2	Vertical CCD Clock – Phase 2
18	φV2	Vertical CCD Clock – Phase 2
19	φV2	Vertical CCD Clock – Phase 2
20	φV2	Vertical CCD Clock – Phase 2
21	φV1	Vertical CCD Clock – Phase 1
22	φV1	Vertical CCD Clock – Phase 1
23	GUARD	Guard Ring
24	N/C	No Connection

## IMAGING PERFORMANCE

## Specifications

*Electro-Optical*

All values measured at 25°C and nominal operating conditions. These parameters exclude defective pixels.

Table 5. SPECIFICATIONS

Description	Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units	Notes	Verification Plan
Saturation Signal Vertical CCD Capacity Horizontal CCD Capacity Output Node Capacity	$N_{SAT}$	85,000 170,000 190,000	100,000 200,000 220,000	– 240,000 –	$e^-/pix$	1	Design <sup>9</sup>
Quantum Efficiency (see Figure 6)		–	–	–			Design <sup>9</sup>
Photoresponse Non-Linearity	PRNL	–	1.0	2.0	%	2	
Photoresponse Non-Uniformity	PRNU	–	0.8	–	%	3	Die <sup>8</sup>
Dark Signal	$J_{DARK}$	– –	15 6	30 10	$e^-/pix/sec$ $pA/cm^2$	4	Die <sup>8</sup>
Dark Signal Doubling Temperature		–	6.3	7	°C		Design <sup>9</sup>
Dark Signal Non-Uniformity	DSNU	–	15	30	$e^-/pix/sec$	5	Die <sup>8</sup>
Dynamic Range	DR	72	76	–	dB	6	Design <sup>9</sup>
Charge Transfer Efficiency	CTE	0.99997	0.99999	–			Die <sup>8</sup>
Output Amplifier DC Offset	$V_{ODC}$	$V_{RD}$	$V_{RD} + 0.5$	$V_{RD} + 1.0$	V		Design <sup>9</sup>
Output Amplifier Sensitivity	$V_{OUT}/N_{e^-}$	9	10	–	$\mu V/e^-$		Design <sup>9</sup>
Output Amplifier Output Impedance	$Z_{OUT}$	180	200	220	$\Omega$		Design <sup>9</sup>
Noise Floor	$n_{e^-}$	–	15	20	electrons	7	

- For pixel binning applications, electron capacity up to 330,000 can be achieved with modified CCD inputs.
- Worst case deviation from straight line fit, between 2% and 90% of  $V_{SAT}$ .
- One Sigma deviation of a  $128 \times 128$  sample when CCD illuminated uniformly at half of saturation.
- Average of all pixels with no illumination at 25°C.
- Average dark signal of any of  $11 \times 8$  blocks within the sensor (each block is  $128 \times 128$  pixels).
- $20 \text{LOG}(N_{SAT} / n_{e^-})$  at nominal operating frequency and 25°C.
- Noise floor is specified at the nominal pixel frequency and excludes any dark or pattern noises. It is dominated by the output amplifier power spectrum with a bandwidth =  $5 \cdot$  pixel rate.
- A parameter that is measured on every sensor during production testing.
- A parameter that is quantified during the design verification activity.

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## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

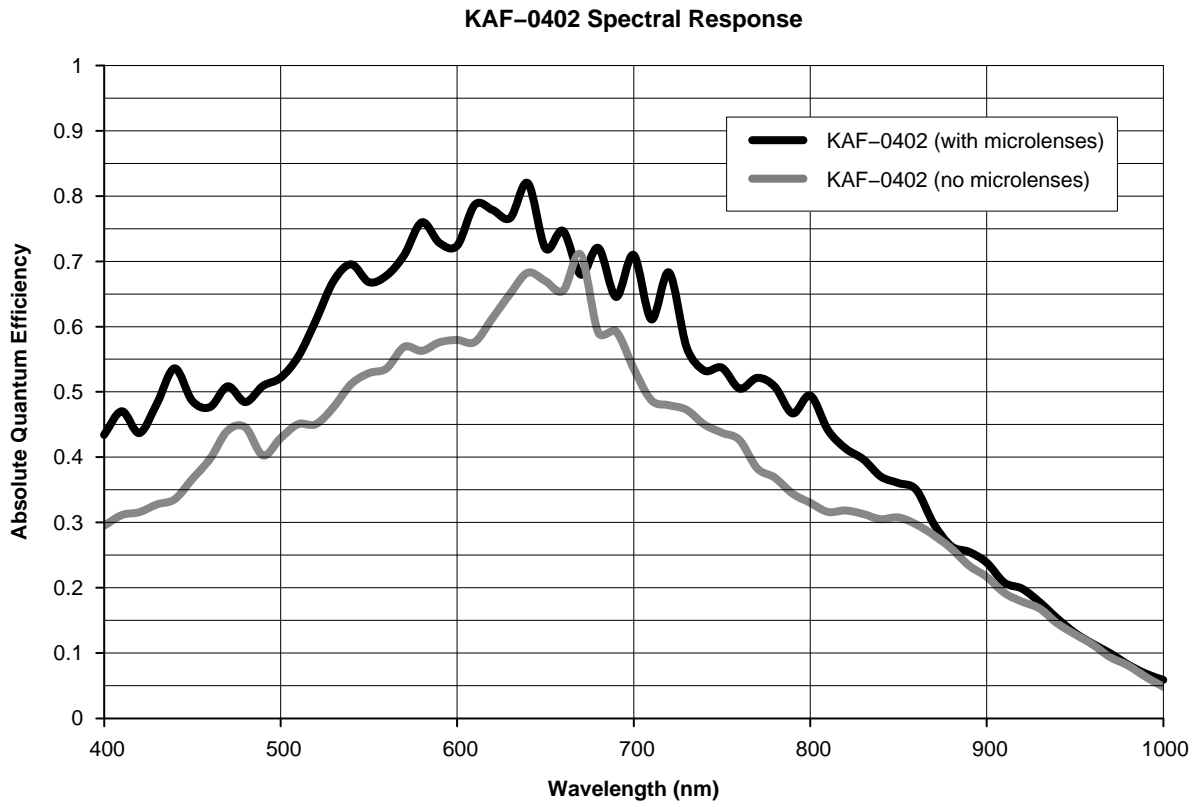


Figure 6. Typical Spectral Response

**DEFECT DEFINITIONS**

**Table 6. SPECIFICATIONS** (Defect tests performed at T = 25°C)

Grade	Point Defect	Cluster Defect	Column Defect
C1	< 5	0	0
C2	< 10	< 4	0

*Point Defects*

**Dark:** A pixel which deviates by more than 6% from neighboring pixels when illuminated to 70% of saturation.

**Bright:** A pixel whose dark current > 5,000 e<sup>-</sup>/pix/sec at 25°C.

*Cluster Defect*

A grouping of not more than 5 adjacent point defects.

*Column Defect*

A grouping of > 5 contiguous point defects along a single column.

A column containing a pixel with dark current > 12,000 e<sup>-</sup>/pix/sec at 25°C (Bright column).

A column that does not meet the minimum vertical CCD charge capacity (Low charge capacity column).

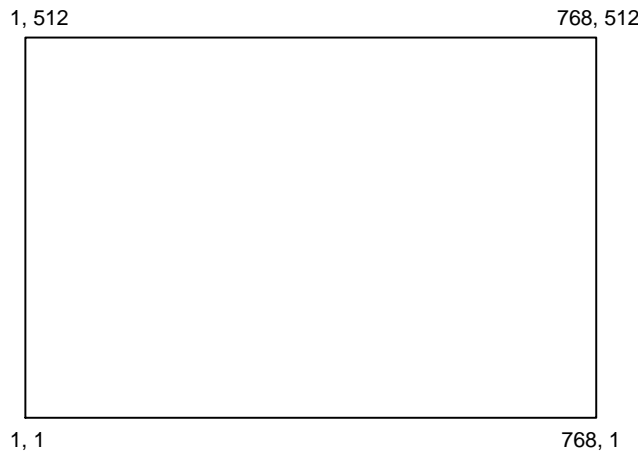
A column that loses > 250 e<sup>-</sup> under 2 ke<sup>-</sup> (Trap defect).

*Neighboring Pixels*

The surrounding 128 × 128 pixels or ±64 columns/rows.

*Defect Separation*

Column and cluster defects are separated by no less than 2 pixels in any direction (excluding single pixel defects).



**Figure 7. Active Pixel Region**



OPERATION

Table 7. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Description	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units	Notes
Diode Pin Voltages	$V_{DIODE}$	0	20	V	1, 2
Gate Pin Voltages	$V_{GATE1}$	-16	16	V	1, 3, 5
Output Bias Current	$I_{OUT}$	-	-10	mA	4
Output Load Capacitance	$C_{LOAD}$	-	15	pF	4

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Referenced to pin VSUB or between each pin in this group.
2. Includes pins: VRD, VDD, VSS, VOUT.
3. Includes pins:  $\phi V1$ ,  $\phi V2$ ,  $\phi H1$ ,  $\phi H2$ , VOG, VLG,  $\phi R$ .
4. Avoid shorting output pins to ground or any low impedance source during operation.
5. This sensor contains gate protection circuits to provide some protection against ESD events. The circuits will turn on when greater than 16 V appears between any two gate pins. Permanent damage can result if excessive current is allowed to flow under these conditions.

Table 8. DC BIAS OPERATING CONDITIONS

Description	Symbol	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Units	Maximum DC Current (mA)	Notes
Reset Drain	$V_{RD}$	10	11.0	11.5	V	0.01	
Output Amplifier Return	$V_{SS}$	1.5	2.0	2.5	V	-0.5	
Output Amplifier Supply	$V_{DD}$	14.75	15	15.5	V	$I_{OUT}$	
Substrate	$V_{SUB}$	0	0	0	V	0.01	
Output Gate	$V_{OG}$	3.75	4	5	V	0.01	
Guard Ring	GUARD	8.0	9.0	12.0	V	0.01	
Video Output Current	$I_{OUT}$	-	-5	-10	mA	-	1

1. An output load sink must be applied to  $V_{OUT}$  to activate output amplifier – see Figure 8.

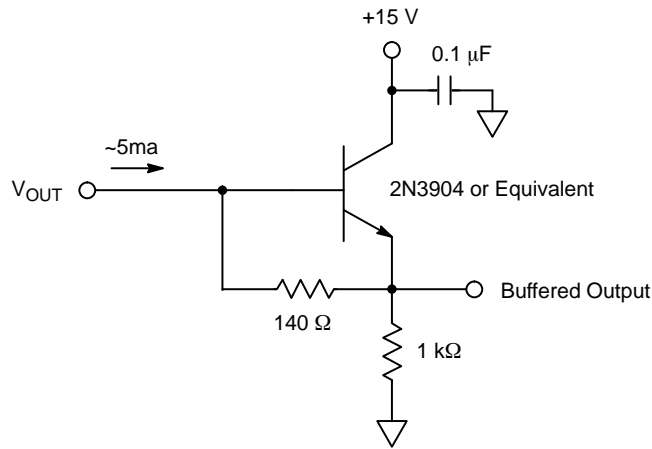


Figure 8. Example Output Structure Load Diagram

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## AC Operating Conditions

**Table 9. CLOCK LEVELS**

Description	Symbol	Level	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Units	Effective Capacitance
Vertical CCD Clock – Phase 1	$\phi V1$	Low	-10.5	-10	-9.5	V	6 nF (All $\phi V1$ Pins)
Vertical CCD Clock – Phase 1	$\phi V1$	High	-0.5	0	1.0	V	6 nF (All $\phi V1$ Pins)
Vertical CCD Clock – Phase 2	$\phi V2$	Low	-10.5	-10.0	-9.5	V	6 nF (All $\phi V2$ Pins)
Vertical CCD Clock – Phase 2	$\phi V2$	High	-0.5	0	1.0	V	6 nF (All $\phi V2$ Pins)
Horizontal CCD Clock – Phase 1	$\phi H1$	Low	-4.5	-4.0	-3.5	V	50 pF
Horizontal CCD Clock – Phase 1	$\phi H1$	Amplitude	9.5	10.0	10.5	V	50 pF
Horizontal CCD Clock – Phase 2	$\phi H2$	Low	-4.5	-4.0	-3.5	V	50 pF
Horizontal CCD Clock – Phase 2	$\phi H2$	Amplitude	9.5	10.0	10.5	V	50 pF
Reset Clock	$\phi R$	Low	-3.0	-2.0	-1.75	V	5 pF
Reset Clock	$\phi R$	Amplitude	5.0	6.0	7.0	V	5 pF

1. All pins draw less than 10  $\mu$ A DC current.
2. Capacitance values relative to  $V_{SUB}$ .

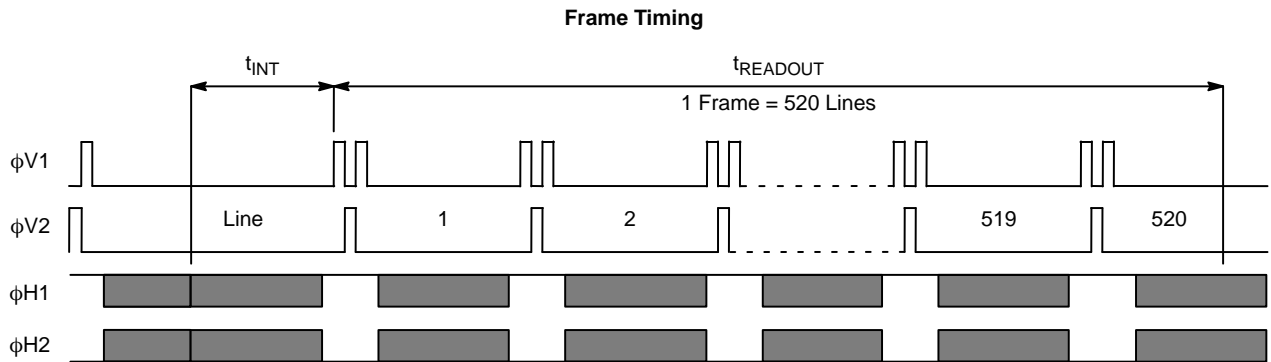
**TIMING**

**Table 10. REQUIREMENTS AND CHARACTERISTICS**

Description	Symbol	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Units	Notes
$\phi H1, \phi H2$ Clock Frequency	$f_H$	–	4	10	MHz	1, 2, 3
Pixel Period (1 Count)	$t_{PIX}$	100	250	–	ns	
$\phi H1, \phi H2$ Set-up Time	$t_{\phi HS}$	0.5	1	–	$\mu s$	
$\phi V1, \phi V2$ Clock Pulse Width	$t_{\phi V}$	1.5	2	–	$\mu s$	2
Reset Clock Pulse Width	$t_{\phi R}$	10	20	–	ns	4
Readout Time	$t_{READOUT}$	43.7	107	–	ms	5
Integration Time	$t_{INT}$	–	–	–		6
Line Time	$t_{LINE}$	84.1	206	–	$\mu s$	7

1. 50% duty cycle values.
2. CTE may degrade above the nominal frequency.
3. Rise and fall times (10/90% levels) should be limited to 5–10% of clock period. Crossover of register clocks should be between 40–60% of amplitude.
4.  $\phi R$  should be clocked continuously.
5.  $t_{READOUT} = (520 \cdot t_{LINE})$
6. Integration time ( $t_{INT}$ ) is user specified. Longer integration times will degrade noise performance due to dark signal fixed pattern and shot noise.
7.  $t_{LINE} = (3 \cdot t_{\phi V}) + t_{\phi HS} + (796 \cdot t_{PIX}) + t_{PIX}$

**Frame Timing**



**Figure 9. Frame Timing Diagram**

Line Timing and Pixel Timing

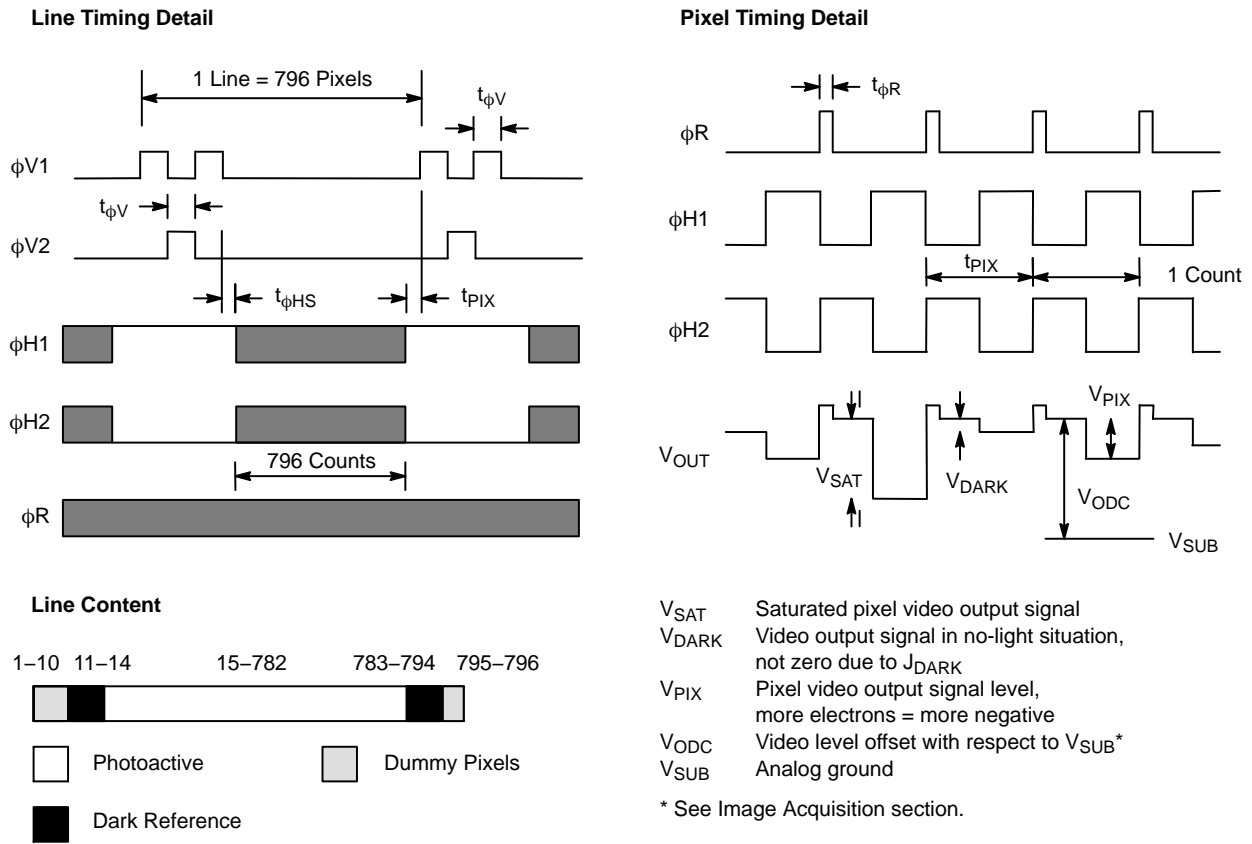


Figure 10. Line and Pixel Timing Diagrams

## STORAGE AND HANDLING

Table 11. STORAGE CONDITIONS

Description	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units	Notes
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	–	100	°C	
Humidity	RH	5	90	%	1

1. T = 25°C. Excessive humidity will degrade MTTF.

For information on ESD and cover glass care and cleanliness, please download the *Image Sensor Handling and Best Practices* Application Note (AN52561/D) from [www.onsemi.com](http://www.onsemi.com).

For information on soldering recommendations, please download the *Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual* (SOLDERRM/D) from [www.onsemi.com](http://www.onsemi.com).

For quality and reliability information, please download the *Quality & Reliability Handbook* (HBD851/D) from [www.onsemi.com](http://www.onsemi.com).

For information on device numbering and ordering codes, please download the *Device Nomenclature* technical note (TND310/D) from [www.onsemi.com](http://www.onsemi.com).

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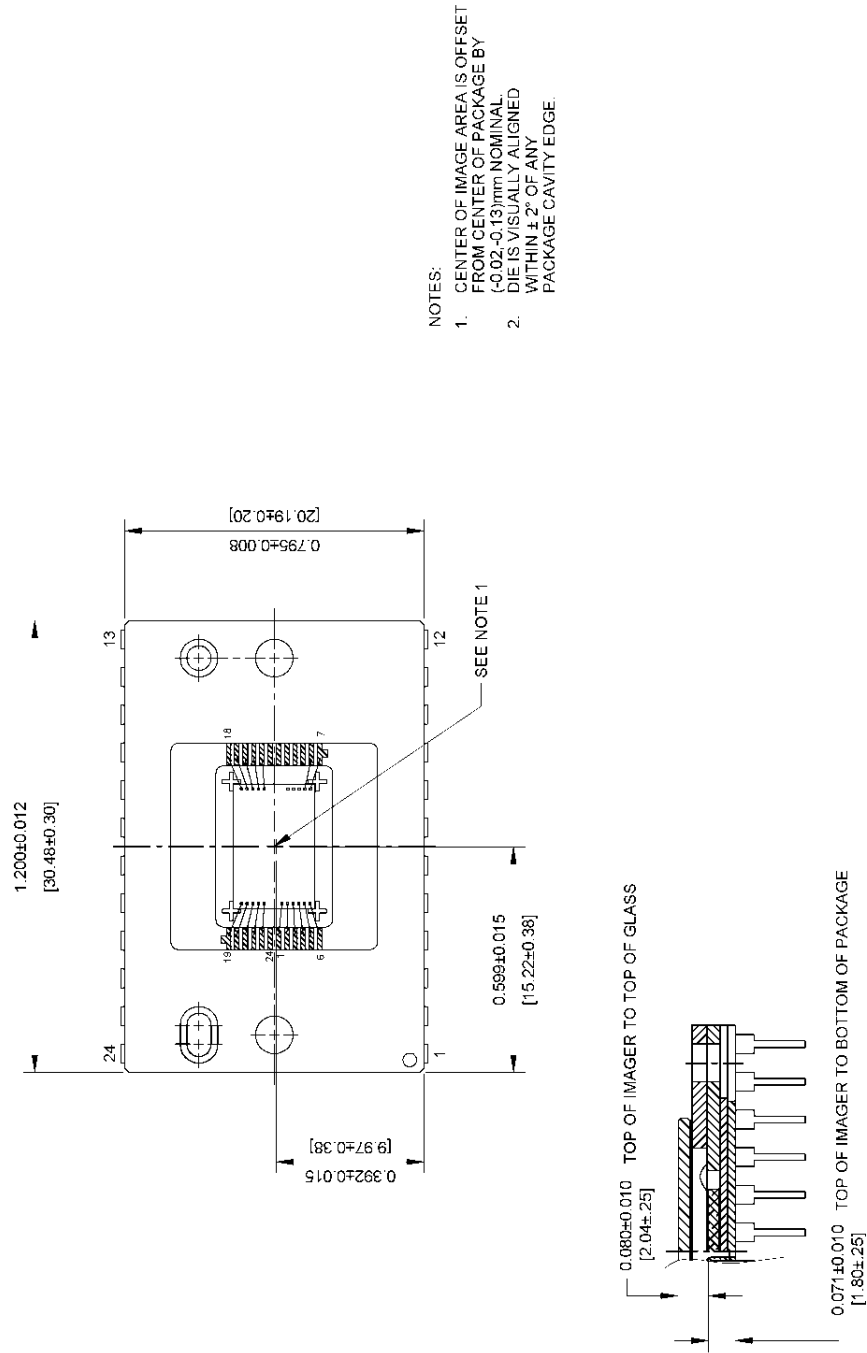


Figure 12. Completed Assembly (2 of 2)

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